The New-York Times.

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WHERE AND HOW TO EDUCATE OUR SONS.

PRACTICAL POPULAR EDUCATION FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS.

From the New-York Independent.

In the beautiful City of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on the Hudson, has grown up an institution of learning that has acquired such widespread reputation, and whose merits are so well established, that it deserves more than ordinary notice. We refer, of course, to Eastman's National Business College—a report of which, prepared by George W. Bungay, Esq., of the New-York *Tribune*, occupies an entire page of our paper this week. The influence this institution is exerting upon the nation, and the growing favor of *practical useful education*, which is not to be overlooked, will cause this report to be read by young men, parents, and educators in general.

In point of success, this College may be classed among the first of this country, if not really first, as it enjoys a regular attendance in all the departments of more than twelve hundred students, representing every loyal State in the Union. And, notwithstanding the large patronage, such is the government and superior management of the entire College, and such is the discipline and good order that prevails at all times in the study departments and in the boarding-house, as to cause general remark and commendation from citizens and patrons. The great success of this institution may be attributed entirely to its judicious management and the energy and ability of the President, Prof. Eastman, in introducing and carrying out a *great principle* of actual business training, *combining theory* and *practice*. This novel and preeminent mode of instruction is entirely original with him, and is claimed by him and the many friends of the College to possess merits over every other system ever devised for developing the business capacity of young men, and preparing them for active life.

We have had our leaders in every other department of education, and it is gratifying to know that we have one in commercial science.

It is clear to every reflecting mind that our general systems of education have been wanting in that practical character which fits a man for the active duties of every-day business life, and it has been unfortunate that this matter has remained so long neglected. To effect this much needed reform no man has worked so effectually as Prof. Eastman through the great Business College he represents.

He has instructed hundreds of young men every year with great success, repudiating, as far as wisdom dictated, old systems, and constantly improving upon the new methods until he has brought out a system of *practical instruction* which will work a revolution in this department of education.

As might be expected, imitators of his system of Actual Business Training are springing up in some of the cities, but the various forms and blanks used in giving instruction are so well secured to him by law, through copyrights, that they can never meet with but indifferent success—and in no place could it be introduced and carried out so perfectly as here, under the supervision of its author.

The institution is patronized very largely by our most eminent merchants, and not a few of the leading business houses here are indebted to it for valuable assistants, in the capacity of accountants, book-keepers or salesmen. Two young men from this office, who have just received their diplomas there, will enter upon responsible duties in business houses this week, and thus put in practice at once the valuable information they have acquired during their course of study there. Having watched their progress, we are enabled to indorse the institution understandingly, and commend its superior advantages to parents who have sons to educate. The terms are reasonable, and the student can enter upon a course of study any day in the year.

The reader will have a fair idea of this institution if he can picture to himself Wall-st., with its banks and insurance offices, its exchanges and commercial houses, and the Board of Brokers, the Commercial Exchange, the markets, the telegraphs, transferred to the beautiful banks of the Hudson, and alive with young men, instead of thoughtful men of middle life, and older men still riper in experience.

All necessary information may be found in Mr. Bungay's report in this paper, or any further particulars desired may be had in circulars and pamphlets by addressing Prof. EASTMAN, the President, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Charges Against Secretary Chase to be Investigated.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate Considering the National Currency Bill.

General Halleck Appointed Chief of the Cavalry Bureau.

Return of Admiral Dahlgren to Charleston.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, April 29.

THE CHARGES AGAINST SECRETARY CHASE.

The Congressional Republican caucus this morning agreed to ask for the appointment of a Joint Committee of Congress to investigate charges made against Secretary CHASE by FRANK BLAIR. Senator HOWE will offer a resolution to that effect in the Senate to-morrow. This action is demanded by Mr. CHASE's friends, who desire to give an official and effectual refutation to the slurs heaped upon him.

THE FRENCH TOBACCO.

The rebels may endeavor to make capital out of the refusal of our Government to permit the French vessels to ascend the James River, but the French Minister here is satisfied that that river cannot at this time be navigated with safety, and that the vessels could not bring away one-quarter of the tobacco alleged to belong to the French Government. It is also known that the rebel Government refuses to allow the removal of the tobacco until it has paid the war tax.

HALLECK IN A NEW POST.

By order of the War Department, Gen. HALLECK has been assigned to the command of the Cavalry Bureau. All communications referring to the business of that bureau will hereafter be addressed to him.

THE FORT PILLOW MASSACRE.

A letter received here from an officer on board the *Silver Cloud*, gives some particulars concerning the massacre at Fort Pillow, which came under his own observation. The writer was one of a party engaged in bringing away the wounded and burying the dead. Seventy colored soldiers were found dead near the water's edge, in a place where they could offer no resistance. Many of them were shot twice and bayoneted also. Several lay with their eyes pricked out by bayonet points. The partially-burned bodies of some white soldiers lay up the fort amidst the rebel tents. They were evidently thus consumed before the eyes of these inhuman wretches. The few colored soldiers who escaped say that they threw down their arms when they surrendered, but the rebels kept on shooting them down. Rebel officers, in conversation, attempted to palliate their atrocity under the fatal excuse that our men would not surrender, and that they could not control their men. The whole number buried by this party was about 100.

THE PAY OF COLORED SOLDIERS.

The Senate amendment to the Army Appropriation Bill fixing the pay of black soldiers in the army the same as those of white, has been adopted by the House Ways and Means Committee, with the exception of making the first of May next, instead of the first of January last, as the time for it to go into effect.

Attorney-Gen. BATES, to-day, delivered an opinion entitling colored Chaplains and Surgeons to the same pay as white officers of similar grade. As colored officers are not recognized by law, a refusal had been made to pay them more than was received by colored soldiers, ten dollars per month.

THE CASE OF THE SAXON AGAIN.

It will be recollected that when the pirate *Alabama* captured the ship *Tuscaloosa* off Cape Good Hope, she transferred the plunder to the British ship *Saxon*, which was afterward captured by the *Vanderbilt*. During the seizure of the *Saxon* her mate was accidentally killed by CHARLES DANENHOWER, acting master's mate of the *Vanderbilt*. The London *Times*, and other abettors of secession in England, made much ado over this outrage upon John Bull, and through representation of Lord LYONS, DANENHOWER was placed under arrest and tried by Court-martial assembled at Philadelphia. The witnesses (part of the crew of the *Saxon*) were brought over from England. After full investigation of the case the Court has fully acquitted DANENHOWER of all blame in the matter, and he has been restored to his former position.

THE SKIRMISH AT WARRENTON.

In the skirmish at Warrenton, Va., last Saturday, between a detachment of GREGG's Cavalry Division and MOSEBY's guerrillas, the following Union soldiers were wounded:

Wm. R. Williams, 1st New-Jersey.
Porter Fink, Co. F, 16th Pennsylvania.
Wm. H. Miller, Co. E, 8th Pennsylvania.
Pat. Gallagher, Co. H, 1st Massachusetts.
Jno. Seward, Co. I, 2d Pennsylvania.
Augustus Hillman, Co. I, 16th Pennsylvania.
Jack Ganna, Co. H, 1st Maine.
Jno. Chamberlain, Co. I, 2d Pennsylvania.

TIMOROUS TEAMSTERS.

Great inconvenience and injury to the public service having arisen from the failure or refusal of teamsters and other employes of the Quartermaster's Department to go to the front and other points when so required, the Secretary of War has ordered that, hereafter, any employe of the department who fails or refuses to obey such orders, shall forfeit all pay and allowances which may be due to him, and shall also be held liable to arrest and trial before a military tribunal for disobedience of orders, according to the 60th article of war.

INCREASING EXPENSES.

The House Military Committee has agreed upon an amendment giving Paymasters' Clerks $1,200 a year, instead of $960.

THE NEW NAVY-YARD.

The House Naval Committee are still in parturient difficulty over the question as to where the new navy-yard is to be placed. The merits of New-London were fully discussed to-day without eliciting a decision. In case no site with eligible points can be found elsewhere, New-York members will call particular attention to the advantages of a site seventy-five miles above New-York City, on Hudson River.

DAHLGREN ON DUTY.

Admiral DAHLGREN left here to-day to resume command of the iron-clad fleet off Charleston.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Friday, April 29.

A RECONNOISSANCE TO MADISON COURT-HOUSE.

Advices from the Army of the Potomac state that a brigade of cavalry, under Gen. DEVIN, went out yesterday to Madison Court-house, on a reconnoissance, and found a party of about thirty rebels in the place, most of whom they captured. No force of the enemy was discovered anywhere in that vicinity, although it was currently reported that they had crossed the Rapidan, and were moving toward our right. The expedition returned without any loss.

THE TEN-FORTY LOAN.

The subscriptions to the ten-forty loan reported at the Treasury to-day were $853,000.

NAVAL.

Commodore WILLIAM SMITH has been ordered to the command of the *Lancaster*, and Commodore GLENDY has been ordered to the command of the Pensacola Naval Station.

Commodore THATCHER has been ordered to command the storeship *New-Hampshire*.

ADMIRAL DAHLGREN.

The steamer *Harvest Moon* has left Washington Navy-yard, with Admiral DAHLGREN on board, for Charleston.

THE PAY OF SOLDIERS.

The bill reported by Mr. SCHENCK, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to-day, and on which early action will be taken, increases the pay of privates in the army to $16, corporals, $18 a month, and non-commissioned officers proportionately. The rations, pepper excepted, are reduced to the old ration of 1861. Colored soldiers are put on the same footing, as to pay, rations and clothing, as white soldiers.

A DINNER GIVEN BY JOHN MINOR BOTTS.

JOHN MINOR BOTTS gave a dinner yesterday, at which Gens. Grant, Sedgwick, Hancock, Birney, Humphreys, Robinson, Williams, Ingalls, Rawlings, Mott, Carr, Webb, Gibbon, Eustis, and Morris were present. The affair was of the most sumptuous character.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Friday, April 29.

NAVIGATION OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Mr. GRIMES, of Iowa, (Union,) presented the memorial of ALANSON PENFIELD, Clerk in the Treasury Department, praying for the construction of reservoirs for supplying the Upper Mississippi with a medium stage of water for navigation throughout the dry Summer months, and a canal from the head of Lake Superior to the Red River of the North, via Sandy Lake, a distance of forty miles; thence via Crow Wing, Leaf River and Ottartal Lake to Breckinridge, a total distance of 240 miles; thus opening navigation by the Red River and Saskatchawan for 2,000 miles, to the base of the Rocky Mountains, and furnishing an outlet to the Hudson Bay region. This would require an improvement 43 miles less than the Fox and Wisconsin River Canal route, and 80 miles shorter than the Illinois and Mississippi Canal.

THE INDIANS.

Mr. RAMSAY, of Minnesota, (Union,) introduced a bill for the benefit and better management of the Indians, by which the President is authorized to locate them upon new reservations, Congress retaining the power to vacate such reservations, when the President can locate them again and sell their lands.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. DOOLITTLE, of Wisconsin, (Union,) presented a memorial from citizens of Wisconsin asking for an increase of 10 per cent. on foreign wool. Referred to the Committee on Finances.

Mr. DOOLITTLE also presented the resolution of the Legislature of Wisconsin, asking for the improvement of the locks on the Erie Canal. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. SPRAGUE, of Rhode Island, (Union,) introduced the resolutions of the Legislature of Rhode Island, asking for reimbursement by the Government of money paid by that State to officers and men mustered into the service. Referred to the Military Committee.

Mr. HARLAN, of Iowa, (Union,) introduced the resolutions of the Iowa Legislature, asking for an increase of mail facilities in that State. Referred.

THE RED RIVER DISASTER AND COTTON SPECULATION.

Mr. HENDERSON, of Missouri, (Union,) offered a joint resolution to provide for the printing of the report of the Commission of which Major-Gen. IRWIN McDOWELL was President, to examine into cotton speculations and frauds on the part of officers in the West.

A modification by Mr. GRIMES', requesting the Secretary of War to transmit the report, was accepted.

On motion of Mr. LANE, of Kansas, the words "if not incompatible with the public interests," were added.

An amendment of Mr. GRIMES', requesting all information touching the subject or touching the persons supposed to be implicated in the report, was adopted.

Mr. WILSON, of Massachusetts, (Union,) Mr. FESSENDEN, of Maine, (Union,) and others, thought the resolution had best not be adopted now.

Mr. HENDERSON said that information on the subject was desired now, as it would bear on the bill pending before this body; and this was the only authentic way to obtain it. One was the bill concerning negroes freed during the war. There was a vast deal in the report of the commission bearing upon that subject. Another was the bill reported from the Commerce Committee putting it in the power of the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase all the products of the Southern States. He had read letters the last three days from the Red River, saying that our defeat there was on account of speculation. The cavalry in advance on that occasion, numbering 3,000 men, had 265 wagons, which became entangled and confused the whole action, and brought on disaster.

Mr. WILSON wanted to know if the Senator charged that the Red River expedition was undertaken for the mere purpose of gathering cotton.

Mr. HENDERSON said, no such thing. He merely wanted to know what this brigade of cavalry wanted with 265 wagons, unless it was to gather up the products of the country. He had merely stated that the extraordinary number of wagons were, as charged by the newspapers, for the purpose of gathering cotton.

Mr. CONNESS, of California, (Union,) stated, on what he considered the highest authority, that these wagons were part of the regular train of the army; and whatever might have been the defect of the generalship which brought them there, the statement that they were intended to bring in cotton was not correct.

Mr. HENDERSON made no charges himself; but it was singular that the disaster had followed the statements and predictions of the newspaper writers. He read a letter from Grand Ecore, dated four days before the battle, alleging a conflict of authority between BANKS and Admiral PORTER, and stating that the latter was seizing cotton on land as naval prize, and predicting disaster. These predictions, the results, in his opinion, seemed to confirm. He hoped the statements were incorrect, and he hoped if there had been no disagreement between Admiral PORTER and Gen. BANKS. If not, it should be made known.

Mr. CONNESS denounced the statement read as a cruel and base slander on Admiral PORTER, which he had the highest authority for denying.

Mr. HENDERSON was glad the Senator could so authoritatively deny the statement. He was a personal acquaintance of the Admiral, and had a high opinion of him. But these statements were having a bad effect upon the public, and, if untrue, should be refuted.

The resolution, as amended, was then adopted.

MINT IN OREGON.

Mr. NESMITH, of Oregon, (Dem.,) called up the Senate bill to establish branch mints at Carson City, Nevada, and Dalles City, Oregon.

An amendment, striking out Carson City, was adopted, and the bill passed.

THE NATIONAL CURRENCY BILL.

The National Currency Bill came up in order, the question being on the Finance Committee's amendment to the forty-first section, as proposed to be amended by Mr. POMEROY, of Kansas, (Union,) by the insertion of a provision exempting from State taxation that portion of the capital invested in or based on United States bonds.

Mr. CLARK, of New-Hampshire, (Union,) made an earnest speech against the amendment of Mr. POMEROY as being calculated to interfere with the State banking laws, and array the banks of the States against the national currency.

Mr. LANE, of Kansas, (Union,) said, except in the present emergency, he would scout the idea of a United States banking law as a duty he owed to his country and his constituency. He was now only induced to support the measure because his friends thought it a necessary measure in these times of war, and because he would do everything to support his country.

Mr. COWAN, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) favored state taxation upon these banks.

Mr. JOHNSON, of Maryland, (Union,) said a thousand dollars in gold will purchase eighteen hundred dollars in currency, and that amount can be invested in United States bonds, bearing an interest of six per cent, with the principal payable in gold. The bank can loan this eighteen hundred dollars out to its customers, and while it will receive one hundred and eight dollars interest the representative of that eighteen hundred dollars is in the bank in bonds bearing interest during the whole period in which the loans are going on. The rate on the original investment will then be over twenty per cent, or two hundred and eight dollars per annum. These banks are also authorized in this bill within proper limits to loan on their deposits to their full amount, receiving six per cent, and the aggregate amount of interest is to be added to the eighteen hundred dollars of bonds.

This being the financial operation of the bill, all the State capital will inevitably come into these banks. It was a great mistake to suppose that the credit of the Government depends alone upon our ability to meet our national obligations. It is as much involved in the ability of the States to meet theirs. If we are unable to meet our State obligations it will be certain to produce an inability on the part of the Government to meet its obligations.

The amendment of Mr. POMEROY was rejected by a vote of 28 to 11, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Chandler, Conness, Harding, Howard, Lane of Indiana, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sherman, Sprague, Sumner, Wilkinson—11.

NAYS—Messrs. Buckalew, Carlisle, Clark, Collamore, Cowan, Davis, Dixon, Fessenden, Foote, Foster, Grimes, Hale, Harlan, Henderson, Hendricks, Howe, Johnson, Lane of Kansas, McDougall, Morgan, Morrill, Nesmith, Powell, Riddle, Ten Eyck, Van Winkle, Willey, Wilson—28.

Mr. HOWARD, of Michigan, (Union,) offered an amendment to the amendment of the Committee, providing that the taxes imposed on the market value of shares by State authority, for State or other purposes, shall be in the State where the bank is situated.

The amendment was rejected by a vote of 27 to 11, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Chandler, Conness, Harlan, Hendricks, Howard, Morrill, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sherman, Sumner, Wilkinson—11.

NAYS—Messrs. Anthony, Buckalew, Clark, Cowan, Callamer, Davis, Dixon, Doolittle, Fessenden, Foote, Foster, Grimes, Hale, Henderson, Howe, Johnson, Lane of Indiana, Lane of Kansas, Morgan, (Nesmith, Powell, Riddle, Sprague, Ten Eyck, Van Winkle, Willey, Wilson—27.

The Senate then, at 5 o'clock, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, April 29.

THE MISSOURI CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

Mr. HIGBY, of California, (Union,) of the Select Committee on the charges against Mr. BLAIR, of Missouri, moved that the evidence be printed.

Mr. McCLURG, of Missouri, (Union,) reminded the House that when the report was made, he waived his remarks in order that the Tax Bill might be acted on. He proceeded to reiterate his charges regarding Gen. BLAIR having been engaged in liquor speculations.

Mr. HIGBY, of California, (Union,) obtained the floor but yielded to

THE BILL TO INCREASE SOLDIER'S PAY.

Mr. SCHENCK, of Ohio, (Union,) who, from the Military Committee, reported the Senate bill to legalize and increase the pay of soldiers, giving notice that he would call it up at an early day.

THE VOTING ON THE TAX BILL.

Mr. HARRIS, of Maryland, (Dem.) asked leave to record his vote on the internal tax bill.

Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) objected to the gentleman from Maryland (HARRIS) doing so.

Mr. VOORHEES, of Indiana, (Dem.) said there would be no objection to the gentleman from Pennsylvania (STEVENS) recording his own name.

Mr. STEVENS replied that he did vote whether his name was on the record or not. If it was not on the record he did not care anything about it.

Mr. DAWSON, of Pennsylvania, (Dem.) hoped that his colleague (STEVENS) would be permitted to record his name.

The Speaker said that the name of the gentleman from Pennsylvania (STEVENS) was not on the record.

Mr. STEVENS repeated that he had voted, whether it was there or not.

Mr. VOORHEES—I would ask whether you did not vote for the bill with reluctance.

Mr. STEVENS—The bill was so mangled that I almost wished I was a "locofoco," that I might vote against it.

THE BLAIR AND M'CLURG CONTROVERSY.

Mr. HIGBY, the Chairman of the Select Committee on Mr. BLAIR's case, hoped the discussion would now come to an end. He, and doubtless the House, has become disgusted with this Missouri controversy. He would not now speak but for the fact that Mr. BLAIR had made the barefaced assertion that POWERS, who forged or altered the liquor order, was a Treasury agent. Mr. HIGBY maintained that the charge of criminality against the Treasury officials was not sustained by the facts.

Mr. CLAY, of Kentucky, (Union,) a member of the Select Committee, said Mr. BLAIR was completely exonerated from the charge against him. But he did not agree with the gentleman (Mr. HIGBY,) as to the Treasury officers. He concluded by saying that POWERS was the forger, and BONNER furnished him with work.

The report and evidence were ordered to be printed.

THE BLAIR CORRESPONDENCE.

Mr. DAWES, of Massachusetts, (Union,) offered a resolution, calling upon the President to communicate to the House copies of all letters, notes, telegrams, orders and other documents which are referred to in his Message of yesterday, which have connection with the answer to the resolution asking whether F. P. BLAIR holds any appointment or commission in the military service.

Mr. BROWN, of West Virginia, (Union,) moved to lay the resolution on the table. Negative 39, against 84.

THE TREASURY PRINTING BUREAU.

Mr. BROOKS, of New-York, (Dem.,) offered an amendment, which was read for information, viz.: "That the President communicate to the House, as soon as possible, all vouchers or depositions in his possession or in the possession of the Treasury Department, respecting the fitting-up of a bureau in the Treasury Department building for printing money, bonds or other obligations of the United States."

Mr. DAWES, of Massachusetts, (Union,) had no objection.

Mr. STEVENS thought it ought to be acted upon separately from the subject before the House.

Mr. BROOKS asked him whether he would enable him to do so?

Mr. STEVENS replied he would agree to asking general consent.

Mr. SCHENCK, of Ohio, (Union,) emphatically objected. The proposition had nothing to do with the pending resolution.

Mr. BROOKS expressed his surprise at the sensitiveness of gentlemen on the other side to his making a few remarks in support of his amendment calling on the President for information. Under our form of government we are entitled to information from the Executive which is not detrimental to the public interests. The information called for by the resolution of the gentleman from Massachusetts (DAVIES) is not detrimental to the public interests, but likely to be of public good. We have not only the right to know what is going on in the Executive Department, but a right to know what is going on in the other departments of the Government. In December or January last, after the close of the holidays, he (BROOKS) submitted some allegations connected with the Treasury Department, which were disregarded by gentlemen on the other side. They had made no use of the testimony submitted, and at this he had expressed his surprise.

Mr. CRESSWELL, of Maryland, (Union,) objected to the gentleman from New-York (BROOKS) proceeding with his remarks.

Mr. BROOKS remarked that gentleman might as well allow him to proceed now as at any other time. He (BROOKS) would go before the high court of the newspaper press if the Republicans would not allow him to speak here of the plundering and stealing of the public treasure. Did the gentleman from Maryland (CRESSWELL) make a point of order on that?

Mr. CRESWELL replied that he would make the point of "public morals." The remarks of the gentleman from New-York (BROOKS) were not applicable to the subject pending.

The Speaker said that the gentleman from New-York (BROOKS) was not in order.

Mr. BROOKS remarked that the greater part of to-day had been occupied in discussing whether a certain quantity of liquor had been purchased and paid for by somebody's money. The broadest latitude in debate had been allowed respecting a member of the Cabinet, and yet when he approached another member of the Cabinet, the gentleman from Maryland (CRESSWELL) ojected as a matter of "public" morals. Ten years ago, while a member of the House, he (BROOKS) endeavored to save his Whig friends from injury in connection with the Galphin fraud, and in relation to which the Whigs were attacked by the Democrats. But now a general clamor was raised by the Republicans at the very moment he approached the subject of the Treasury. Several gentlemen on the Republican side had called him to order because he wished the public to understand what was done with the public's money.

Several gentlemen on the Republican side called Mr. BROOKS to order.

The Speaker said that the gentleman from New-York (BROOKS) was not in order, adding that the Chair would continue to administer the rules impartially.

Mr. BROOKS offered another resolution, preceded by a preamble, calling for the appointment of a committee to examine into and report on the condition of the Treasury Department, and especially as to the bureau wherein are printed notes, bonds and other obligations of the United States, with power to employ experts, and that the committee suggest or recommend such changes for facilitating business and for the protection of the public interests as may be necessary.

Mr. GARFIELD, of Ohio, (Union,) moved the following as a substitute:

"That the Committee on the Conduct of the War inquire into the subject, and that Hon. JAMES BROOKS be summoned to give testimony as to any or all frauds of which he (BROOKS) has knowledge in connection with the Treasury Department."

Mr. BROOKS said that he would accept of the substitute of the gentleman from Ohio, (GARFIELD.)

Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, remarked: "Let us decide one question before we take up another."

Mr. BROOKS repeated that he did not object to the resolution of the gentleman from Ohio, (GARFIELD,) and he would now abandon the floor, if he was permitted to publish his speech in the *Globe* of to-morrow. He asked this permission of the House.

Mr. CRESSWELL and others on the Republican side objected.

Mr. COX, of Ohio, (Dem.,) and Mr. JOHNSON, of Pennsylvania, (Dem.,) and others on the opposition side of the House, loudly called for "order."

Mr. DAWES, of Massachusetts, said that the gentleman from Pennsylvania, (STEVENS,) had charged that he, (DAWES,) had opened the flood-gates of discussion. He, (DAWES,) did not know what the gentleman (STEVENS,) meant by his remark. He, (DAWES,) had found by experience, that it did more hurt to cover up the faults of friends than to give the largest liberty to those who desired to investigate. If a man brought a groundless charge, give him rope enough, and he will hang himself. If you do not, he will hang you. (Laughter.) He, (DAWES,) was not to be governed in his line of conduct, by the gentleman from Pennsylvania, (STEVENS.)

Mr. BROOKS resumed his remarks, but was again interrupted by Mr. CRESSWELL, of Maryland.

Mr. BROOKS, I do not yield the floor.

Mr. COX, of Ohio, and Mr. JOHNSON, of Pennsylvania, and others, called Mr. CRESSWELL to order.

Much confusion now prevailed all over the House.

Mr. BROOKS, after the noise and disorder had somewhat subsided, said: Millions of public money had been sacrificed in the Bureau of Printing, and much evil produced by the conversion of the Treasury building into a house of orgies and bacchanals. If the galleries were cleared so that language could be uttered not fit for female ears, he (BROOKS) could show that every word he said was more than true.

Mr. BROOMALL, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) asked: "Are such remarks in order?"

THE SPEAKER—The remarks of the gentleman from New-York (BROOKS) do not apply to the pending resolution.

Mr. BROOMALL—I ask that the rules be enforced.

Mr. MILLER, of Pennsylvania, (Dem.,) wished to know whether it was not in order to tell the truth?

The Speaker replied that the gentleman might tell the truth about something in California or elsewhere, but still it would not be applicable to the subject before the House.

Mr. JOHNSON, of Pennsylvania, said that the Chair could not judge better than any other member as to the appropriateness of the remarks.

Mr. BROOMALL—I ask whether it would be in order for me to ask that the gentleman from New-York (BROOKS) take his seat?

The Speaker directed Mr. BROOKS to take his seat.

Mr. STILES, of Pennsylvania, (Dem.,) said: Does my colleague (BROOMALL) object to the gentleman from New-York (BROOKS) telling the truth?

THE SPEAKER—The gentleman from New-York (BROOKS) must take his seat unless he appeals from the decision of the Chair.

Mr. BROOKS said he had too much respect for the Chair to appeal. He (BROOKS) had made his remarks in good faith and for the public good.

Mr. SCHENCK, of Ohio, said: "There must be some deference paid to the order of the Speaker." The remainder of the sentence was lost in vociferations for "order," "order," "order."

The Speaker said that those who so loudly called to order were themselves out of order.

Mr. SCHENCK—I ask that the member (BROOKS) be required to take his seat.

Messrs. SCHENCK, COX, JOHNSON, of Pennsylvania, and others on both sides, were all talking at the same time, while the Speaker was hammering with his gavel to enforce order.

Mr. SCHENCK on one side of the hall, and Mr. BROOKS on the other, indulged in a hurried and brief colloquy, but owing to the confusion, its purport was not heard in the reporter's gallery, further than Mr. BROOKS said to Mr. SCHENCK, "This is not Baltimore, but the Capitol of the United States."

Mr. SCHENCK's reply was not heard.

The Speaker directed Messrs. SCHENCK and BROOKS to take their seats, saying this was the second time he had so ordered.

On motion of Mr. MILLER, of Pennsylvania, (Dem.,) Mr. BROOKS was allowed to proceed in order—Yeas 84, Nays 36.

Mr. BROOKS apologized to the Chair, saying he did not take his seat when first requested, because he did not hear the request, owing to the confusion.

Mr. BEAMAN, of Michigan, (Union,) called Mr. BROOKS to order.

Mr. BROOKS said he should not struggle much further. He then began to read from a paper in his hand "the question to be decided is whether we shall call on the Executive for information, and whether a resolution shall be passed, so that the House may be informed of the character of SPENCER M. CLARK, who has charge of the printing of the public money."

The Speaker again reminded the gentleman that he was not in order.

Mr. BROOKS—I will contend no further, but take my seat.

Mr. DAWES, of Massachusetts, apologized to Mr. STEVENS and the House for the language he had applied to that gentleman. No man had more confidence in the Secretary of the Treasury than he himself.

The Speaker reminded the gentleman that the subject of the Secretary of the Treasury was not before the House.

Mr. DAWES' resolution calling for information relative to Mr. BLAIR, was agreed to.

GOVERNMENT OF STATES IN REBELLION.

The House took up the bill relative to providing a republican form of Government for States subverted or overthrown by the rebellion.

Mr. SCOFIELD, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) made a speech showing that Slavery has been an element of discord in our republican system, has produced the present contingency of affairs and ought therefore to be removed.

THE TREASURY INVESTIGATION AGAIN.

Mr. GARFIELD, of Ohio, (Dem.,) offered a preamble quoting a remark heretofore made by F. P. BLAIR, to the effect "that Secretary CHASE is making use of the income from abandoned plantations to carry out the programme of the Pomeroy secret circular, and was against the Administration that gave him place, that nobody believes he has retired as a candidate for the Presidency, although he said so in a letter, but is working underground and using his public position to promote his own political schemes, thus running the Pomeroy machine." The preamble further quotes from the New-York *World* and the *Constitutional Union*, which papers have contained articles charging frauds in the fractional currency, etc., and says, as Hon. JAMES BROOKS has to-day repeated the substance of these articles, therefore,

Resolved, That a Committee of Five be appointed by the Speaker of the House to investigate the truth of the allegations above quoted, and of any other allegations affecting the integrity of the Treasury Department, and that they have power to send for persons and papers.

Mr. ANCONA, of Pennsylvania, (Dem.,) objected to the introduction of the resolution, and, therefore, it could not be entertained, general consent being required by the rules.

The House took a recess till 7 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

THE GOVERNMENT OF REBEL STATES.

Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) offered a substitute for the bill to provide for a republican government for States overthrown or subverted by rebellion, declaring that the Confederate States, by waging an unjust war, have no right to claim exemption from the extreme rigors and rights of war. That none of the States which have seceded with the consent of a majority of their citizens can be tolerated and considered as within the Union, so as to be allowed a representation in Congress or take part in the political government. That they cannot participate in our amendments to the Constitution, and when amendments thereto are proposed, they can be adopted by a two-thirds vote of the non-seceding States. Whenever the Federal forces conquer the seceding States, they shall be regarded as separate Territories, and be represented in the House of Representatives, the same as other Territories.

Messrs. DAWSON, MOREHEAD, WILLIAMS, KELLY and STROUSE, all of Pennsylvania, defined their positions at length. Mr. BALDWIN, of Michigan, also made a speech.

Arrival of Sick and Wounded Soldiers.

The steamer *Fulton* brought two hundred and fifty-seven sick and wounded soldiers from Fortress Monroe, arriving yesterday morning. She experienced severe weather on her trip up, and was somewhat delayed by this on the way. The *Fulton* is not a proper boat on which to carry the sick through; the men did not complain much of the accommodations. Two of the men died just as the boat reached this City, their names were HAMILTON CAPLE, Sixteenth New-York Battery, and EDWIN H. POND, Co. B, Twenty-fifth Regiment Massachusets Volunteers. Their effects were turned over to the Surgeon in charge of the De Camp General Hospital, David's Island. The men were buried by Mr. A. J. CASE, the Government undertaker. The Hospital steamer, *Thomas P. Way*, took the men to David's Island, where they will be most kindly cared for. About six o'clock last evening a train of cars arrived in Jersey City, having on board about eleven hundred sick soldiers which left Washington on Thursday morning. Five hundred were left at Newark; about one hundred at Central Park, and the rest were also taken to David's Island on the *Thomas P. Way*.

EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

OUR PARIS CORRESPONDENCE.

The Mexican Affair—Maximilian, His Plans, Purposes and Feelings—Paris Frightened—Miscellaneous.

PARIS, Tuesday, April 12, 1864.

The French journals are in ecstacies over the termination of the Mexican affair. They talk loud about that reconstitution of the Latin race which is to oppose a barrier to the extension of the Yankee race, but in fact their joy all comes from having got so comfortably out of a bad scrape. Now they say the French army is to be recalled, regiment by regiment, their war indemnity is to be paid off, a grand and prosperous Empire is to be founded which shall owe its life and happiness to the great man who rules over France, and who alone saw to the end of the enterprise he was undertaking; and the sum total of the affair is that the glory of this great work will return to the nation which is always found taking the lead in every noble and generous work of civilization.

This is the style of the panegyrists of the Government. But the Prince who is to be the agent in the carrying out of this grand programme, what of him? He, poor fellow, has fallen ill over it, and, to the consternation of the superstitious, has made another false start; for, on the point of starting, the telegraph tells us, he has, on the contrary, gone to bed with a fever. A condemned man, however bold he may be, generally grows weak in the knees when he catches the first glimpse of the gallows. So too the Prince, after making a visit to the ships which in a few hours were to start with him on his perilous voyage, went back to his palace and threw himself on his bed with a fever.

The events of the last week were not in fact calculated to prepare the Prince's nerve for the final act in the play. His family and the Emperor NAPOLEON demanded a complete renunciation of his pretensions to the throne of Austria, while the King of Belgium and the Prince's own instincts counseled him to hold on to them. Then the money backers of the new Empire began to grow timid about advancing funds, and the Prince's numerous creditors grew clamorous at not seeing their claims guaranteed. To crown the pyramid of the Prince's troubles, the Emperor NAPOLEON lost his patience, and wrote to him that if he did not leave by a certain time he should break the contract, and recommend the Mexicans to accept the young Prince CANINO BONAPARTE in his place! This was the last hair on the camel's back, and the Prince yielded. But what a rough road this young man has had to travel over in this first step on the road to greatness! And if only a smoother track awaited him on the other side!

The *France*, of yesterday, says, in regard to the settlement between the Prince and his family, that the former renounced only conditionally his Austrian rights, and that, in case of the abandonment of the throne of Mexico by himself or his descendants, no matter for what cause, the right to the throne of Austria should be revived; while the *Constitutionnel* of this morning, (both Ministerial and well-informed journals,) declares that the Prince has renounced his rights in Austria unconditionally and definitively. It is probable that the latter journal is the most correctly informed on this question.

The new Emperor has wisely decided to recruit a corps of 6,000 men in Austria for the defence of his throne in Mexico. His Majesty will finish by putting into the field an army entirely devoted to his service, and perfectly capable of defending him against all the opposition the Mexicans can muster—but where is the pay of this faithful army to come from?

The *Spahis* and *Turcos* leave Paris to-day, to return to their homes in Africa, after a stay of nearly a year at Paris. It has not been thought prudent in the interest of the morals and the health of these children of the desert to leave them any longer in contact with the influences which surround them here. They will be replaced by a corps of 200 men taken from the sons of the highest native Algerian families, and this body of young men will perform the service of the palace alone, in conjunction with the *Cent-Gardes*. As there will probably be some negroes in this corps of young African aristocrats, we will hereafter see negroes inside the palace, instead of simply mounting guard at the door.

The people of Paris had a first-class fright on Sunday evening last, at 8 o'clock. Such crowds of men in *blouses* all at once appeared in the streets in the neighborhood of the Place de la Concorde, yelling and gesticulating, as induced many people to believe that another revolution had broken out, and preparations were made by the timid against a siege. It was the first time the *blouses* of Paris had shown any life since the *coup d'état*, and this was all about a monster balloon which had been advertised to go off three Sundays in succession, and which had again failed to start. A hundred thousand people had waited till dark to see the sight, a large proportion of whom had paid an admission fee, and when they found the balloon would not go, they did very much as people in America do under like circumstances—they tried to lynch the showman and destroy his "traps." But the police prevented any serious damage being done, and the exasperated mob, which was most formidable in size, spent its revenge in harmless yelling through the principal streets. The people in the Rue de Rivoli, who were not in the secret of the mob's fury, anticipated nothing less than the sacking of the Tuileries!

We are to have also at Paris a grand celebration in honor of SHAKESPEARE's three hundredth birthday. An English and a French committee have united to promote this object. On the French committee are found the names of VICTOR HUGO, GEORGE SAND, ALEXANDER DUMAS, JULES FAVRE, JULES JANIN, MICHALET, THEOPHILE GAUTIER, and other celebrities of the literary world.

At the next election for a vacancy in the French Academy, which takes place next week, it is said that the eminent critic, JULES JANIN, will be elected without opposition. He will fill the *fauteuil* occupied by the late ALFRED DE VIGNY. He is the favorite candidate of the journalists and the literary world generally.

OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

Reception of Garibaldi—An English Procession—Rome or Death—Derby on Russell—The Conference—The Mexican Emperor and Empress and Pio Nino—American News—The Season—The Misadventures of the Tercentenary.

LONDON, Tuesday, April 12, 1864.

GARIBALDI has brought Summer, or the Summer has brought GARIBALDI. The weather is lovely—the first we have had; and yesterday the working classes of London received the great Italian, and handed him over to the Duke of Sutherland, one of the richest nobles of Scotland. The papers will tell you this, but they will not tell how it was done. I will try to do so.

As I have said, as much as once, the English of our day have not the ghost of an idea of a public procession, or a great and magnificent show of any kind. When they wish to see anything of that sort they pack up and go to Paris. They might go to New-York or Rome, Naples or Turin. The French, Germans, Italians and Americans, have all a genius for processions. Not so the English. They have a genius for making a mess of whatever they undertake in that direction.

Yesterday, for example, under a bright sun, and

with a balmy atmosphere, and the whole lower strata of London upheaving coming up from its cellars, and down from its garrets, there was the most wretched, struggling, forlorn apology for a procession ever seen since *Falstaff* mustered his regiment with which he refused to march through Coventry. And GARIBALDI might well have refused to have marched through the Borough, Whitehall, Charing Cross and Pall Mall, with the refuse of the trade societies, and absurd Forresters in their trappings and rouge. He rode in the carriage of the Duke of Sutherland, with His Grace's portly bewigged coachman before him, and His Grace's two bepowdered and laced flunkies behind him, with all the rabble of London pressing around to shake hands with him, until the forlorn procession, with its noisy plairing bands, was lost in the distance, and the hero was dragged through a crowd of half a million of people as through a sea, half an hour behind his escort. There was no military, the police took no part, except to keep people from being hurt. Every man foolish enough to have money in his pockets got rid of it, and GARIBALDI arrived, at last, at the mansion of the Duke, his host, where he found the inevitable Earl of Shaftesbury and a large circle of the nobility assembled to do him honor.

Why such a disorderly affair, and no military, and no police regulations? "Because the Government couldn't recognize it, don't you see?" "But the Government is responsible for what it permits, and here are the names of MAZZINI and GARIBALDI coupled together in this reception, and the people parading the motto 'Rome or death!'" "Yes, but this is a free country, don't you see?" "No, I do not—not particularly. When the workingmen of London wanted to plant a tree in Hyde Park, in honor of SHAKESPEARE, the Government wouldn't permit it." "Yes, but another party might want to plant a tree for somebody else, and then it would be all planted over, don't you see?" "Precisely so; and another party might want to give a reception to some other sort of hero, and the streets would be blocked up every day in the week. I confess that I don't see the difference. If the authorities thought proper to allow a public reception, they might as well have seen it was a well-ordered one."

So far my conversation, while having a watch-key fitted; but that the reception of our ex-candle-maker has its grave side to it, is undoubted. It has a political and a religious character. The revolutionary element welcomes him—so does the Anti-Papal. The Mazzinian Red Republicans shout around him, and he rides in the carriages and accepts the hospitalities of those very Protestant noblemen, SUTHERLAND and SHAFTESBURY. The Irish of London, for a wonder, kept the peace. They had their fight—Pope vs. GARIBALDI—a year ago or more. Yesterday they made no sign. But while invitations and addresses are coming to the Italian leader from all parts of Great Britain, not one comes from Ireland. Catholic Ireland can have no welcome for the man who makes war on the Papacy, and whose motto is "Rome or death!" and the Irish Catholic party would rather give a reception to the ex-King of Naples, than to GARIBALDI or VICTOR EMANUEL. What the Emperor of the French may say to this popular ovation to some of his bitterest enemies, we may learn by-and-by. Infancy that he really cares very little about it, but that he will make use of the circumstance if it ever becomes convenient to do so. Earl CLARENDON has just gone to Paris on a special mission, to explain, perhaps, that Lord PALMERSTON is very sorry, and hopes it will not annoy him.

While the guest of the highest and lowest was taking his dinner, Earl DERBY was making one of his vigorous attacks on Earl RUSSELL. He gave him credit for great industry. He had written one hundred and seventy dispatches on the Danish question. He had been "spinning, spinning, spinning" his cobwebs of diplomacy, to see them swept away as fast as they were spun, without catching a single fly. Then Earl RUSSELL, he said, was not up in his geography, or he would know that the Elder did not empty into the Baltic. "I never said it did," snapped out his peevish little Lordship. "You said," replied DERBY, "that it was impossible to send a fleet to the Elder, because the Baltic was so liable to be frozen in Winter. Of course, there was no more to be said about *that* little matter.

The Conference is down for the 20th. The Germanic Diet will take a vote to see whether they will send a representation on the 14th. So nothing is certain about it, and PALMERSTON, in saying that France adhered to the treaty of '32, was as wrong as possible. France throws that and all such treaties overboard. If the Duchies, by a popular majority, declare their wish to remain a part of Denmark, France will support them in that wish. France will maintain no other principle than this of the sovereignty of peoples and the rights of nationalities, except where it may be absolutely necessary. But PALMERSTON is always making blunders. It was his declaration that Denmark would not find herself alone, if attacked by Prussia and Austria, that has led to all the suffering of this war. Denmark believed him, because people believe what they wish, and because she thought the Princess was a sort of pledge of England's fidelity. And now poor Denmark is all alone, not even Sweden raising a hand to help her.

MAXIMILIAN has been crowned Emperor. The ceremonial was performed last Sunday, with speeches, congratulations, and a *Te Deum laudemus*. The new Emperor proposed to embark the next day for Rome, to receive the Papal benediction, which he said in his address was very important to him. Do you know why? Of course, as a good Catholic accepting the throne of a new Catholic empire, he should desire the blessing of the Holy Father; but the new Emperor and Empress have a special view of it, for they have no children, and Mexico wants not only an Emperor, but a dynasty. It is believed in Europe that the blessing of the Pope has a wonderful efficacy in procuring offspring. The Empress EUGENIA is the devoted friend of *Pio Nono*, because she believes that it was his blessing which gave an heir to the Imperial throne of France. The Empress of Mexico hopes, by the same means, to be made equally happy. The sentence in the address to which I have alluded had, therefore, to those who listened to it, a peculiar significance.

The general interest in the American war is rising on this side of the water. There is some feeling about the reported kidnapping of British subjects for the army. The matter came up in the House of Commons a few nights ago, and it was stated that Lord LYONS was attending to it. Meantime Federal recruits go forward by regiments. A steamer left the Clyde a day or two ago with 400 emigrants—English, Scotch, Irish and Germans—many of whom declared their intention to enlist as soon as they landed.

The season fairly opens this week with the delightful weather. Both opera houses are in full blast. On Thursday night GARIBALDI goes to Covent Garden, to be bored with "Norma," and complimented with two acts of "Massaniello." On Saturday he is to be still more terribly bored with a general presentation of addresses at the Crystal Palace, sweeted with a concert. On the 23d, the great Tercentenary, we shall have all sorts of Shakespearean celebrations that can turn an honest penny. But the Stratford Committee has fallen to the ground between two soft stools. First, Mr. PHELPS, the great tragedian, would not play at all, because Mr. FECHTER, and not he, was invited to play Hamlet. Mr. FECHTER accepted the invitation in perfect simplicity, thinking, of course, that he was *the* man to do the noble Dane; but somebody told him that some of the committee had charged him with intriguing to get the invitation. This accusation was pointed by the dismissal, as agent of the committee, of Rev. Mr. DELLEW, sometimes called Rev. Mr. Creamcheese, or better known as one of the firm of Brimstone, & Treacle—Mr. SPURGEON being the brimstone. The sensitive Franco-German Bel Demonio no sooner heard of this disgraceful imputation of "trickery and vice," than he wrote to the worshipful Mayor of Stratford-on-Avon, refusing to play Hamlet at any price, though, as it turns out, he had already expended $1,500 on the preparations. It also seems that this, or something, has given him a fever, a relapse in the recovery from his accident, so that he could not play Hamlet if he would. So poor SHAKESPEARE must put up with what can be got in place of PHELPS and FECHTER. For my part, I think, failing Stratford-on-Avon, I will join Mr. SKETCHLEY'S Frenchman in a pilgrimage to Stratford-le-Bow.

MONADNOCK.

THE DRAFT IN NEW-JERSEY.—The draft in the State of New-Jersey has been ordered to commence on the 3d of May. The drawings will be by sub-districts, in the following order of districts: First, Second, Third, Fifth, Fourth. After the drawing shall have been completed in the First District, it will be continued in the Second, and so on to the last.

NAVAL OPERATIONS ON RED RIVER.

Admiral Porter's Official Report.

MISSISSIPPI SQUADRON, FLAG-SHIP CRICKET,
OFF GRAND ECORE, La., April 14, 1864.

SIR: I had the honor of reporting to you the movements of the squadron as far as Alexandria, and the intentions of Gen. BANKS to move on at once to Shreveport. He deemed the coöperation of the gunboats so essential to success, that I had to run some risks, and made unusual exertions to get them over the falls. The army started on the appointed day, and I pushed up the gunboats to cover them (if there should be need) as fast as they got over the falls. The vessels arrived at Grand Ecore without accident, and had good water, the river apparently about to reach its usual stage at this season.

The *Cricket, Eastport, Mound City, Chillicothe, Carondolet, Pittsburgh, Ozark, Neosho, Osage, Lexington, Fort Hindman* and *Louisville* were the vessels sent up, and a fleet of thirty transports followed them.

Grand Ecore was occupied by our forces without opposition—the works deserted. Lieut.-Commander PHELPS captured one 32-pounder on the river below Grand Ecore, which he destroyed, making twenty-two guns captured from the enemy since we entered the river. The army had arrived at Natchitoches, near Grand Ecore, when I got up here, and were preparing for an immediate march. As the river was rising very slowly, I would not risk the larger vessels by taking them higher up, but started on the 7th of April for Shreveport with the *Cricket, Fort Hindman, Lexington, Osage, Neosho and Chillicothe*, with the hope of getting the rest of the vessels along when the usual rise came. Twenty transports were sent along filled with army stores, and with a portion of Gen. A. J. SMITH'S Division on board. It was intended that the fleet should reach Springfield Landing on the third day, and then communicate with the army, a portion of which expected to be at Springfield at that time.

I found the difficulties of navigation very great, but we reached the point specified within an hour of the time appointed. At this point we were brought to a stop; the enemy had sunk a very large steamer, the *New Falls City*, right across the river, her ends resting on each bank, and her hull broken in the middle, resting on the bottom. This was a serious obstruction, but I went to work to remove it. Before I commenced operations, however, a courier came in from Gen. BANKS, bringing the unpleasant and most unexpected news that "our army had met with a reverse," and was falling back to Pleasant Hill, some sixty miles in our rear. Orders also came to Gen. KILBY SMITH to return to Grand Ecore with the transports and the troops he had with him. Here was an end to our expedition for the present, and we reluctantly turned back, after having nearly reached the object we were aiming at.

The information we received was of a very unsatisfactory kind, and we did not know really what was the exact state of affairs, no letters having been sent by post courier.

It would be very difficult to discribe the return passage of the fleet through this narrow and snaggy river. As long as our army could advance triumphantly it was not so bad, but we had every reason to suppose that our return would be interrupted in every way and at every point by the enemy's land forces, and we were not disappointed. They commenced on us from the high banks of a place called Coushatta, and kept up a fire of musketry whenever an opportunity was offered them. By a proper distribution of the gunboats I had no trouble in driving them away, though from the high banks they could fire on our decks almost with impunity. As we proceeded down the river they increased in numbers, and as we only made thirty miles a day they could cross from point to point and be ready to meet us on our arrival below. On the left bank of the river, a man by the name of HARRISON, with 1,000 cavalry and four or five pieces of artillery, was appointed to follow us down and annoy us. It was very fortunate for us that this person and his command were lately severely handled by a gunboat, (a few weeks ago,) which made them careful about coming within range.

On the evening of the 12th instant we were attacked from the right bank of the river by a detachment of men of quite another character. They were a part of the army which two or three days previous had gained success over our army, and flushed with victory, or under the excitement of liquor, they appeared suddenly upon the right bank, and fearlessly opened fire on the *Osage*, Lieut.-Commander T. O. SELFRIDGE, (iron-clad,) she being hard aground at the time, with a transport (the *Black Hawk*) alongside of her, towing her off. The rebels opened with 2,000 muskets, and soon drove every one out of the *Black Hawk* to the safe casemates of the monitor. Lieut. BACHE had just come from his vessel, (the *Lexington*,) and fortunately was enabled to pull up to her again, keeping close under the bank, while the *Osage* opened a destructive fire on these poor deluded wretches, who, maddened by liquor, and led on by their officers, were vainly attempting to capture an iron vessel. I am told that their hootings and actions baffle description. Force after force seemed to be brought up to the edge of the bank, where they confronted the guns of the iron vessel only to be mowed down by grapeshot and canister. In the mean time Lieut. BACHE had reached his vessel, and widening the distance between him and the *Osage*, he opened a cross-fire on the infuriated rebels, who fought with a mad desperation and contempt against certain destruction that it could only be accounted for in one way. Our opinions were verified on inspection of some of the bodies of the slain, the men actually smelling of Louisiana rum. The affair lasted nearly two hours before the rebels fled. They brought off two pieces of artillery, one of which was quickly knocked over by the *Lexington's* guns, the other they managed to carry off. The cross fire of the *Lexington* finally decided this curious affair of a fight between infantry and gunboats. The rebels were mowed down by her canister, and finally retreated in as quick haste as they had come to the attack, leaving the space of a mile covered with dead and wounded, and knapsacks. A dying rebel informed our men that Gen. GARDE had his head blown off, which I do not vouch for as true; if true, it is a serious loss to the rebels. Night coming on, we had no means of ascertaining the damage done to the rebels. We are troubled no more from the right bank of the river, and a party of five hundred men, who were marching to cut us off, were persuaded to change their mind after hearing of the unfortunate termination of the first expedition. That same night I ordered the transports to proceed, having placed the gunboats at a point where the rebels had a battery. All the transports were passed safely, the rebels not firing a shot in return to the many that were bursting over the hills.

The next morning, the 13th inst., I followed down myself, and finding at Canette, six miles from Grand Ecore, by land, that they had got aground, and would be some time getting through, I proceeded down in this vessel to Grand Ecore, and got Gen. BANKS to send on troops enough to keep the guerrillas away from the river. We were fired on as usual after we started down, but when I had the troops sent up, the transports came along without any trouble. This has been an expedition where a great deal of labor has been expended, a great deal of individual bravery shown, and on which occasions the Commander-in-Chief is apt to find out the metal of which his officers are made, and on future occasions it will enable him to select those who will not likely fail in the time offered. To Lieut.-Commander T. O. SELFRIDGE, commanding *Osage*, and Lieut. Geo. M. BACHE, commanding *Lexington*, I am particularly indebted for the gallant manner in which they defended their vessels, and for their management during the expedition, always anticipating and intelligently carrying out my wishes and orders.

I found the fleet at Grand Ecore somewhat in an unpleasant situation, two of them being above the bar and not likely to get away again this season, unless there is a rise of a foot. I could not provide against this when over a hundred miles up the river. If nature does not change her laws, there will no doubt be a rise of water, but there was one year, 1845, when there was no rise in the Red River, and it *may* happen again. The rebels are cutting off the supply, by diverting different sources of water into other channels, all of which would have been stopped had our army arrived as far as Shreveport. I have done my best, and no have the officers and men under my command) to make this expedition a success throughout, and do not know that we have failed in anything we have undertaken. Had we not heard of the retreat of the army, I should have gone on to the end. A wise Providence, which rules and directs all things, has thought proper to stay our progress, and throw impediments in the way, for some good reason. We have nothing left but to try it again, and hold on to this country with all the force we can raise. It is just as valuable to us and important to the cause as any other portion of the Union. Those who have interests here, and are faithful to the Government, have a right to our protection, and when this point of Louisiana is conquered, we hold Arkansas and all the right bank of the Mississippi, without firing another gun.

There is a class of men who have during this war shown a good deal of bravery and patriotism, and who have seldom met with any notice from those whose duty it is to report such matters. I speak of the pilots on the Western waters. Without any hope of future reward through fame, or in a pecuniary way, they inter into the business of piloting the transports through dangers that would make a faint-hearted man quail. Occupying the most exposed position, a fair mark for a sharpshooter, they are continually fired at, and often hit, without so much as a mention being made of their gallantry. On this expedition they have been much exposed, and have shown great gallantry in managing their vessels while under fire, in this, to them, unknown river. I beg leave to pay this small tribute to their bravery, and must say, as a class, I never knew a braver set of men.

I beg leave to mention favorably Acting Master H. H. GARRINGE, commanding this vessel. He has shown great zeal, courage and ability during this expedition, serving his guns rapidly and well, at his post night and day, ready for anything, and assisting materially in getting the transports by dangerous points, mounting one of his two 10-pound howitzers on his upper deck, he was enabled to sweep the bank in all directions, and one or two fires had the desired effect. He was of great service to me throughout the expedition; was slightly wounded, but nothing of consequence, (owing to his exposing himself so much.) I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

DAVID D. PORTER, Rear-Admiral.
Hon. GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of the Navy.

SECRETARY SEWARD IN BALTIMORE.

A Speech at the Maryland State Fair.

From the Baltimore American, April 29.

On last evening, Hon. WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State, accompanied by the Ministers of Russia, France, Prussia, Italy, Belgium, Sweden, Brazil, Peru, Chili and Costa Rica, and several ladies, visited the fair, where a very large assemblage of citizens were in waiting to receive them.

They were received by the Committee of Reception, and introduced to the President of the State Fair, W. J. ATHEAR, Esq., under whose escort they made a circuit of the fair. On reaching the New-England Kitchen, they were welcomed in a few brief and eloquent remarks by R. SOCKETT MATHEWS, Esq., to which Mr. SEWARD responded.

In response to the remarks of Mr. MATHEWS, Secretary SEWARD said he was afraid in the zeal more newly born which he had seen evinced for the freedom, as well as the equality of all men, that he might be considered as making but a feeble response to the flattering and complimentary remarks addressed to him. But he was an honest man, and never could suppress an infirmity. He would say that there was one thing that he loved more than the freedom of the white man or the freedom of the black man, one thing more than all else—and that was his country. [Applause.] He did not know whether his views were philosophical or not—people differ on this point—but he was sure he was right.

There is no question now about human freedom. It is a question that has been settled, and whatever may happen, nothing can change that settlement. The principle of the equality of mankind is already on the point of being established, and in establishing the great truth our country has come into peril. Our business now is to serve our country, and in so doing we serve it for the cause of freedom for all the world. How shall we act to secure this precious casket, which contains the germ of human freedom, that is now being attacked by a revolution which commenced in Baltimore in April, 1861? It is to combine all the patriots everywhere in the country against the traitorous efforts that are being made against the Union. He had laid down for himself certain principles for his guidance, and one of them was to give unlimited confidence to the Union men of all the Border States. He had sent into a dungeon a Legislature of Maryland that was treasonable—[applause]—but he had never uttered a word against any Union man because he did not agree with him in all things, for he might come up to and go ahead of his standard to-morrow. He had no point of difference with any citizen of Maryland as long as he was in favor of the Union. [Applause.] I would like to have them think that Slavery ought to be abolished; [applause;] but he did not quarrel with him if he did not, because, if he was a loyal man, he would eventually think so. [Applause.]

Mr. SEWARD said that if he had had his way all of the Border States would have been held in the Union and would now have been members of it. A sufficient force should have been placed in each of them to sustain their Union men, and by conciliation with the seceders the evils they have suffered would have been averted. He did not have his way and we had to fight. We are able to fight them all, and would have been able to fight Maryland, too, if she had gone wrong.

Mr. SEWARD spoke at considerable length, and in concluding said it was now shown that Slavery must be abolished ere we have peace, and the first legally-called convention of the people to abolish it was now sitting in Annapolis, the capital of the State of Maryland; and, honored as the ancient city was by its past history, it would be ten thousand times more honored as the capital of that State that was first to pronounce the fiat of State Right authority against Slavery.

On the conclusion of his remarks he was greeted with much applause. Three cheers were given, on the proposition of somebody in the room, for "Old Darling Abe Lincoln," and also for the Foreign Ministers, when the company left the Kitchen and visited the Art Gallery, and shortly after retired from the hall.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE.

Advice of Hon. J. J. Crittenden to a Young Lawyer.

No. 41 PARK ROW, NEW-YORK, April 12, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

While a law student in the office of Messrs. FERGUSON & LONG, of Cincinnati, of which firm the junior partner is now so notorious, in consequence of the introduction of a resolution to expel him from Congress, (and who, by the way, personally, is one of the best of men living,) I had the honor of eliciting from that noble man and distinguished patriot, unhappily now deceased, JOHN J. CRITTENDEN, the following lesson of advice to a young lawyer, which may be of use to the entire profession, and of especial service to those who practice the leading vice of the bar—the abuse of witnesses. A recent case of such abuse suggested the idea of publishing this letter. It is also well, perhaps, that the instructions of so great a lawyer should be generally read by the junior members of the bar; and I hope that they will be more strictly followed by others than they have been by him to whom they were individually communicated. JNO. S. BENSON.

LETTER FROM MR. CRITTENDEN.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 23, 1854.

DEAR SIR: I have received and perused with deep interest your letter of the 13th of the last month. I would have answered it at once but that I was, at the moment about to leave home, and circumstances have postponed my writing till now.

You are pleased to ask my advice as to your course for the future, and I wish it was in my power to suggest something that might be useful to you. But all that I can say is so obvious, that it must have occurred to you, and in saying anything I shall feel as though I was uttering mere common-place things.

You have selected the law for your profession, and I think you have chosen well. Your letter is sufficient evidence that your character and talents are equal to the task, and the difficulties and struggles through which you have passed prove that you possess all the resolution and energy necessary to your future success. But in the profession you have chosen that success is not to be obtained without a price. It requires study, reflection and persevering diligence. Many young men seem to think that when they have been admitted to the bar they may lay aside their books. You, I am sure, will come to no such conclusion, but rather think that your coming to the bar is but the commencement of your more serious study of the law. You then begin for the first time to see the practical application and working of those legal principles and doctrines, which had before engaged your attention only as theories and abstractions. This practice develops those principles, enlarges your views of them, and fastens them upon your mind. You can read then with more profit and advantage. Then is the time for fruitful study. Read your books habitually and constantly, and reflect on what you read. All that you gain from it will then be *your own*, and not merely *remembered as another's*.

Reading and study are the requisites to great success at the Bar.

Though the law must be the principal subject of your studies, you should not confine yourself to that. History, rhetoric, and all that general information which enables a lawyer to grace his cause, to explain his views perspicuously, and to embellish them if he pleases, ought to have their proper share of attention. This seems to be a wide field for labor, and one may be frightened at the prospect. But it may all be accomplished, and easily, by him who will undertake systematically, and with the right *spirit, energy and ambition*.

Young lawyers at their commencement are not generally much troubled with clients; they ought to arm themselves with patience. Do not be discouraged at this. It is the noviciate of all. You cannot expect to sow and to reap the same day. When you have not clients you will your books, and these will reward you, if attended to.

The profession in which you have engaged is a noble one. Cherish a lofty idea of its dignity and importance, and conform all your conduct to that sentiment. I have often been disgusted with the rudeness of the Bar, and especially toward witnesses. Such conduct gains nothing to the lawyer or his cause, and ought to make an unfavorable impression against both. Firm and resolute he ought to be in his client's cause, but these qualities are not inconsistent with the highest courtesy.

Your diffidence will be no impediment in your way, or at least, it will be soon overcome. So far as I know, it has been felt and acknowledged by all who ever rose to any eminence in the profession. It is but a part of that sensibility which is necessary to every character of any worth. The best way to overcome it, is to be *well prepared—thoroughly prepared* in all your cases. That will give some confidence.

I think a young lawyer could not do better than, for the first years of his practice, to write his speeches at full length. It would give him a facility and style of writing that would be of great and lasting advantage to him.

I have made this letter greatly longer than I expected or intended. When a man is asked for *advice*, there is something in it so flattering that he does not know well when to stop. My motive must excuse me; it has been to show a disposition at least, to serve one who has interested me as you have. I have a presentiment of your success almost as strong and ardent as are my sincere wishes for it. I do not wish to impose on you the idea that I have read, or studied, or written as I have recommended to you. I recommend it to you because I neglected it, and have been made sensible of that neglect through life. You can do it, and will feel its advantages through life.

With my best and most earnest good wishes for your success and welfare, I am, very respectfully, yours, &c., J. J. CRITTENDEN.

J. S. BENSON, Esq.

Emigration—A Suggestion.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Having noticed in several journals lately, your own among the number, a recommendatio to manufacturers, farmers and others in want of workmen, to procure them from Europe, I was surprised that in none of the articles, was one very serious objection referred to, viz.: that a contract made in a foreign country is invalid in this.

Manufacturers who are obliged to procure their workmen in Europe, frequently have no return for the passage money they have paid for those people, who often leave them in a day or two after arriving in this country, and the employers have no redress.

If a law could be passed, making valid all contracts entered into and signed before an American Consul, this difficulty would be remedied, and we should have plenty of skilled workmen and women in all branches of manufactures.

A CONSTANT READER OF THE TIMES.
APRIL 5, 1864.

Mississippi Valley Sanitary Fair.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Many of those desiring to aid this worthy object, advertised in our columns, feel that our great fair just closed has been quite a tax on their purse-strings, but they are in possession of various articles purchased here, which they would be willing to donate at some price to be named, as money in aid of the St. Louis Fair. The committee will gladly receive any such contributions and give the individuals full credit of it in the published list of contributors to be made from time to time. Many articles will again meet with ready sale at the coming St. Louis Fair, and thus the donor be helping the Sanitary Commission a double amount.

Coal-Dust and Saw-Dust Fuel.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I have often observed among coal-yards a large amount of coal-dust that looked to me as if a most profitable use might be made of it, and an article of economy to housekeepers to burn in grates and stoves properly manufactured. I would, therefore, suggest to some man of ingenuity to take this dust, combine it with sawdust, wet it, and mould it with some adhesive substance, in the shape of bricks, and dried. Thus prepared, it seems to me it would make one of the most beautiful articles of fuel ever burnt, besides the large amount of calorie it would give out, making a most cheerful and delightful fire.

WILLIAM STREET.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE CENTRAL PARK.

Recent Improvements—Action of the Legislature.

The Park is fast becoming the most attractive feature of our City life. A promenade on Broadway or the Avenue no longer furnishes the needed post-meridian relaxation. The man of business forgets, for a few hours, the excitement of his calling, and lightens his cares by a drive over the smoothly kept roads, or a ride along the bridle-path. The lady of fashion finds a new source of enjoyment while a noble pair of prancing bays whirls her phæton along the crowded drive. The reigning belle of the season completes the conquest begun at the last *fête*, amidst the opening beauties of the vernal groves or on the broad terraces of the Mall.

But the interest and the pleasure which spring from familiar visits to this delightful ornament of the Metropolis do not centre wholly in the wealthy and fashionable portion of our people. The artisan and the laborer, with their little family flocks, the sewing-woman with attenuated face and feeble pace, all find restored health and a cheering solace in the unpolluted breath of the country and in gazing upon the accumulated treasures of art in this enchanting scene.

Visitors from other lands also admit their gratification in viewing the spacious grounds and diversified scenery, taking care always to remind us that we do not compare favorably with the treasures they have left beyond the Atlantic. Hyde Park and the Bois-du-Boulogne, in their judgment, far transcend these newly discovered beauties, and of course we must submit to the criticism with an acrid softening down of our self-esteem.

Our country friends, the farmers who raise fine stock, have learned to think of the Park as the market opened to them for the reception of every well-bred and fleet steed their grazing land and training stables can produce.

And still the work goes on; each returning Spring brings out new charms, fresh from the hand of nature, to challenge our admiration, while art assiduously strives for the mastery. Animated nature also enters into the contest. Switzerland and Italy, the Alps and the Abennines, the frozen climes and the tropics, have sent their contributions to swell these unnumbered graces of the Park.

In short, the mind that cannot find something to admire and study—something to enlarge its sphere of thought, in a ride or a ramble through these fairy grounds, must, indeed, be

"—— fit for stratagem and spoils."

The Legislature has recently shown its appreciation of the value and importance of this municipal domain, in granting power to enlarge its boundaries by a connection with Manhattan Park, and also in adding an entirely new feature, by placing the improvement of the upper portion of the Seventh-avenue under the control of the Board of Commissioners.

Judging from the past success of this efficient and disinterested body of citizens, we feel confident that some striking results will follow the action of the Legislature.

Manhattan Park lies contiguous to the Central on the west side of Eighth-avenue at Eightieth-street, and it will probably be devoted to the development of additional collections in natural history; while the contemplated opening of the Seventh-avenue will offer new attractions for villa residences on that spacious entrance to the Park through its northern gates.

These recent modifications of the original plan of the park are due to the taste and enterprise of a number of our public-spirited citizens, living in the neighborhood of the projected improvements, among whom no one has been more active and efficient than Mr. JOHN MCCLAVE, who may well congratulate himself on the success of his persistent efforts to embellish that section of our City.

Open spaces of ornamented grounds have always been regarded among the most attractive features of great cities; and that parks are the lungs of a city has passed into a proverb.

The First NAPOLEON set a noble example to monarchs having the power thus to alleviate the evils inseparable from closely packed populations. It is a grand idea that a republican City has followed in the pathway thus designated. We cannot but think that the coming generations will be grateful to the rulers of our day, who have thus beneficently provided bountiful sources of healthful recreation for the people at large. Posterity will not be apt to count the cost of adding the graces of artistic finish to the natural grandeur of Central Park.

TURF RECORD.

Trotting at the Fashion Course Yesterday.

The purse of $100, best 3 in 5, to wagons, yesterday, had originally 13 entries, but the result of the last few days reduced the appearances at the score to a trio, it appearing to be a foregone conclusion that from the power *Stonewall Jackson* had previously shown, and the easy style in which he had disposed of his competitors, that the race was his own. The advantageous change in the weather had not only a marked beneficial influence on the track, but on the attendance of the visitors, which embraced a strong delegation of the leading sporting-men of New-York and its vicinity, and the owners, trainers and patrons of the trotting-turf. It was presumed by some that the form, speed and bottom which had been previously exhibited by *Stonewall Jackson* was but an equine ephemera, liable to displacement at any moment. The admirers of the Jersey mare, *Lady Collins*, had time and again expressed their convictions that she was fully capable, not only of reversing all previous decisions, but of bringing *Stonewall* down to exceedingly short time; while the friends of *Gen. Grant*, who came out with such a rush, and so miserably disappointed his backers when the odds of 3 to 1 were laid on him, felt assured that he had overcome his perverseness, and could be brought down through exercise in the interim to a fair and square trot, without breaking up as recklessly as he had previously done.

A few unlimited pools were sold during the morning, and these pretty plainly indicated the feelings of those interested in the result. In the first *Stonewall Jackson* fetched $50; the mare $10, and *Grant* $5. In the second the prices ruled with the same choice, $40, $5, and $4; but prior to the start $4 to $1 was freely laid on *Stonewall*, and found no takers.

First Heat—There was a succession of vain attempts at scoring, the majority of which were attributable to the nervous irritability of *Gen. Grant*. At the sixth, they succeeded in getting off—*Stonewall* having the inside of the track. Taking the turn, the positions remained the same, but almost immediately *Gen. Grant* went off his legs; at the quarter pole *Lady Collins* went up to *Stonewall* and lapped him in "forty," but quickly retired leaving *Stonewall* with a strong lead down the back stretch—to the half and three-quarter; at the lower turn it was quite evident that *Stonewall Jackson* could distance his competitors; but he was eased up, coming home the easiest of winners, in 2:34½. At the three-quarter pole *General Grant* got into a good square trot, and managed to save his distance fairly out of the fire.

Second Heat—There was no betting of the slightest consequence, *Stonewall* being booked the winner to the deadest of certainties. There were the same innumerable attempts at scoring, and nearly the same orders to return, owing to the impulsiveness of *Grant*, who persisted in running instead of trotting in accordance with the regulations. *Lady Collins* having been distanced in the previous heat, the final race was narrowed to him and *Stonewall Jackson*, who appeared perfectly fresh and fit to trot for anything. Almost as soon as the word was given on passing the stand, *Grant* went off his feet. *Stonewall* taking a strong lead, increasing it to the half and quarter; both went up here, but were brought down to their work again; but *Stonewall* had so strong a lead that the balance of the trot was a mere burlesque, *Stonewall* coming home the easiest of victors, amid an unlimited amount of badinage hurled at his competitor, in 2:36½.

SUMMARY.

FASHION COURSE—Friday, April 29.—Purse $100—mile heats, three in five, to wagons.

Mr. R. OGLES' b. g. Stonewall Jackson	1	1
Owner's br. g. Gen. Grant	2	2
Mr. T. CREGAN's s. m. Lady Collins	3	dis.
J. F. NODINE's g. g. Pleasure Boy		dr.
H. WEED's b. g. Capt. Benham		dr.
Dr. MACK's br. m. Lady Lambert		dr.
H. WOODRUFF's b. g. Ship Timber		dr.
S. MCLAUGHLIN's g. g. Sam		dr.
J. LOVETT's s. m. Lady Winthrop		dr.
D. PFEIFER's br. m. Cosette		dr.
H. F. JONES' br. m. The Thomas Mare		dr.
—— DRAKE's b. m. Irish Maid		dr.

Time—First Heat—Quarter, 00:40; half, 1:17; mile, 2:34½.

Second Heat—Quarter, 00:40; half, 1:20; mile, 2:36½.

RUNNING AT THE FASHION—Thursday, April 28.—Match of ———, Single Dash—One Mile.

Mr. W. GORLICK names g. Patsey Marley	1
Mr. MCLAUGHLAN names g. General Lee	dis.

Time, 2:06½.

TROTTING AT THE UNION COURSE—SUMMARY.

UNION COURSE, L. I., April 28.—Match $500, 2 in 3, in harness.

E. KELLEY named br. m. Fanny Walker	1	1
S. STORM named gr. g. ———	2	dis.

Time, 2:51—2:47.

The Grand-street Arson Case.

REARREST OF MARK TOPLITZ.

MARK TOPLITZ was arrested on the 15th of February last by order of Capt. STERRS, of the Thirteenth Precinct, on the charge of setting fire to a hat and cap store situated at No. 386½ Grand-street, owned at the time by the accused. Fire Marshal BAKER made an examination of the case, and on the strength of the testimony adduced, Justice MANSFIELD held him to bail in the sum of $5,000, to answer the charge of arson. The papers were transmitted to the District-Attorney, and the counsel for the accused took the case before Recorder HOFFMAN, who, on the affidavits presented, discharged the prisoner. It appears that there was other testimony that did not come before the Recorder, and yesterday the latter official issued a warrant for the rearrest of TOPLITZ. Officer TIMPSON, of the Thirteenth Precinct, took him into custody, and he was again held to bail in $5,000 to answer.

The New Tax Bill.

The Annual Income Tax, under the Revenue laws of the United States, will be due on the first Monday in May. The rate of taxation will be, according to the amended Tax Law, five per cent. on all incomes in excess of six hundred dollars, except such parts of incomes as may be received from United States securities, which will be taxed at the rate of two and a half of one per cent.

The income tax is required to be paid, in all cases, in the district where the party resides.

The blanks necessary to be filled can be procured at the office of the assessors of the various districts, or from the assistant assessors.

It is understood that no penalty will be imposed on returns of incomes presented within ten days from the first Monday in May; after which time delinquents will be subjected to the penalty prescribed by law.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL NO. 33.—A few days ago an exhibition was given at the Academy of Music by the pupils attached to the Public Schools of the Twentieth Ward. Yesterday, in accordance with general desire, some of the performances participated in by the above-mentioned school were repeated, for the gratification of parents and others interested. It was certainly a great success. Some of the tableaux were beautiful exceedingly. To the very worthy Principal, Miss CLARA M. EDMONDS, assisted by Miss POURROY and Miss MAHON, is due the credit of having contributed to the pleasure and gratification of those who witnessed them.

THE TWELFTH-STREET SHOOTING AFFRAY.—Officer SAMUEL FRAZIER, of the Eleventh Precinct, who shot JAMES FAREY a few nights since while in the discharge of his duty at the corner of Avenue C and Twelfth-street, has been taken into custody, and yesterday he was held to bail by Justice MANSFIELD, of the Essex Market Police Court, in the sum of $2,000, to answer. Bail was also required of the officer to the extent of $300, to answer the charge of assault and battery on PATRICK HEALY, the person whom he was attempting to arrest at the time he was interfered with by the crowd.

THEFT OF $1,800.—WM. WOODS was arrested yesterday, charged with having stolen three trunks, containing articles valued at $1,800 from the steamer *Columbia*, belonging to JOSEPH HYLAND, recently arrived from England. The accused was taken before Justice MANSFIELD and committed for trial. A portion of the goods were recovered.

SANITARY COMMISSION CONCERT.—A concert in aid of the Sanitary Commission will be given by Mrs. SPEUIN and her pupils, at Dodworth's Hall, on Thursday evening next, MAY 5. Many talented young ladies will appear on this occasion, and among them a Miss HARRISON, who has a very remarkable contralto voice, and who is studying for the operatic stage.

THE MARY POWELL.—The steamer *Mary Powell* has resumed her trips for the Summer between this City, Rondout and intermediate landings. Her time table is advertised in another column.

Naval Movements.

PROGRESS OF LOCAL MEN OF WAR.

A visit to the naval ship-yards, in the Metropolis, reveals the fact that unusual activity prevails in the constructing of war steamers for the Government. The following vessels are now building here, some of them having been only commenced:

Name.	Class.	Where Building.
Dunderberg	Iron-clad ram	Mr. Webb.
Cohoes	Light draught iron-clad	Greenpoint.
Modoc	Light draught iron-clad	Greenpoint.
Puritan	Iron-clad	Greenpoint.
Muscoota	Iron-steamer	Greenpoint.
Idaho	Great screw-frigate	Greenpoint.
Matawacca	Great screw-frigate	Navy-yard.
Wampanoag	Great screw-frigate	Navy-yard.
Katamazoo	Great iron-clad	Navy-yard.
Nahbuc	Light draught iron-clad	Williamsburg.
Dictator	Ocean iron-clad	New-York.
Mohongo	Iron-steamer	Jersey City.
Mahopac	Iron-clad	Jersey City.

All these vessels are on the stocks save the *Dictator*. The *Dunderberg* is making more rapid progress now than for months. A portion of the armor is on the hull, and it is expected will be ready for launching in a short time. At Greenpoint, the ocean iron-clad *Puritan*, is going on slowly, and there is no knowing

way lying or moving so as to impede or embarrass her action.

Held by the Court—That the duty was cast on the ferry-boat to pass clear of the pilot-boat.

That the claimants have failed to make satisfactory proof of any wrongful or mistaken act on the part of the pilot-boat causing the accident, and the ferry-boat is accordingly responsible for the consequences.

Decree for libelants, with a reference to compute damages.

For libelants, H. & W. Q. Morton; for claimants, J. F. Williams.

Sentence of a Counterfeiter.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Before Judge Hall.

The United States vs. William T. Poynton.—The prisoner in this case pleaded guilty to an indictment against him for passing an altered Treasury note. He was brought up for sentence some days since, but made an application to the Court to suspend sentence, that an application might be made to the President for leave to enter the navy, and on this application he furnished affidavits of good character. The matter then stood over till this morning, when the District Attorney desired to be heard to contradict these affidavits. Instead, however, of furnishing affidavits in opposition, he proposed to put his witnesses on the stand before the Judge, which was done by the consent of all parties. Witnesses accordingly were called, one of whom was formerly the wife of the notorious Billy Mulligan, who testified that she had been living with Poynton here in this City and in Washington in houses of ill fame, and that he had, though having a wife living here, been guilty of various acts of immorality with various women.

Mr. Poynton was put on the stand himself, but did not deny the main facts stated against him, though he tried to excuse them in some measure.

The evidence being closed, Poynton's counsel said they should like to have some intimation from the Judge as to the effect of such testimony from such witnesses.

Judge HALL said that the accused did not deny the main facts, and there could be no doubt that if these facts had been known to the public he could not have been considered a person of good character, at least in the section of country where he lived.

The counsel then addressed the court in behalf of his client who had been led astray, he said, but no act of dishonesty had been proved against him, and this was his first offence, for which he had already been in prison for the last six months.

Judge HALL then proceeded to sentence the prisoner substantially as follows:

You have been convicted on your own confession of passing a counterfeit Treasury note. An application has been made to suspend sentence in order that you might be allowed by the President to enter the navy, and this application was made on affidavits of good character. Subsequent events have shown that neither the District-Attorney nor the court should join in any such representations; and the court must proceed to pass sentence. The statute leaves the court a large discretion as to the amount of punishment which it may determine upon. You are a young man of intelligence, and must have understood the danger that you were incurring when you entered upon this career of crime. You must have been aware that the safety of the public requires that these offences must be punished with severity enough to prevent others from committing them.

The court is not inclined to sentence you to a very long term, but to one long enough to show you and all others that the courts of the United States will punish severely all engaged in such crimes. The term will be long enough to afford you ample time for reflection and to convince you, I trust, that honesty is the best policy, even in a worldly point of view—and the court trusts that you will feel the evil consequences of crime and of immorality such as you have been guilty of, and that after your term of punishment shall expire you may be honest and sober and endeavor to obtain a good reputation.

The sentence of the court is that you pay a fine of $1 and be imprisoned at hard labor for the term of two years.

The prisoner's wife, who was present, was a good deal affected, but he seemed himself to be unmoved.

Trade-Marks—The Injunction Against Kendall's Amboline Dissolved.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Peckham.

Henry H. Sterling vs. Edward Kendall and Robert Kellam.—This was a motion to dissolve an injunction in the above case. Dr. Sterling, the proprietor of an article to promote the growth of the hair on bald heads, obtained an injunction against the proprietors of another article of the same nature, called Kendall's Amboline. The matter in controversy is mainly the right to use the portrait of a long-haired lady as a trade-mark. On the part of the defendants making the motion, it was shown that Sterling's Ambrosia never could have made the lady's hair grow to such a preternatural length, and an affidavit was read from a postmaster in the land of steady habits, who swore that he had known the lady in question in former times; that her hair had always been unusually long, but it was the natural growth of her head, and not produced by the use of any lotion; that Kendall had an equal right to use her portrait for his "Amboline;" that it was common practices to use such pictures. All charges of fraud against Mr. Kendall was withdrawn, and the question turned upon the similitude of the trade-marks. On the part of Dr. Sterling affidavits were produced from both Mrs. Brown and her son, showing that her hair had been short and thin, but that in 1858, she had been presented by her brother with some of Sterling's Ambrosia, which had caused her hair to grow to a great length, that after this she had been on exhibition at Barnum's Museum as a curiosity, and that her portrait was used as the disputed trade-mark. The court said that to maintain the injunction the case must be a clear one; that it would come on for trial soon on the merits, and that, therefore, the injunction must be dissolved.

D. W. Dodge, Esq., for the plaintiff; D. M. Porter, for defendant.

Liability of Innkeepers—Notice to Limit Responsibility.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Peckham.

Morrill vs. Hendrickson.—This was an action to recover $500 which was stolen from plaintiff at Coney Island, last Summer. Plaintiff, a resident of this City, while on a visit to Coney Island, stopped at the inn of the defendant, known as the "Pavilion." While there he determined to take a sea bath and with that view hired from the defendant the privilege of depositing his clothes in one of the bathing-houses which the defendant maintained in connection with his hotel. On leaving the water, plaintiff found the bathing-house unlocked, and his pocket-book, containing $500, missing. The defendant denied these allegations, and averred that he had posted notices to the effect that he would not be responsible for money and jewelry, unless they were deposited at the hotel. The defendant moved to remove this case from the Superior to the Supreme Court, and to change the place of trial to Queens County. He swore to six material witnesses in Hempstead. The plaintiff swore to six material witnesses in New-York. The motion was denied.

Walton, Spearman and Redfield for plaintiff; Armstrong and Fosdick for defendant.

Wills Admitted.

SURROGATE'S COURT.

Before Surrogate Tucker.

The following wills have been admitted to probate during the week. None of them contain anything of interest to the public: Lorenzo Jarvis, Peter McCarty, Mary Ann Burdock, Richard J. Kelly, William Mitchel, W. J. Vredenburgh, R. Woodford, John L. Draper.

The Fourth National Bank—Note from Hon. George Opdyke.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

My attention has been called to a malicious attack on me, in connection with the Fourth National Bank, in the financial columns of your paper of 28th inst. I cannot stoop to discuss statements so false and scurrilous. A sufficient refutation of them will be found in the following resolutions, unanimously adopted by the shareholders of that bank at a meeting held on Thursday last:

Resolved, That the shareholders express their entire satisfaction with the present condition of the institution; and, further,

Resolved, That the thanks of the shareholders are due and are hereby tendered to their late President, GEORGE OPDYKE, Esq., and to the retiring Board of Directors for the ability, integrity and financial prudence with which they have managed its affairs.

These resolutions furnish an ample vindication of my conduct as President of that bank. But inasmuch as the misrepresentations of your financial editor are calculated to mislead the public mind, both as to the nature and the issue of the controversy between some of the directors and myself, it is proper I should here present a brief statement of the facts.

The majority of the directors, for reasons best known to themselves, combined to perpetrate a flagrant wrong on the shareholders and myself by forcing me from the Presidency of the bank, without any valid cause and almost without an assigned pretext. This I could not permit without the sanction of the stockholders, three-fourths of whom had subscribed after my name had been publicly announced as the intended President, especially as I feared it was the purpose of some of them to use the bank for their personal ends, rather than for the benefit of its proprietors and of the public. The stockholders were accordingly called together and listened to the statements of both sides. They at once and with almost perfect unanimity adopted the proposition which I had previously made to the board and renewed to them, that all the directors should resign, and thus permit the constituent body to elect a new board. The request was made, but the members constituting the majority of the board, foreseeing that this would result in the reëlection of Mr. TAYLOR, Mr. LATHROP and myself, but not of either of them, peremptorily refused to resign, unless every member of the board should pledge himself not to accept a reëlection during the present year.

The stockholders owning and representing a clear majority of the stock represented at the meeting had, contrary to my wishes, expressed to me their desire and their determination to reëlect Mr. TAYLOR, Mr. LATHROP and myself, if the opportunity should be afforded them. The stockholders have no power under the law of removing the directors before January next; and as the majority put them at defiance, declaring their determination to hold on to their places, and thus force the bank into the courts, unless their demands should be complied with, I at once urged the leading stockholders to permit the minority to make the pledge demanded by the majority. With great reluctance they finally assented, and the meeting subsequently proceeded to select a new board of excellent men, most of whom are my personal friends.

Such has been the issue of this unpleasant controversy. It is in every respect such as I recommended and desired; and but for the refusal of the majority to resign unconditionally, it would have resulted in the reëlection, by an overwhelming vote of the shareholders of the minority, including myself. From assurances given me I know this to be the fact, and my opponents knew it also when they insisted, as a condition of their resigning, that myself and my friends in the board should pledge ourselves in advance not to accept a reëlection. I did not, however, desire a reëlection, although it would have been, perhaps, a deserved rebuke for such conduct as theirs. If they, or those who in their interest, write articles abusive of me can extract any consolation from the result, they are welcome to it.

GEORGE OPDYKE.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....APRIL 29, 1864.

$2,000	U. S. 6s,5-20s,R.	106⅛	200	Erie R. Pr........	107
1,000	U.S. 6s, 5-20s.C.	111⅜	50	do........	106⅜
6,000	do........	111⅜	250	do........	106⅜
14,000	do........	111⅞	500	Hud. R. R........	140
45,000	U. S.6s.1-yr.C..	98¾	400	do........	139¾
15,000	Treas. N. 7 3-10		100	do.......b5	140
	Oct.&Ap....	111	100	Harlem R........	220
5,000	Ky. State 6s....	105	100	do........s30	212
5,000	Ill. War Loan..	101⅛	800	Reading R........	137
5,000	Ten. S.6s '90.b30	60	600	do........	136¾
2,000	do........	58	500	do........b3	137
2,000	Virginia St. 6s..	51	100	Mich. Cen. R....	142
2,000	Mo. 6s. issued to		100	M. S.& N. I. G.S..	140
	Pac. R........	80	100	do........	139
2,000	Mo.State 6s........	70⅛	400	do........	138¾
5,000	California 7s....	140	25	Panama R........	245
20,000	Ohio & Miss C..	55⅜	200	M. So. & N.I. R..	99⅜
5,000	do........	55	100	do........	99⅜
5,000	do........	55⅛	100	do........	99⅜
2,000	Erie 3d M........	117	300	do........	99
4,000	Har. R.1st M....	116	100	Ill. Cen. Full S....	128
1,000	Mich. So. 2d M.	108	500	Ill. Cen. R. S....	129
1,000	Ill. Cen. Bs....	121	200	do........b10	129⅜
2,000	M.C.8sCo. 1stM.		500	Cleve. & Pitts. R..	112
	Sk. Fd.B....	130	100	do........	112⅜
2,000	C., B.& Q. 8s,1st	128	500	do........	112⅜
1,000	Al.& T.H. 2M.Pr	95	100	do........b30	112⅜
2,000	A.& T.H. In. B..	92	60	Clev.Col. & Cin. R	165
5,000	Tol.& W.2d M.ex	104	100	Gal. & Chi. R....	124⅜
5,000	Tol.& W. 1st M.	92⅜	100	do........	124⅜
1,000	Mil.& P.DuC.1M	115	1500	Cle. & Tol. R....	148
1,000	P.,F.W.&C. 2d.	111	1700	do........	147⅜
500	Cl.& Pitts.4thM.	89	600	do........	147
3,000	Miss. & Mo.L.G.	70	300	Chi. & R. I....b10	115
1,000	Mar. 1st M. B...	79⅛	100	do........	114⅜
6	Bank of the Repub	103	100	do........	114⅜
21	Merchants' Bank.	114	150	do........	114⅛
5	Shoe & Leather B'k.	105	50	do........	114⅜
100	Canton Co....b10	47	100	do........	114⅜
500	do........	46	50	Ch. B. & Quin....	140
35	Del. & H.Ca.Co....	235	50	do........	139
500	Cumb. Coal Pr....	77	150	do........	138⅜
100	do........b10	77⅜	100	M. & P. duC.R....	66
200	do........b10	77⅛	100	do........	65
100	Amer. Coal Co....	103	200	Tol. & Wab........	70⅜
200	Quicksilv. Min....	71	50	Tol. & Wab. Pref..	81
300	do........	70¾	100	P., F. W. & C....	117
100	do........	70⅝	50	do........	117⅛
200	do........	70⅜	100	do........b10	117¼
500	Bucks Co. Lead...	1¾	100	do........b10	117
100	Rut. Mar. Co...b10	24	150	Chi. & N. W. R..	56⅜
200	Qts. Hill M. Co....	15	200	do........s10	56⅜
200	GoldM.Co.Colr'...	4	400	do........	57
100	Cen. Am.Transit.	55	25	do........	58
250	Pac. M.S. Co....	227	100	do........b30	58⅜
350	N. Y. Cen........	136	300	do........b30	58
100	do........	135¾	100	Chi.. & N. W. Prf.	77
350	Erie R........	114¼	300	Chi. & Alt. R....	92
200	do........	114⅝	100	Chi. & Alt. Prf....	97
350	do........	114⅜	50	do........	96
100	do........b15	115	30	Mar. & Cin. 1st P.	75

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

100	N. Y. Central...b5	135⅜	500	Chi. & N. W........	56
100	do........s4	135	200	do........s3	56
400	Erie R........c	113⅞	200	Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	115⅝
400	do........s3	113⅞	100	do........	115⅜
200	do........b3	114	100	do........	115¼
100	Erie Pr........	107	200	do........b3	115⅜
400	Hudson R........	138⅞	10,000	Ohio & Miss.C...	54¾
900	do........	139	200	Canton Co........	45
300	do........b10	139¼	200	Cumberland Coal..	76
100	do........b15	139⅜	400	do........	76¼
200	Harlem R........	220	200	do........b3	76⅛
300	Reading R........	136⅜	400	do........	76⅜
300	do........b3	136¼	200	do........b10	77
300	M. S.& N.I. R....s3	98¾	100	Quicks. M. C......	70
100	do........	98¾	100	do........s30	69¼
300	M. S. & N. I.G.S.	138	100	do........s30	69
200	do........s3	138	100	do........b3	69⅜
100	Ill. Cen. R........c	128¼	100	do........s60	68
500	do........	128⅛	300	do........	69⅜
200	do........	128⅜	50	Q'ts. HillG.M.Co..	15
600	Clev.& Pitts.x-d..	111⅜	300	Rut. Marble Co.b10	24
1800	do........	111	100	Gold M. Co.. Colr..	3
200	do........s3	111	200	Bucks Co. Lead...	1⅝
100	Clev. & Tol. R....c	147⅜	1500	do........	1¾

FRIDAY, April 29—P. M.

The Customs Duties after to-day will be made one-half more than the recent rates under the tariff of 1862. The brief Joint Resolution of Congress, perfected last night, and supposed to have been approved by the President to-day, makes this important change for 60 days, before the expiration of which period, the whole Tariff System will be readjusted to meet the pressing demand of the Government and the People for increased Taxation, both direct and indirect, for the support of the War. Of course, there is some grumbling among the Importers about the suddenness of this preliminary action, but after all the enhanced rates of Customs Duties come out of the consumers of Foreign Merchandize. The loss to the Importer, *to-morrow*, because he was not able from the non-arrival of his Goods to take advantage af the rates of *to-day*, is merely one of profit. He will, no doubt, take especial care to mark up his Sugars, Coffee, Teas and other Foreign articles, upon the consumers, to correspond with the additional Taxes; which Taxes the consumers are quite ready, and thousands of them anxious, to pay, if it will only contribute to the support of the Public Credit, and to diminish the Public Loans for the prosecution of the War.

The joint resolution is operative for sixty days. The addition of one-half, during this period, to the Tariff of 1862, is significant of the purpose of Congress to more permanently readjust the Customs to a much higher scale of rates, *and this we have no doubt will be done.* The bulk of the intermediate arrivals of Foreign Goods may possibly go into Bond to await the chances of this readjustment, but we should doubt this if the Goods be desirable or marketable.

The price of Gold is 2 ₱ cent. lower than yesterday, although nearly a million and a half had to be provided for Customs. The special notice of the Joint Resolution had not been received at the Custom House at 3 o'clock, and the receipts, under the old rates, continued at the Cashier's office until after 4 o'clock.

The Currency rates of Exchange on London, for Saturday's steamers, were wholly unsettled by the fluctuations in Gold. The rates in Gold were 109½@110 ₱ cent.

The Money Market was comfortable at 7 ₱ cent. for borrowers on demand, while the inquiry from the Stock Exchange Brokers this week has sensibly fallen off.

Sales of the 10-40 Loan were made yesterday at the Treasury Office to the amount of $107,000, and to-day at the First National Bank, $209,000.

The Stock Exchange Board had but one session to-day, adjourning at 1 o'clock, to attend the funeral of the late Mr. RAINSFORD at 2½ o'clock P. M. After this hour there was not much business done on the Street. At the Morning Board there was a fair degree of steadiness in prices on the Railway list, but not sufficient speculation to maintain the signs of higher bidding after the first call. The Government Stocks were higher on the 5-20's. The following are the last figures quoted on the general market. Gold, 178½@178¼ ₱ cent.:

	Thur.	Fri.		Thur.	Fri.
U. S. 6s, 1861....	115	114⅛	Mich.Central....	141	140
U. S. 5-20's....	111⅜	111⅞	Mich Southern..	99	98¾
N. Y. Central....	135	135	Mich.Guarant'd.	134	138
Erie........	114¼	114	Illinois Cen....	128¼	127⅛
Erie Preferred..	106	106⅜	Pittsburgh......	111¾	111
Hudson........	140	139	Fort Wayne.....	116⅜	115¼
Pacific Mail.....	227⅜	227	Rock Island.....	113¼	113⅜
Harlem........	225	220	Galena........	123⅜	124
Canton........	46⅜	45	Reading........	138¾	136⅝
Treas. Cer. new..	98	98¼	Quicksilver.....	71	70⅜
Toledo........	147⅜	147⅜	Cum'land Coal..	76⅜	76⅜
Northwest......	56	56	Mariposa........	32⅜	32

There was little or nothing done in Bank Shares to-day. The following bids were made on the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s........	112	Alton & T. Haute firsts.	105
N. Y. Cen. 6s. '57........	110	Al. &T.H. seconds, Prf.	94
N. Y. Cen. 7s. '64........	102	Al. & T. H. 2ds. In........	82
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76........	117	Chi. & N. W. firsts....	93
N.Y. Cen. Con. '76........	134	Chi. & N. W. seconds..	90
Erie 1sts, '68........	113	Han. & St. Jo. 1sts....	100
Erie 2ds, '79........	121	Tol. & Wab. 1sts........	104
Erie 3ds. '83........	117	Tol. & Wab. Exten....	103¾
Erie fourths, '80........	115	Tol. & Wab. 2ds........	92
Erie 5ths. '88........	115⅜	Mil. & P. du Chien 1sts.	115
Hud. R. 1sts. '69........	114	Gal. & Chi. 2ds........	111
Harlem 1sts. '69 & '73..	115	Chi. & R. I. firsts........	110
Harlem seconds, '64....	100	Cleve. & Tol. S. F........	117
Harlem thirds, '68....	105	Pitts. Ft. W.& C.2ds....	111
Mich. C. new, 1sts, '82	130	Clev. & Pitts. firsts....	105
Chi. B. & Quincy 1sts..	128	Clev. & Pitts. 3ds........	104
Mich. S. seconds........	108	Clev. & Pitts. 4ths....	89
M. S. & N. Ind. S. F...	116	Chi. & Alt. Income....	94⅜
Ill. Central, '75........	120	Chi. & Miss........	90

There is a split in the Public Board of operators on the Stock Market. About 90 or 100 of the more responsible members of the Board Room, at the corner of William and Beaver streets, have withdrawn for a regular and responsible organization, on the payment of $500 by each member, and with rules and responsibilities not unlike the New-York Exchange Board. Before making this diversion this party united, yesterday, with the other attendants in the Room, in dividing the funds in the common treasury between their Chairman and Roll Keeper, about $800 to the former and $520 to the latter. The new organization will go into Broad-street on Monday next, May 2.

The following is a statement of the Earnings of the Prairie du Chien Road for the week ending April 21:

	1864.	1863.	From Jan. 1 to April 21. 1864.	1863.
Freight........	$20,574	$13,354	$245,006	$161,788
Passengers......	10,206	4,956	135,169	67,593
Mails and Rents	968	1,044	14,518	15,561
Total........	$31,750	$19,356	$394,687	$244,943

The day's business at the Office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New-York was as follows: Total receipts, $1,823,984 03, including for Customs, $1,167,100; total payments, $2,389,150 67; total balance, $36,881,125 91, and Ten-forties, $48,100.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HOWES & MACY,

(Late Officers of the Park Bank,)

BANKERS,

30 WALL STREET,

In Rooms lately occupied by J. J. CISCO, ESQ., U. S. Assistant Treasurer.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS; which may be drawn without previous notice, as with the City Banks.

Orders for the purchase or sale of UNITED STATES AND OTHER BONDS, CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, GOLD, SILVER, and all kinds of STOCKS, executed for the usual commission.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the collection of Notes, Checks, Bills of Exchange, &c., &c., on all accessible points of the United States and Canada. Checks for the proceeds will be sent to the owner's place of business without delay.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, April 29, 1864—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 79 bbls. Ashes; 10,093 bbls. Flour, 50 bbls. and 285 bags Corn Meal, 225 bushels Wheat, 8,692 bushels Barley, 165 bushels Oats, 1,500 pkgs. Provisions, and 1,037 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Have been inactive at $9 for Pots and $11 for Pearls ₱ 100 lbs.

CHEMICALS—Have been in more demand at buoyant prices.

COFFEE—Is in moderate demand and held much higher. We quote Java at 51c.@53c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo at 44c.@46c.; Rio at 44c.@46c.; Jamaica at 43c.@45c.; St. Domingo at 39c.@40c. ₱ lb.

COTTON—Is quiet and depressed. Strict Middlings at 82½c.@83c. ₱ lb. Sales and resales since our last, 1,000 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market has been very dull to-day for State and Western Flour, prices of which have declined again 10c.@15c. ₱ bbl. The home and export inquiry has been extremely limited. At the close the tendency was decidedly in favor of buyers. The receipts were fair and on the increase. Fresh supplies, known as being on the way from the interior, are much needed here, as the stock remaining in market after the Winter trade is quite light, and the assortment of desirable brands much restricted. Sales since our last, 6,400 bbls., including Superfine, State and Western, at $7 10@$7 40; poor to choice Extra State $7 40@$7 85, chiefly at $7 50@$7 60; round hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $7 80@$8 10, chiefly at $7 90@$8 ₱ bbl.

Superfine and Western............	$7 10	@$7 40
Extra State............	7 40	@ 7 85
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 60	@ 9 50
Extra Ohio, round hoop, ship brands.	7 80	@ 8 10
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands.	8 15	@ 9 75
Extra Genesee............	7 90	@ 9 75
Poor to very choice extra Missouri...	8 00	@11 00

Southern Flour continues heavy and drooping. Sales since our last, 1,200 bbls., at $7 75@$8 25 for poor to good; $8 30@$11 25 for fancy to choice extra brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour continues depressed; sales 850 bbls. extra, at $7 50@$9 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour is quiet, at $5 35@$6 65 ₱ bbl. Corn Meal continues in good demand, at $6 15@$6 25 for Jersey, and $6 40@$6 50 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl. Total sales 550 bbls. Also, 50 puncheons Brandywine, at $30 each.

GRAIN—Wheat has been neglected and prices, though quoted 2c.@3c. ₱ bushel lower, have been altogether nominal. The available supply of desirable lots is quite limited. Sales have been reported of 6,000 bushels, including White Western at $2; Amber Western at $1 87; Red Western at $1 80@$1 83; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay, at $1 75@$1 78; Milwaukee Club at $1 72@$1 75; Chicago Spring at $1 70@$1 73; and Amber Jersey at $1 70@$1 80, ₱ bushel. Corn is in slack demand and on the decline. Sales have been reported since our last of 29,000 bushels, at $1 30@$1 39½, closing at $1 39 for Mixed Western, $1 38 for unsound do.; $1 38@$1 39 for New Yellow Jersey and Southern, ₱ bushel. Rye continues very scarce and quiet, at $1 55@$1 58 ₱ bushel. Oats are less active and cheaper. We quote Canada at 85c.@86½c.; Western at 86c.@87½c.; State at 86c.@87½c.. ₱ bushel. Barley is dull at $1 35@$1 55, as extremes, ₱ bushel. Barley Malt, $1 55 @$1 60 ₱ bushel.

HAY—North River Bale is in fair demand, partly for Government use, at $1 45@$1 80 ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are salable and steady, at 18c.@30c. for poor to choice, ₱ lb.

HEMP—Manila has been in more request, and has advanced to 17c. ₱ lb., holders now asking even higher prices. Other kinds are quiet.

LATHS—Eastern are less active, yet quoted steady.

LUMBER—Is in fair request, and firm in price.

MOLASSES—The demand is moderate, at uniform rates. Cuba Muscovado, 85c.@90c. ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Are inactive, including Spirits of Turpentine, at $3 20@$3 25 ₱ gallon; Tar, $20@$22 50 ₱ bbl.; Resin, $32@$42 ₱ 280 lbs.

OILS—The market is quiet to-day for most kinds. We quote Crude Whale at $1 12@$1 13; Crude Sperm at $1 65@$1 68; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 23@$1 25; Unbleached Sperm at $1 85@$1 90; Linseed at $1 63½@$1 65½; No. 1 Lard at $1 15@$1 20; Crude Petroleum at 37c.@38c., here; Refined Petroleum at 64c.@66c., free, and 55c.@57c., in bond, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in more request, and quoted firmer. The receipts have been recently light, and the stock has been reduced. Government is taking off large quantities for army and navy use. Sales since our last, 6,900 bbls. at $27 50@$27 75 for New Mess, and $28 25 for May and June delivery; $25 75@$26 for Old Mess; $26 50@$27 for Western and City Prime Mess, and about $27 for do., May delivery; $26 75@$27 25 for Thin Mess, and $22 50@$24 for Old and New Prime, ₱ bbl. Cut Meats are in more demand at 14½c.@16c. for Hams, and 11½c.@12½c. for Shoulders, ₱ lb.; sales 475 packages. Bacon continues in moderate request at 13¼c.@15½c., according to quality, ₱ lb.; sales since our last, 200 boxes. Lard is rather heavy; sales 1,800 tcs. and bbls., for immediate and future delivery, at 14c.@15c. ₱ lb. Beef continues quiet at former rates; sales 400 bbls., at $19@$20 for Extra Mess, $15@$19 for Plain Mess, ₱ bbl.; Prime Mess, $27@$29; India Mess, $29@$33 ₱ tce. Butter is in moderate request at 24c.@30c. for poor to very choice State, and 22c.@26c. for Western, ₱ lb. Cheese is inquired for at 14c.@18c. ₱ lb.

RICE—Continues in demand, including East India at $10@$11 ₱ 100 lbs.

SALT—Is in fair demand at uniform prices.

SEED—The principal inquiry has been for Timothy, at from $3@3 25 ₱ bushel. Other kinds are firm but quiet.

SPICES—Are held above the views of buyers, and are less active.

SUGARS—Are in fair demand at former rates. Sales since our last 1,300 hhds., including New-Orleans at 17½c.@18½c.; Porto Rico at 17c.@18c.; Cuba at 16c.@19c.; and 750 boxes Havana at 16½c.@16½c. ₱ lb. Refined Sugars are inactive at 18½c.@25c. ₱ lb.

TALLOW—Sales since our last, 80,000 lbs., at 13¾c.@13¾c.

TEAS—Are attracting rather more attention and are held firmly.

WHISKY—The revival of the proposition before Congress to tax the stock on hand has had a very damaging influence on the market for this article, in the price of which there has been recently some most extraordinary fluctuations. To-day, holders were asking for State and Western, $1 15@$1 20, and buyers offering $1 10@$1 12 ₱ gallon. Transactions were unimportant. It is said that some of the recent speculative purchasers have been urging the imposition of a heavy prospective tax, but finding that Congress is disposed to make the tax law, in this instance, retrospective, or too nearly so to suit their views, they are now muttering complaints about unequal taxations, &c., &c., and appear to be quite eager to realize.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements were confined to 7,000 bushels Wheat at 2½d. ₱ bushel; 25 tres. Beef at 1s. 6d.; 200 boxes Bacon and 40 bbls. Sperm Oil at 12s. 6d. ₱ ton; 30,000 Hogshead Staves at 15s. ₱ thousand. For London, 150 tons Oil Cake at 15s. and 100 bbls. Oil at 20s. For Hull, a Bremen bark, from St. Johns, with Timber, at 30s. For Antwerp, 1,200 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. 6d., and 25 tons Heavy goods at 22s. 6d.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

Saxonia........	April 30..	New-York....	Southampton.
City of Baltimore..	April 30..	New-York....	Liverpool.
Australasian......	May 4..	New-York....	Liverpool.
Bremen........	May 7..	New-York....	Southampton.
Edingburgh......	May 7..	New-York....	Liverpool.
Arabia........	May 11..	Boston........	Liverpool.
Bavaria........	May 14..	New-York....	Southampton.
City of Washing'n.	May 14..	New-York....	Liverpool.
Scotia........	May 18..	New-York....	Liverpool.
Germania........	May 28..	New-York....	Southampton.
Teutonia........	June 11..	New-York....	Southampton.
Saxonia........	June 25..	New-York....	Southampton.
Borussia........	July 9..	New-York....	Southampton.
Germania........	July 23..	New-York....	Southampton.

FROM EUROPE.

Damascus........	April 14..	Liverpool....	Portland.
Canada........	April 16..	Liverpool....	Boston.
Bavaria........	April 16..	Southampton.	New-York.
Olympus........	April 19..	Liverpool....	New-York.
Bavaria........	April 19..	Southampton.	New-York.
City of Washing'n.	April 19..	Liverpool....	New-York.
Scotia........	April 23..	Liverpool....	New-York.
Louisiana........	April 26..	Liverpool....	New-York.
Africa........	April 30..	Liverpool....	New-York.
Germania........	May 3..	Southampton.	New-York.
Teutonia........	May 17..	Southampton.	New-York.
Saxonia........	May 31..	Southampton.	New-York.
Borussia........	June 14..	Southampton.	New-York.
Germania........	June 28..	New-York....	Southampton.

For New-Orleans, Havana, &c.

Evening Star....	April 30..	New-York....	*New-Orleans.
George Cromwell.	May 7..	New-York....	New-Orleans.

* Via Havana.

European Mails.

The mails for Great Britain and the Continent, by the *Saxonia*, will close Saturday, at 10.30 A. M.

The mails for Ireland, by the *City of Baltimore*, will close Saturday, at 10.30 A. M.

For New-Orleans and the West Indies.

The mails for Havana and Porto Rico, by the *Evening Star*, will close at 2 P. M., and for New-Orleans, at 1.30 P. M., on Saturday.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

North Mails close at............5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.

South Mails close at............5 A. M. 4:30 and 10 P. M.

Western Mails (*via* Erie Railroad).. 5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.

Eastern Mails at............5 A. M., 1:30 and 6:30 P. M.

Mails for California, Oregon, Washington and the Sandwich Islands close daily at the New-York Post-office at 5½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

On Sunday all Mails close at 1:30 P. M.

DRY GOODS.

LACE CURTAINS

New Styles. 1864. Swiss Lace, Nottingham Lace, Leno Lace, Muslin, Brocatel, Reps, Terry Cloth, Japanese do., Damask, Cornices, And all other Trimmings.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 359 Broadway, New-York.

WINDOW SHADES

Gold, Opaque, White, Buff, Green and Blue Holland, Bray's Patent Fixtures, and all other approved styles.

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NEW SKIRT FOR 1864.

A NEW AND GREAT INVENTION IN HOOP SKIRTS.

THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE) STEEL SPRING,

J. I. & J. O. WEST, NO. 97 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK,

Are the owners of the patent and exclusive manufacturers of this,

J. W. BRADLEY'S PATENTED DUPLEX ELLIPTIC STEEL SPRING SKIRTS.

This invention consists of Duplex (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most elastic, flexible and durable spring ever used, enabling the wearer, in consequence of its great elasticity and flexibleness, to place and fold the skirt when in use as easily and with the same convenience as a silk or muslin dress. It entirely obviates and silences the only objections to hoop skirts, viz.: the annoyance to the wearer as well as the public, especially in crowded assemblies, carriages, railroad cars, church pews, or in any crowded place from the difficulty of contracting them to occupying a small space. This entirely removes the difficulty, while giving the skirt the usual full and symmetrical form, and is the lightest and most stylish and graceful appearance for the street, opera, promenade or house dress. A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort and great convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Spring Skirt for a single day, will never afterward willingly dispense with the use of them. They are the best quality in every part, and by far the lightest, most durable, comfortable and economical skirt made. Merchants will be supplied as above, and ladies in most first-class retail stores in this City and throughout the different States.

☞ Inquire for the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SPRING SKIRTS.

GLOVES, GLOVES, GLOVES.—ALEXANDRE'S, Jouvin's and Courvoisier's celebrated Gloves; also, Silk, Thread, Undressed Kid and Buckskin Riding Gloves; Lace Mitts and Misses' Gloves, in great variety; 150 different styles in new Spring Gloves; all kinds of Gloves. The best place to buy Gloves, Hosiery and Under-Garments. N. B.—The cheapest lot of Cotton Hosiery and Plain and Hemstitched Handkerchiefs in the City, at ELGER'S, (the Red Stocking,) Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

NOTICE, NOTIZ, AVIS, NOTICIA.

FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE,

THE N. Y. DEPOT FOR CHINESE, MANILLA, JAPANESE, INDIA and AMERICAN INDIAN GOODS, in great varieties.

Catalogues GRATIS to merchants and others.

FOUNTAIN & CO., No. 858 Broadway, near 14th-st.

R. H. MACY, NOW OPEN OUR SPRING IMPORTATION OF KID GLOVES, ELEGANT SHADES. BEST QUALITY, AT LOW PRICES. NOS. 204 and 206 SIXTH-AVENUE. TWO DOORS BELOW FOURTEENTH-ST.

WOOL TWINE.

CARPET WARP.

All kinds of twine, rope, cordage and lines, paper and paper bags, envelopes and writing paper.

H. A. HARVEY, No. 84 Maiden-lane.

C. H. MILLER & CO., MANUFACTURERS' Agent for the American Patent Steel Collars. Specimens, any size and style, sent upon receipt of $1. Gents' furnishing goods, ties, scarfs, &c. No. 337 Broadway, New-York.

FOR CHOICE PARIS FLOWERS, BRIDAL SETS, and Straw Bonnets, see TUCKER'S importations, No. 759 Broadway.

E. O'S., NO. 43 PARK-ST., CORNER OF Pearl-st., New-York, is paying the highest price for gentlemen's cast-off clothes. Strict attention paid to all orders. Address by letter only.

FOR SALE.—A PEW IN THE CHURCH CORNER of 5th-av. and 29th-st. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

TO ARMS! COLORED MEN, TO ARMS! Beat gloriously to your country's rescue! Listen to the appeals of your slaughtered brethren at Fort Pillow and Plymouth! There will be a grand assemblage of Christian men and women at the Bridge-st. Methodist Church, (Pastor, Rev. L. M. WILLIAMS,) on SABBATH EVENING, May 1, under the auspices of the American Freedmen's Friend Society, to respond to the country's call and to condole its loss in brave and noble men at the terrible massacres of Fort Pillow and Plymouth. Able and eloquent speakers are expected to address the meeting. A collection will be taken up in behalf of the Sanitary Fair at St. Louis.

THE DEDICATION OF THE NEW CHURCH edifice of the Elm-place Congregational Church, (Rev. WM. ALVIN BARTLETT, Pastor,) will take place TO-MORROW. Discourse in the MORNING by Rev. Prof. ROSWELL D. HITCHCOCK, D. D.; in the AFTERNOON by the Pastor, and in the EVENING by Rev. R. S. STORRS, D. D. Other eminent clergymen will also be present and assist in the services. Service in the morning will commence at 10½; in the afternoon at 3, and in the evening at 7¾ o'clock.

THE SOCIETY MINISTERED UNTO BY Rev. FRED. L. H. WILLIS, has removed from Clinton Hall to Ebbitt Hall, near the corner of 33d-st. and Broadway, accessible by all the lines of cars. Subjects for SUNDAY, May 1: Morning, at 10½—*A Mayday Discourse.* Evening, at 7½, closing lecture of the series on the Spiritualism of All the Ages. Subject—*A Narration of Personal Experience.* Seats free. The public invited.

OPENING SERVICES.—A LARGE AND commodious hall has been purchased and fitted up on the corner of 3d-av. and 70th-st., for the accommodation of the M. E. Missionary Sunday School, and will be opened by appropriate services on SABBATH, at 3½ o'clock P. M. Rev. A. M. HOUGH, of Lexington-av. M. E. Church, will preach. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

SEVENTEENTH-STREET HEDDING M. E. Church, between 2d and 1st avs. Rev. W. L. THORNTON, M. A., Delegate from the British Wesleyan Conference to the Methodist Annual Conference of the United States, will preach in this church on SUNDAY EVENING, the 1st inst., at 7¾ o'clock. Preaching in the morning at 10½ o'clock, by the Pastor, Rev. Dr. CROOKS. Seats free.

TRUTH FOR THE TIMES.—"PRIESTHOOD and Ministry."—The fifth lecture of the course will be delivered on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock, at University Buildings, Washington-square. Subject—*The Mode of the Early Preaching of the Gospel.* Christians are affectionately invited. The Gospel will be preached to the unconverted.

JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—REV. E. E. GRISWOLD, Presiding Elder, will preach SUNDAY MORNING at 10½; Sacrament after morning service; Prayer-meeting at 6¾. Preaching at 7¾ in the evening by the Pastor, Rev. E. S. KELLOR. Seats free. Strangers are cordially invited to attend. Union prayer-meeting every day, from 12 to 1 o'clock.

HOWARD MISSION AND HOME FOR Little Wanderers, No. 37 New Bowery, Rev. W. C. VAN METER, Superintendent. Sabbath school and children's meeting at 2 o'clock P. M.; day school, 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.; prayer meeting, 7¾ Tuesday evening. Homes wanted for two girls 10 years old. Anniversary in the Academy of Music TUESDAY EVENING, May 10.

THE FUNERAL SERMON OF BENJAMIN R. BARLOW, late Superintendent of the Five Points House of Industry, will be preached on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M., in the Central Presbyterian Church, Broome-st., two blocks east of Broadway, by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES B. DUNN. Preaching in the Evening at 7¾, by the Pastor on *The Bible, its Divine Adaptation.*

UNION COMMISSION.—THOSE INTERESTed in the organization of a Commission to unionize the South, by charitable, ministerial, educational and emigrational appliances, are invited to a meeting in Cooper Institute, May 12, at 3 P. M., when addresses may be expected.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 9TH-av., corner of 31st-st.—Rev. THOS. STREET having accepted a call to the Pastorate of this church, will enter on his labors next Lord's Day, May 1. Preaching at 10½ o'clock A. M., and administering the Lord's Supper in the evening at 7½ o'clock.

MEMORIAL CHURCH, HAMMOND-ST., CORNER WAVERLEY-PLACE.—Rev. FRANCIS VINTON, D. D., of Trinity Church, will preach on SUNDAY EVENING, the eighth anniversary of the opening of the church. Services at 10½, 3½ and 7½ o'clock. Free seats.

REV. ISAAC WESCOTT WILL PREACH in Bloomingdale Church, south side of 42d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., on SUNDAY, at 10½, on the *Tendency and Importance of Brotherly Love*, and at 7½ P. M.; subject, *Can these Dry Bones Live?* Sunday school at 9 and 2 o'clock.

NOTICE.—PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, LARGE Hall, corner 8th av. and 33d-st.—Rev. R. C. SHIMEALL, Minister. Regular services EVERY SABBATH, A. M. and P. M. Subject for evening—*Predicted Career and Final Destiny of the Last Politico-moral Confederacy of Nations, etc.* Services 7½ o'clock.

REV. HUGH SMITH CARPENTER WILL preach the last sermon in the course of "Practical Sermons," in the South Baptist Church, 25th-st., near 7th-av., SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*The New Church the True Church.* This will be the 18th of the series on *Christian Union.*

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL FREE CHURCH of St. Matthias.—Service in the Stone Church, 28th-st., near Broadway, SUNDAY EVENING, May 1, at 7½; sermon by the Rev. G. H. HOUGHTON, D.D. MORNING service at 10½, in the Hall northeast corner of Broadway and 32d-st.

FREE CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION —(Protestant Episcopal)—in East 14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Rev. ROBERT G. DICKSON, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Strangers at the hotels, and all unconnected with any other church, will find a welcome. All seats free.

ATTORNEY-ST. METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH.—Rev. WM. P. HAMMOND, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock. At 3 P. M. Rev. Mr. WOLF, late Chaplain in the army, will preach; and at 7½ o'clock P. M. the Pastor will preach. The public invited. Seats free.

REV. SAMUEL B. BELL, D. D., WILL preach (D. V.) in the 50th-st. Presbyterian Church, between Broadway and 8th-av., on SUNDAY, May 1, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject of morning sermon—*Is Saul also Among the Prophets?*

SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, BOTANIC Hall, No. 68 East Broadway. Preaching SUNDAY, by Elder RUFUS WENDELL, at 10½ A. M., and 3 P. M.; all who are interested to hear on the great *Life Theme*, are cordially invited to attend.

THIRTY-SEVENTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, between 2d and 3d avs. Preaching at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M., by the pastor, Rev. WM. H. BOOLE. Sacrament at 3 P. M.; Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.; Seats free; all are cordially invited.

TRUTH FOR THE TIMES.—S. S. SNOW, Pastor of Mount Zion Church, of the Second Advent, will preach on *The Impending Judgment*, on SUNDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., in Union Buildings, No. 163 Bowery. Seats free.

WASHINGTON-SQUARE M. E. CHURCH —4th-st., near 6th-av.—Preaching at 10½ o'clock A. M., by Rev. Dr. THORNTON, delegate to the General Conference from the British Conference; and at 7½ o'clock, by the Pastor, Rev. H. B. RIDGAWAY.

THE HARLEM CONGREGATIONAL Church, soon to enter their new chapel, still worship at Washington Hall, on 3d-av., between 125th and 126th sts. Preaching next SABBATH at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M.

REV. HENRY BLANCHARD WILL DEliver a lecture on the subject, *Why I am a Universalist*, in the Church of the Restoration, corner of Monroe-place and Clark-st., Brooklyn, on SUNDAY EVENING. The public are cordially invited to attend.

MESSIAH'S CHURCH (EVANGELICAL ADVENT).—TO-MORROW will be the last Sunday at No. 95 6th-av., prior to removal to new place of worship. Friends of the cause are earnestly requested to attend.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION—28TH-st. and Madison-av.—There will be divine services in this church on SUNDAY, May 1, at 7½ P. M. Sermon by Rev. Dr. MONTGOMERY.

ELDER RUFUS WENDELL WILL LECTURE in Cooper Institute. Room No. 24, on TUESDAY EVENING next, May 3, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*Immortality Through Christ.*

BLEECKER-STREET UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—TO-MORROW EVENING, Rev. MOSES BALLOU will endeavor to show that Rev. CHAS. BEECHER, in his late work, "Redeemer and Redeemed," concedes all that is essential to Universalism.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE OF THE OLD BREWERY—Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent. The principal Sunday School at 2 o'clock P. M. Those who visit this school once are always desirous to do so again.

FLEET-ST. M. E. CHURCH, BROOKLYN.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. R. M. HATFIELD, SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M., on *The Wisdom of God*, and at 7½ o'clock P. M., on *The Trial and the Triumph of Daniel.*

THE TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY of Rev. Dr. BURCHARD'S Pastorate will be observed in his Church in 13th-st., on SABBATH, May 1. A memorial sermon will be preached in the morning and one in the evening, on *The Flight of Time.*

AN EARLY SERVICE IS HELD EVERY SUNDAY MORNING, at 7½ o'clock, in St. Ann's Free Church, 18th-st., near 5th-av. It consists of the full morning service, with a sermon.

REV. NEWTON HESTON, PASTOR OF THE State-Street Congregational Church, (near Hoyt-st.,) Brooklyn, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 and 2½ o'clock.

CHRISTIAN ALLIANCE.—REV. C. C. GOSS will preach on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in Hope Chapel, Broadway, on *The End of Religious Controversy.*

ADVENT CHURCH, ROOM NO. 18 COOPER INSTITUTE.—Miss ABIGAIL MUSSEY will preach on SUNDAY, May 1, at 3 P. M. Subject—*The Sufferings of Christ and the Glory to Follow.*

REV. ALEX. R. THOMPSON WILL preach at the rooms of the New-England Soldiers' Relief Association, No. 194 Broadway, on SUNDAY, at 3½ o'clock P. M. The public are invited to attend.

THE REV. J. H. McILVAIN, D. D., OF Princeton, will preach in the West 23d-st. Presbyterian Church, near 7th-av., (Rev. F. G. CLARK, Pastor,) on SUNDAY. Services at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M.

A NEW EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—DIVINE service will be held by the Church of the Holy Trinity in the chapel of Rutgers' Institute, 5th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS.—REV. DR. CHEEVER will preach in the MORNING at 10½ and EVENING at 7½.

ANDREW JACKSON DAVIS WILL SPEAK at Dodworth's Hall, No. 806 Broadway, SUNDAY, May 1, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A YOUNG AMERICAN WOMAN, A soldier's widow, with a child two years old, desires a situation in some private family, (country preferred;) understands general household work, kind disposition, well versed in the care of children; is willing to accept any honorable employment supplying sufficient to support and educate her child; good reference. Address Mrs. M. SPEAR, Box No. 134 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY ACTIVE energetic woman, (English,) as housekeeper, or assistant; is both competent and willing to assist in any part; has filled the above position ten years, with two families in this City. Apply, on Saturday only, at No. 69 West 19th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A HOME, IN A PROTESTANT FAMily, as nursery governess, lady's companion; would assist in housekeeping, or any other employment not too sedentary; would like to travel for the Summer. References exchanged. Address Miss W., Station F, New-York Post-office.

WANTED.—A GERMAN PROTESTANT YOUNG woman desires a situation, in City or country, to do chamberwork and fine sewing, or as nurse and seamstress; no objection to be generally useful. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl in a small private family as cook, washer and ironer; she fully understands her business, and can give good City reference. Call at No. 474 3d-av., two stairs up.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN LADY, A SITUation as companion to a lady that expects to travel; would accompany one that is going for her health, or would attend an office, library or reading-room. Address G. CAMERON, Station G, Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO CHAMBERwork and waiting, or as chambermaid and to assist in washing and ironing; City reference. Call at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTable young girl, as cook and excellent washer and ironer; she has the very best of reference from her last place. Call at 69 West 30th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS OR chambermaid and laundress; can be well recommended. Apply on Friday and Saturday to present place, No. 32 East 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as chambermaid, and can do plain sewing. Call at No. 115 West 26th-st., first flight, back room.

ALL WHO WANT CAPABLE COOKS, chambermaids, waitresses, laundresses, seamstresses, nurses, houseworkers, small girls or girls lately landed, can be immediately suited at CARPENTER'S Employment House, No. 138 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

MALES.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY A single man of undoubted character and capacity, practicable and experienced in every department of the business; hot and cold graperies, green-house, flowers, fruit and vegetables, laying out of new grounds with taste, and will come well recommended. Address J. K., Fleming & Davidson's, No. 67 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family, by a young, single man, with good City reference; no objection [illegible] place in a country Summer house. Call [illegible] OWEN SHERIDAN, 15th Ward Hotel, corner [illegible] and [illegible]-av.; private door in 9th-st.

WANTED—A MARRIED MAN AS A COACHman, who is thoroughly capable in the management and care of horses, and is a careful driver, willing to make himself useful; no objection to a [illegible] man, with good, reliable recommendations. Apply at No. 50 Union-square, corner of 4th-av. and 17th-st.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, able and willing to work, desires a situation in the country; understands the care of horses and cattle, also a plain gardener and farmer. Apply at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED.—AN EXCELLENT PENMAN, WELL educated, and of active business habits, desires suitable employment, at moderate salary. Address C. B. A., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT SINGLE MAN employment as coachman; he fully understands it in every respect; has very good reference. Address C., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED.—A PROTESTANT WOMAN WANTED at Tarrytown, on the Hudson River, 26 miles from New-York, to do the cooking, washing and ironing of a private family; she must be a good baker of bread, willing to milk a cow, and accustomed to early rising. A competent person, well recommended, will receive satisfactory wages. Apply this morning, between 9 and 10 o'clock, at No. 132 Chambers-st.

WANTED—A LADY'S MAID, FRENCH, GERman or English. She must understand hairdressing and dressmaking, and be willing to remain in the country until November. Apply between the hours of 10 and 12, at No. 18 East 32d-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN, A SINGLE MAN who can be well recommended for character and qualifications as a first class City driver, cleanly and obliging. None others need apply, at No. 54 Fulton-st., New-York.

WANTED—A GARDENER, AN EXPERIENCED man who thoroughly understands his profession, to take the entire charge of the place, grapery, greenhouse, fruit, &c., &c. Apply to J. BUCHANAN, Florist, No. 9 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A DRESSMAKER WHO UNDERstands her business thoroughly wants a situation in a family; would like to live in the country; best of reference. Address a note to No. 226 East 20th-st., for three days.

WANTED—A GIRL TO WASH AND IRON IN A private family; must be a good laundress, and have a good City reference. Call at No. 254 West 42d-st., between 9 and 12 o'clock.

WANTED—TWO COLORED WOMEN, ONE AS cook and to assist in the washing, the other as chambermaid and laundress; good recommendations will be required. Apply at No. 16 East 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMMISSION HOUSE, AN INtelligent lad, 16 years of age, respectably connected; one residing with his parents preferred. Address Box No. 4,891 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A BOY FROM 15 TO 17 YEARS OF age, to do general work on a small place. Apply at No. 504 Washington-st., from 3 to 4 o'clock on Saturday, the 30th inst.

WANTED—IN A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, A first-rate plain cook, washer and ironer, with best City references. Apply at No. 16 West 37th-st., morning, from 9 to 11 o'clock.

WANTED—A FARMER, A MARRIED MAN with few or no incumbrances. Apply at No. 234 Front-st., New-York, from 10 till 2 o'clock.

FOURDRINIER MACHINE TENDER wanted at Jessup & Moore's paper mill, near Wilmington, Delaware. Address W. H. LINDSAY, Wilmington, Delaware.

WANTED—A GARDENER, AN INDUSTRIOUS, honest man, who has worked in a grapery and greenhouse. Apply to ALEX. SMITH, No. 65 Liberty-st.

WANTED—LAUNDRESS AND WAITRESS, English or German; wages $9; City reference. Apply at No. 66 East 38th-st.

WANTED—A BOY IN A LAWYER'S OFFICE. Inquire at No. 63 William-st., corner of Cedar, Room No. 17, third floor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARBLE MANTELS.

The best place in the City to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at MARTIN OLSEN'S MANTEL MANUFACTORY, No. 326 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn, Long Island, N.Y.

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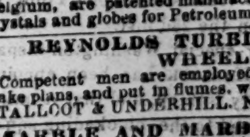

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French Note Papers, Seals and Presses, Silver Plates, etc., &c. J. Everdell's, 302 Broadway, cor. Duane St. For Specimens by mail, send 25 cents.

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TO THE GLASS TRADE AND IMPORTERS OF GLASS.

The Company Anonyme of Herbatte-Lez, at Namur, Belgium, are patented manufacturers of crystals, half-crystals and globes for Petroleum Lamps.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED SLATE Mantels, slate billiard beds, slate urinals, blackboards, slate slabs for tomb covers and doors, roofing slate and slate slabs. The trade supplied.

WEST CASTLETON SLATE CO., No. 412 Broadway, New-York.

A COMPLETE SET OF GROCERY-STORE fixtures and furniture in store, up town, for sale cheap; all new and in good order. The store may be rented if desired; good location. F. D. RICHARDSON & CO., Nos. 82 and 84 Nassau-st.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the City to purchase cheap and well-finished mantels is at A. KLABER'S Mantel Manufactory, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Cut this out.

IRON SAFES FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, at 25 per cent. less than manufacturer's prices, of Herring's, Lillie's and Valentine & Butler's make; also, two large bank safes, in store No. 82 Maiden-lane.

KENNEDY'S EXTRA FINE CAMBRIDGE-PORT CRACKERS, in barrels, half barrels and boxes, for sale at No. 10 Cortlandt-st. Every family should have a box of our assorted crackers.

CONVEX MIRROR.—A SPLENDID GLASS, large size and perfect, in rich frame, can now be had for $250; worth double that, and not to be had. Address S., Box No. 464 Post-office.

SAFE FOR SALE.—A LARGE SIZED PHOENIX safe, as good as new, for sale cheap. Inquire between 2 and 4 o'clock, at No. 8 Pine-st., Room No. 22.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1864.

TEN PAGES.

Amusements this Evening.

WINTER GARDEN—THE SORCERESS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—OUR WIFE—LOYALINA.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—THE CONNIE SOOGAH.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—GREAT ARABIAN GIANT, FRENCH GIANT, GIANT GIRL, GIANT BOY, TWO DWARFS, MOVING WAX FIGURES, INFANT DRUMMER, &c., at all hours; POMP OF CUDJO'S CAVE; HARRISON, COMIC SINGER AND TYROLEAN WHISTLER, at 3 AND 7½ P. M.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—HIPPOTHEATRONIC PERFORMANCES.

HOPE CHAPEL—THE STEREOSCOPTICON.

COOPER INSTITUTE—GRAND CONCERT—MAGIC ART.

NO. 585 BROADWAY—EVENINGS OF MUSIC.

IRVING HALL—GRAND CONCERT.

IRVING HALL—(to-day)—GRAND MATINEE CONCERT.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—UN FERME QUI DE JETTE PAR LA FENETRE.

WALLACK'S—THE STRANGER.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

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H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Gen. GRANT, it seems, has not yet fully completed his preparations for commencing operations, and our Washington telegrams report that it may be some days before the campaign is opened. A reconnoissance by a cavalry force under Gen. DEVENS to Madison Court-house demonstrates the fact that the rumors regarding a rebel force having crossed the Rapidan were untrue. Gen. BURNSIDE is said to have visited Gen. GRANT at his headquarters yesterday, and the rebels are at liberty to draw their own inferences from a knowledge of the fact. The statement that a large rebel force was concentrating at Front Royal, is contradicted upon competent authority. The only force in that vicinity is EARLY'S Division, of EWELL'S Corps, the strength of which, with the scattered detachments of guerrilla cavalry under MOSBY and other partisan leaders, does not exceed six thousand men. It is significantly hinted that Gen. AVERILL may soon commence investigations into the condition of affairs in the quarter referred to. A rumor which had gained currency in Washington reaches this City only to be contradicted—it is that Gen. HOOKER had arrived at Harper's Ferry from Chattanooga.

We have a statement from Newbern that the rebel ram *Roanoke* was injured somewhat in the recent fight at Plymouth, but that as soon as it is repaired it will, in company with its consort on the Neuse River, proceed to attempt to demolish our naval force and aid the rebels in reasserting their authority over the whole of North Carolina.

For some reason which the military opticians must explain, Red River affairs look more encouraging when viewed from a New-Orleans standpoint than when they are regarded from Cairo. Yesterday a New-Orleans steamer reported Gen. BANKS' forces as marching on Shreveport again; to-day advices from Grand Ecore to the 22d, via Cairo, represent the rebels as marching on that place. Gen. BANKS' force, it is said, were going out to meet them, and it is added that our forces are "securely intrenched" on both sides the Red River.

A correspondent of the Chicago *Journal*, writing from Huntsville, Ala., under date of April 20, states that a rebel force of from 8,000 to 10,000, under command of RODDY, has for some days been threatening an attack upon our position at Decatur, Ala. A report via Cairo, under date of the 26th, states that there has been two days' fighting there, but the fact that no confirmatory reports have been received, renders it improbable that anything serious has transpired.

Maj.-Gen. WALLACE, in command of the Middle Department, has issued an order from his headquarters at Baltimore, directing that all real estate, slaves, railroads and bank stocks, which are the property of those who have joined the rebel army and gone South to abet the rebels, shall be forthwith turned over to the United States Quartermaster.

The *Courrier des Etats Unis* states that there is no disagreement between the French and National authorities in regard to the Richmond tobacco question. M. DE MARIBAULT, who commands the French vessels in the James River, had orders from the French Minister in Washington and from Admiral REYNAUD, to return, with all his vessels, from City Point to Fortress Monroe, on the 23d inst.

Our special Washington dispatches state that Gen. HALLECK has been appointed Chief of the Cavalry Bureau, and that Admiral DAHLGREN has returned to the blockading squadron, off Charleston.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, the Red River disaster came up for discussion, in connection with a joint resolution offered by Mr. HENDERSON, of Missouri, to provide for the printing of the report of the Cotton Speculation Investigating Committee, of which Gen. McDOWELL was President. Some opposition was made to the adoption of the resolution by Messrs. WILSON, FESSENDEN and others, when Mr. HENDERSON stated that letters he had recently read stated that the Red River disaster was attributable to the sending of the wagon train in advance with the cavalry, for the purpose of gathering cotton. Mr. CONNESS denied this insinuation most emphatically, and defended Admiral PORTER from charges casually made against him. The resolution was finally adopted. The National Currency Bill came up in order, and various amendments which were offered were defeated by decisive votes. Of the miscellaneous measures introduced, the most noticeable was a curious scheme to supply the Upper Mississippi with a medium stage of water throughout the Summer months.

The Missouri contested elections were again before the House, and much time was wasted in discussing them and the various aspects of the Blair controversies. When the question relative to calling for the correspondence about Gen. BLAIR'S resignation was up, Mr. BROOKS endeavored to introduce an amendment asking for information respecting the fitting up of a bureau in the Treasury Department for printing money, bonds, &c. The amendment was declared out of order, and after a series of ineffectual efforts to compel the House to listen to a speech he had prepared upon the subject, Mr. BROOKS abandoned the attempt, and subsequently Mr. GARFIELD offered an independent resolution covering substantially the same ground with that previously submitted. Objections were made to its introduction, however, and the subject was therefore postponed. Mr. SCHENCK reported the Senate bill to increase the pay of soldiers, and gave notice that he would call it up at an early day. During the evening session. There were some speeches made but no business was transacted.

GENERAL NEWS.

Com. S. C. ROWAN, of the South Atlantic Blockading Squadron, has forwarded to the Navy Department a communication from Capt. J. DE CAMP, written on board the United States steamer *Wabash*, off Charleston, S. C., under date of April 19, in which that officer relates the supposed sinking of the rebel torpedo boat which sunk the *Housatonic*. It appears that on the night of the 18th the deck officer of the *Wabash* discovered a dark object about 150 yards distant from that vessel, which corresponded in shape and movements to the torpedo boat. It moved rapidly up against the tide, till opposite the mainmast, and then turned and stood directly for the ship. The men of the *Wabash* quickly rushed to their quarters upon the beat of the gong, and when the supposed torpedo boat was about fifty yards distant round shot were fired at her from each of the spar-deck guns. A round shot is supposed to have struck and sunk her, as she was seen no more after the first fire, and the second volley struck in the immediate vicinity of the first.

A dispatch from Memphis anticipates the probable verdict of the Congressional Committee appointed to investigate the Fort Pillow disaster, so far as to express the opinion that Gen. HURLBUT will be acquitted of blame, inasmuch as he had not sufficient force to deal vigorously with the rebels. The committee in question was at Cairo on the 28th, en route to Washington.

A dispatch to the Springfield *Republican*, says it is known to Secretary CHASE'S intimate friends that he is thinking seriously of withdrawing from the Cabinet within a few weeks, or so soon as Congress shall have satisfactorily perfected its legislation on financial subjects.

Judge SHIPMAN, of the United States Circuit Court at New-Haven, has decided that merchant tailors are manufacturers, and that they must pay taxes as such.

CHARLES L. HUNT, a native-born American citizen, has been unpatriotic enough to claim exemption from the draft in St. Louis, on the ground that he is the Belgian Consul in that city. The Enrollment Board rejected his plea and sent the papers to Washington.

W. T. POYNTON, yesterday, in the United States Circuit Court, pleaded guilty to an indictment against him for passing an altered Treasury note, and was sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar and to be imprisoned at hard labor two years.

Gold was 2 ₱ cent. lower yesterday. Money market easy. Stocks steady in price, but speculation in the railways dull. A very large amount of Customs was paid into the Treasury in anticipation of the new tariff resolution of Congress.

Breadstuffs were dull and heavy yesterday, at reduced prices. Provisions were in more demand; Pork was dearer. A fair business was transacted in Hay, Metals, Salt, Sugars, Molasses, Wool, and Tobacco, at buoyant rates. Cotton was quiet and depressed. Whisky was dull and much lower. Domestic Cottons and Staple Dry Goods were in fair request, the latter chiefly for the country trade, and prices favored sellers, with light stocks available; but in other respects, the market was rather inactive and unsettled, in view of the tariff measures before Congress, and the impending offensive movement of the National Armies. The freight engagements were light.

The Movement to Postpone the Convention—The Last Expedient.

We have before us a new and supplementary circular-petition to the National Executive Committee for a postponement of the Union National Convention. It is dated on Wednesday last, a month later than the other, but adds nothing thereto of any account, save the statement that "as far as we learn, the desire is quite general that the Convention shall be postponed." The design of this, of course, is to impress the idea that public opinion demands the change. If the committee could be convinced of this they should, and no doubt would, comply, whatever their own personal judgment might be in the matter. But there is not the slightest evidence that there is any such "general desire" as these signers represent to exist. It looks very much as if the movers in this business were painfully uneasy under the exposed fallacy of their first reasons, and had put in this supplementary plea, at this eleventh hour, as simply a desperate expedient.

Certainly, no such "general desire" has been expressed in any of the ordinary modes of manifesting opinion. Not one State Convention, or any other public assemblage of Union men, great or small, nor any political committee, regularly appointed, in any part of the country, so far as we have learned, has called for a postponement. Nor has a change been advocated by any considerable number of the Union presses.

The Union State Convention of the great State of Pennsylvania, which met on Thursday last, we believe, was a fair exponent of the loyal feeling of the country. Not a syllable was uttered in that convention, from its commencement to its close, in favor of postponing the Presidential nomination. Had such a desire been entertained by any portion of the convention, it would, beyond all doubt, have found expression in some manner; for the sole business of the convention was to appoint delegates to Baltimore, and to give utterance to the popular feeling in relation to their duties. There was not only an utter absence of intimation from every quarter that a postponement was desirable, but there was an unhesitating committal at the very outset to the expediency, or rather the moral necesssity, of renominating President LINCOLN. By resolution *unanimously* adopted, the delegates were instructed to "vote as a unit for ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and to adhere to him as long as his name is before the convention." Every speaker before the convention, and before the mass meeting in the evening, without a single exception, maintained emphatically that it would be in the highest degree injurious to make a change in the Executive at this period of the war, and gave the heartiest approval of the war policy of the Administration. It is absurd to pretend in the very face of such a demonstration as this, that there is a "general desire" that the nomination should be postponed until September. If there be such a desire, there is no reason in the world why Pennsylvania should not participate in it, or at least some portion of the loyal people, whose voice would have been heard in that body, even if it did not control it. The spirit of the loyal body of the people is essentially the same through the whole breadth of the land, and it is not possible that there should be serious discontent in one region without some manifestation, in greater or less degree, of a similar feeling in all other regions.

This assumption by the signers of this circular that public opinion seconds their movement, is too palpably unwarrantable to have the slightest effect upon the action of the National Executive Committee. It is a device quite unworthy of the respectable names attached to the document. Their preferences for some other candidate than Mr. LINCOLN are honest, and merit fair consideration when fairly urged. But the use of such arguments as appeared in their first circular, and of such a representation as this second one embodies, cannot advance their object. Without sounder reasons and clearer facts, their effort will prove a dead failure.

The Influence of Russia.

A striking instance has been presented lately of the increasingly bitter feeling prevailing in Russian official circles toward France. The 31st of March was the fiftieth anniversary of the taking of Paris by the allies. An order was issued by the Government, ordering its celebration with especial brilliancy. A grand review of the Russian regiments in St. Petersburgh was to be held, and they were particularly commanded to appear, not with their new banners, but with the old flags which had been tattered and soiled in their long struggle with the French.

The official organ does not attempt to soften the meaning of these celebrations, but recalls to the younger Russians the memory of the heroic days when "Russia expelled one army and twenty peoples from her soil, and over the ruins of her burning villages, appeared on the Niemen, to bring back peace and order to Europe." It is intimated that Russia has still the power to serve civilization again, in a similar manner, if the necessity arises.

Such a grand national celebration, and such words at this time from a semi-official source, can have but one interpretation. The French journals do not hesitate to draw it. They see that Russia is girding herself for the great struggle which is being threatened again, between the Powers of Western and Eastern Europe.

Since the illustrious 31st of March, 1814, when Russia stood in military power and the glory of great services in behalf of civilization at the head of Europe, she has passed through many phases in her influence over the other European States. When the French wars closed, she presented herself to the world as a vast semi-barbaric Power, the great enemy of popular liberty, and the cloud on the borders of European civilization. The alternative in the future of Europe was supposed to be Democracy or a Cossack tyranny. Her military power was considered almost irresistible, and the nation which had ruined the great NAPOLEON and had sent forth its wild troops even to the Seine, was supposed to hold in its hands the destiny of most of Europe. The influence of Russia in the adjustment of Europe after 1815, confirmed this dread of her absolutism; and her bloody share in the oppression of Poland, and the crushing hand she laid upon Hungary, justified all the popular fears of her future power in Europe as exerted against liberty and progress.

The first rude shock given to the general estimate of her military power was caused by the Crimean War. And, though in that struggle, England and France had not much of the fruits of victory to show, yet they succeeded in thoroughly checking the military influence of the Cossack Empire over the world, and in revealing its essential imperfection and weakness. From that war Russia came forth shorn of her military prestige, which she can probably never regain. But, taught by calamities, and feeling the spirit of the age, the Empire has since then commenced a career of social and political progress which will eventually give her immense moral weight in the world, and, in fact, render her, even in a military point of view, stronger, at least for defence, than ever before.

Russia is now the leader in social advancement in Eastern Europe. She is stronger in the true union of all classes than ever before. Her population, as they each day enjoy the freer institutions conferred upon them, and become more intelligent under the influence of a constitutional government, will produce more and become richer. The Emperor is more firmly seated by these wise reforms than he has been in the past. Year after year he must be moved on by the great wave of popular progress which he has admitted within the limits of his kingdom. He cannot withdraw (if he would) from reform. The great wound in the side of the nation—their weakest point, Poland—is more than half-cured by the measures of emancipation now inaugurated there. On the whole, we look upon Russia at this time as stronger than she has been during any year since 1815. But her strength is on the side of civilization, not against it; and even these irritating and exciting celebrations, we believe, will lead to no necessary struggle between her power and that of Eastern Europe.

"GOOD GRACIOUS, MAX.!"—It is stated in a foreign paper that the Archduke MAXIMILIAN is endeavoring to have a Spanish Prince named his heir presumptive to the Mexican throne, in case he should die without children! This is cool, and considerably "presumptive" *per se*. We do not know what MAX'S chances of dying without children may be, but if they are a tenth part as great as his chance of dying without a throne in Mexico, his progeny certainly does not promise to be very numerous. He had better make sure of his sceptre before troubling himself about somebody to wield it after he gets through. He may be a great man, but he would do well to study the admirable instructions of Mrs. Glass about cooking fish. The first thing to be done, in his case as in hers, is to catch the fish. In the troubled waters where he proposes to angle, he may find this a matter of some little difficulty. It certainly is not worth his while just yet to trouble his head about a "presumptive heir."

SMALL SQUABBLES IN CONGRESS.—Congress, and sundry of our public men, seem to be growing sensitive to the abuse of eminent public men by public officers. Gen. FRANK BLAIR made, lately, a very vituperative speech against Secretary CHASE, in very bad taste, unjust, and utterly unjustifiable in every respect; and it happened soon afterward that the President returned him his commission as Major-General, and ordered him into the field to fight rebels instead of staying at home to fight loyal men. For this, Congress seems inclined to call the President to account, as if he had committed some great wrong against the Secretary of the Treasury. This sensitiveness to the proprieties of official life is encouraging, though it comes somewhat late. For months past persons, holding conspicuous official positions, have made it their business to abuse the President without stint, but they have neither been dismissed nor denounced in Congress therefor. Is it treason to assail a Secretary, and no offence at all to attack the President—or are we really to have a new order of things in this respect?

Nothing, in our judgment, could have been worse than Gen. BLAIR'S speech, unless it is the fuss Congress seems inclined to make over it. If that body could forget its personal resentments and paltry ambitions a little while, and devote its attention to the public good, it would very greatly enhance its claims to the public gratitude.

PORTER'S REPORT.—Admiral PORTER forwards to the Navy Department a very interesting report of his recent naval operations up the Red River. His fleet was large, consisting of a dozen vessels, several of them iron-clads, and thirty transports; and his orders were to advance as high as Shreveport, and coöperate with Gen. BANKS in his movement upon that point. The defeat of BANKS' army compelled a return of the fleet as far as Grand Ecore. Of his remarkable experiences, and of the remarkable fight between two of his iron-clads and a large force of drunken rebel infantry, he gives a vivid picture.

In the severe criticisms that have been made upon the movement in Western Louisiana, the fact has been generally lost sight of that the capture of Shreveport, had it been effected, would have been a very valuable success. Admiral PORTER says: "When this point of Louisiana is conquered, we hold Arkansas and all the right bank of the Mississippi without firing another gun."

A Curious Proceeding.

It may be remembered that some weeks since we mentioned the arrest in Washington of Maj. F. S. BOND, one of the staff of Gen. ROSECRANS, for being in that city without proper leave,—and that he was ordered to report to Gen. ROSECRANS for trial by court-martial at St. Louis. The St. Louis journals of the 14th bring the report of his trial.

The charge was that he was in Washington without "special leave from the War Department, in violation of orders from the Adjutant-General." Maj. BOND admitted that he was in Washington on the day named, March 25, and that his only authority for being there was an order from Gen. ROSECRANS directing him to proceed thither "without delay, on special service." This admission was regarded as conclusive on the part of the prosecution.

For the defence, Gen. ROSECRANS testified that he ordered Maj. BOND to Washington on the occasion referred to,—that the special service required of him was the delivery of a letter to Lieut.-Gen. GRANT and another to Maj.-Gen. HALLECK, on urgent and important business connected with his department, concerning which he thought verbal explanations might be desired,—and that he had frequently before sent officers to Washington on similar service, in the same manner, without objection from any quarter. The business in question was the reported refusal of the Senate to confirm Col. SANDERSON as his Provost-Marshal-General. Maj. BOND stated that he went to Washington in obedience to the order of his superior officer; that on arriving, March 24, he reported at the office of the Adjutant-General, with his authority for being there and the business on which he had come; that he presented his letter to Gen. HALLECK, and was told that Gen. HALLECK had no orders for him; and that in the afternoon of the same day he was placed under arrest, and ordered to report to Gen. ROSECRANS for trial.

Maj. BOND was at once acquitted and restored to his position. But he very naturally complains of the hardship of being arrested and tried for obeying an order of his superior officer, which he would have been severely punished for refusing to obey.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.—Mr. MARETZEK'S promised season cannot take place. No fault attaches to the *impresario*. He always keeps his word with the public, even when a ruinous pecuniary loss is involved. The trouble in this case rests with a few German chorus singers, and is not likely to end until they are weeded out of the company. These persons, although they have had the longest and best engagement under Mr. MARETZEK that they have ever had in this country, refuse to sing at rehearsals unless they are specially paid for the instruction they there receive. A proposition so preposterous cannot, of course, be listened to, and Mr. MARETZEK, smarting under many advances, prefers to close the Academy rather than have terms dictated to him that virtually govern his mode of producing opera. We think he is right. A close monopoly has grown up in the matter of instrumental players and chorus singers that must be fought and killed at some early day. The public will desire no better champion than Mr. MARETZEK, and will readily excuse that gentleman for standing on his rights and at once resisting an imposition that is as insolent as it is illiberal. For ourselves, we regret the *contretemps*, inasmuch as the indications were favorable to a brilliant Spring season.

IRVING HALL.—Two very meritorious musical entertainments take place here to-day. The first (a matinée, commencing at 1 o'clock,) is under the auspices of the famous tenor Signor MAZZOLENI, and is for a benevolent purpose, namely, to relieve the distress in his native place. Among the leading artists who assist on the occasion are Mme. BRIGNOLI ORTALANI, Mlle. SULZER, Signor BELLINI and Signor MAZZOLENI. Mr. S. B. MILLS, the celebrated pianist, has kindly volunteered his services, and will play for the first time a grand fantasia on themes from Gounod's opera of "Faust." In the evening the second L'Allegro entertainment takes place. This, too, is for a benevolent purpose, and is under the direction of Signor BARILI, who will be assisted by his pupils and the St. Cecilia Philharmonic Society. Let us hope that both entertainments may be well attended.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—The multifarious attractions at this admirably-conducted establishment, have lately been increased in the dramatic department, by the production of a stage version of Mr. TROWBRIDGE'S novel of "Cudjo's Cave." It is no slight task to condense the incidents of such a work, and bring them within the limits of a short performance, such as Mr. BARNUM usually provides for his patrons. Mr. DE WALDEN has succeeded in a measure that must be satisfactory to all who have read the novel, and as this class is a very large one, he has been rewarded with overflowing and attentive audiences ever since the play was produced. He has been assisted, with great success, by the excellent stage management of the Museum—a stage management which puts to shame the pretensions of almost every other establishment in the City. The scenic changes at this house are always effected with cleanness, and with a degree of rapidity that is almost startling. In "Cudjo's Cave" there are several heavy "sets," to say nothing of the illuminated fountain which is sandwiched between the first and second acts, and must take some trouble to arrange; yet there is neither noise while the curtain is down, nor delay in ringing it up. In fact, four acts of a regular melodrama and a series of miscellaneous performances on the stage, are pleasantly and artistically presented in the space of one hour and three-quarters.

"Pomp, of Cudjo's Cave" is a sensation piece, reflecting in a powerful manner some of the incidents of the present war, and drawing, like "Uncle Tom's Cabin," much of its pathos from the oppressions and sufferings of the African race. It abounds in action and situation, and is so interesting that the audience frequently loses its patience with the representatives of the Southern (Confederate) army, and roundly hisses them. In Paris, during the Crimean war, it was almost impossible to find supernumeraries to play the parts of Russian subjects, so great were the indignities heaped upon them by the audience. The cotemporary drama seems likely to suffer from the same cause here. Who would be a Confederate, when, by supporting the Union, he can win the heartiest plaudits of the audience? It is evident that Mr. BARNUM does not count many Secessionists among his patrons.

The piece is played with spirit, and is, in fact, a credit to the company and all concerned in its presentation. Notwithstanding its success, it must be withdrawn after the coming week; so all who would see "Pomp" must take an early opportunity of doing so.

STEREOSCOPTICON.—This admirable exhibition will close to-day. No one should neglect to go either this afternoon or evening. The entertainment is both delightful and instructive.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON.—SPALDING & ROGERS "Great Ocean Circus" Company, whose inaugural performance took place Monday evening last, has received the indorsement from the New-York public of the high encomiums which have been bestowed upon it by the celebrities of the lands it has visited during its three years' ocean tour. The company is exceedingly large and exceedingly good; and it is questionable if as full and thoroughly an artistic troupe has been seen in New-York. All the departments—equestrian, gymnastic and acrobatic—are represented by leading performers, native and foreign, and where all are good, and all receive the honor of nightly recalls, it is almost invidious to make selections, but notice can well be made of the riding of Mr. C. W. FISH, the brothers ROLLANDS and TOURNAIRE, and the gymnastic evolutions of Mr. DUVERNA. There will be a matinée for ladies and families, to-morrow, in addition to the regular evening performances.

The Pennsylvania Legislature.

STATEMENTS REGARDING THE PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES.

HARRISBURGH, Friday, April 29.

In the House of Representatives, this evening, Mr. BARGER made an important statement relative to the fifteen regiments of Pennsylvania Reserves. He stated that they entered the service of Pennsylvania in May, three years ago, but were not mustered into the national service until two months afterward. They were now greatly dissatisfied, so much so that many were under arrest; the men claiming that their time of service expired in May, the National Government contending that it extended until July.

Mr. BARGER read extracts of a letter from Col. MCCANDLASS, commanding the division, relative to the dissatisfaction, and fearing the men will refuse to serve after May. Gov. CURTIN had urged some action on the part of the Legislature to induce the National Government to comply with the demands of the reserves, in accordance with this suggestion.

Mr. BADER offered a resolution urgently soliciting the President to discharge the Reserves. To add to the dissatisfaction of the men it is stated that some of their former comrades who had left and joined the regulars, had already been discharged under order of the War Department, which allowed soldiers leaving the volunteers and joining the regulars, to count their three years from the date of their original enrollment, and not from the date of actual muster into the national service. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

SIMON CAMERON has been chosen Chairman of the Union State Central Committee.

Obituary.

Mr. JAMES HOLBROOK, who was for seventeen years special agent of the Post-office Department, died on Thursday afternoon, at his residence in Brooklyn, Conn. Mr. HOLBROOK attained the position he held at the time of his death entirely through his own exertions. He was in fact a self-made man. Previous to the time he entered the Post-office he was editor of the Norwich *Aurora*. He afterwards published *Ten Years among the Mail Bags*, and also edited and published the very valuable postal journal *The United States Mail*. His official duties connected with the Post-office were performed in a very prompt and efficient manner. As a detective he was specially successful, and aided very materially, both in the detection and prevention of fraud in the department. Most of the important cases of fraud brought to trial, were either discovered by him or prosecuted through his exertions, and in every instance his services have been very valuable.

His funeral took place at two o'clock yesterday afternoon, and was largely attended by his friends and relatives.

CAPT. MEADE RELIEVED.—Capt. MEADE, who has been in command of the receiving ship *North Carolina*, was on Thursday relieved of the command, which he has had for some three years, and is assigned to take charge of the Naval Rendezvous, Water-stret. Yesterday morning the officers and men of the *North Carolina* were assembled for a leave-taking. By all of them, Capt. MEADE is held in warm esteem. He made an address to them, in which he referred to his pleasant associations while in command, to the success, through their coöperation, of many reforms and improvements and thanking them for the valuable assistance they had rendered him, urged them to be faithful and true to the flag and the country, and render an honorable account of themselves in the future. He concluded by bidding them each and all farewell, and was honored with three hearty cheers, each given with an earnestness testifying the kindly feeling felt for him.

Commander THOMPSON, who has had charge of the Naval Rendevous, takes command of the *North Carolina*.

FIRE IN WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET.—Soon after 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a fire was discovered on the upper floors of the four-story house owned by ROBERT H. GOFF, situated at No. 337 West Thirty-fourth-street. The premises were occupied by Mr. JOHN FRASER. His furniture is badly damaged by fire and water. The damage to the building is about $5,000. It is insured for $6,000 in the Mechanics' and Traders' Insurance Company. FRASER is insured on his furniture $1,500 in the Market Insurance Company. The adjoining building, No. 335, owned by Mr. GOFF, was damaged to the extent of $500. It is insured in the Peter Cooper Insurance Company for $6,000. Mr. GOFF'S furniture was damaged about $2,000. Fully insured in the Globe Insurance Company.

Arrivals in the City.

Maj.-Gen. Hartsuff, U. S. A.; Hon. P. H. Watson, Washington; Gen. J. T. Miller, Seneca Falls; T. M. Eddy, wife and child, Chicago; Judge Low, N. Y.; and Gov. W. M. Stone, Iowa, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Senator Rice, Minnesota; Judge Church, Pennsylvania; R. Hilliard, Buffalo; T. Steele, Minnesota; J. H. Wade, Ohio; H. A. Foster, Oswego; Hon. H. A. Nelson, Washington; and Dr. Childs, Saratoga, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Lieut.-Col. F. E. Pierce, U. S. A.; and Capt. Latimer, U. S. N., are at the Astor House.

THE SITUATION IN VIRGINIA.

THE CAMPAIGN NOT YET OPENED.

Gen. Burnside at Gen. Grant's Headquarters.

The Strength of the Rebels in the Shenandoah Valley.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 29.

REPORTS FROM THE FRONT.

Officers from the front to-night profess to believe that active operations will not be commenced just yet.

The enemy are again busily engaged in throwing up more earthworks and digging rifle-pits covering the various fords along the line of the Rapidan. Their pickets have been strengthened along their whole front, and extended further down the river toward our left.

Picket-firing has again been resumed, and small skirmishes take place almost daily on the outposts.

THE REBELS IN THE SHENANDOAH VALLEY.

There is no truth in the report of the concentration of a large rebel force in the Shenandoah Valley, near Front Royal. The only rebel force in the valley is EARLY'S division of EWELL'S corps, which our troops there outnumber two to one. EARLY'S forces augmented by irregular cavalry of IMBODEN, WHITE, MOSBY, and GILMORE, do not, in all, amount to six thousand. PRESCOTT SMITH, of Baltimore, the necessity of whose position insures full knowledge of the condition of affairs in that region, fully confirms these statements. Something important is expected before long from Gen. AVERILL.

BURNSIDE AND GRANT.

Gen. BURNSIDE visited Gen. GRANT to-day at his headquarters on business connected with his department.

RUMORS ABOUT GEN. HOOKER.

Rumors that HOOKER has come on from the West, and is at Harper's Ferry, are utterly unfounded.

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

The Red River Expedition—The Rebels Reported Marching on Grand Ecore—Our Forces Going Out to Meet Them.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, April 29.

The correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat*, writing from Vicksburgh on the 22d inst., says:

"The steamer *Lucy* has arrived, bringing news from the Red River that no more fighting had occurred up to the 20th inst.

The rebels were reported marching on Grand Ecore on the 22d inst., and our troops as going out to meet them.

Our total loss in the late battles foot up four thousand.

Our army is believed to be securely entrenched at Grand Ecore, on both sides of the river.

The Investigation into the Fort Pillow Massacre—Miscellaneous.

MEMPHIS, Tuesday, April 26.

The sub-Committee on the Conduct of the War are here investigating the Fort Pillow massacre. It is thought they will exonerate Gen. HURLBUT, as it is generally conceded the force at his command was inadequate to *deal vigorously* with FORREST.

CAIRO, Thursday, April 28.

The Memphis papers of the 26th contain nothing of special interest. Cotton had advanced one cent, but there was little doing, holders waiting for better prices; receipts and stocks are light.

A reception was given to the Thirty-first Illinois Veterans at Carbondale yesterday, preparatory to their return to the field, followed by a dinner and ball.

During the afternoon some soldier of the regiment, who had an old grudge against Col. OSBORN, entered a store where the Colonel was sitting, and struck him on the head with a weight, breaking his skull, and inflicting a mortal wound. The murderer had not been arrested at last accounts.

Messrs. WADE and GOOCH leave for the East to-morrow morning.

The steamer *Forsyth* brought up 400 bales of cotton for St. Louis.

FROM NORTHERN ALABAMA.

A Rebel Force Threatening an Attack at Decatur—Reported Two Days' Fighting.

Special Correspondence Chicago Journal.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., Wednesday, April 20, 1864.

We have exciting reports from Decatur. A rebel force, variously estimated at from 8,000 to 10,000, with considerable artillery, has been hovering around there for several days. The Ninth Illinois Infantry (mounted) first discovered the enemy some miles out from Decatur, on the 14th, while scouting. They have had several skirmishes with the rebels, who have been ascertained to be RODDY'S command of mounted men. On the 17th their pickets were discovered within ten miles of town, on what is known as the Courtland road. The Ninth Illinois has been constantly busy annoying and testing the enemy. That regiment and the First Alabama Cavalry, supported by the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin and Thirty-ninth Ohio, have several times driven in their pickets.

It is expected that RODDY intends to attack our position at Decatur. Gen. DODGE, who commands our forces there, is prepared to repel him. We have strong fortifications. Troops have been going down from here, and if a general engagement is brought on, the rebels will find us more than enough for them. The position the enemy now occupies on the Courtland road, surrounded with timber, is considered a good one, and indications are that he designs a flank movement upon us.

Some think this rebel demonstration in our front is merely a *ruse* to cover some other movements. It may turn out to be so. You may expect before many days to hear of stirring events in this department.

The Chenango Disaster.

THE INVESTIGATION ON THURSDAY.

On Thursday, in the *Chenango* investigation, Mr. E. N. DICKERSON again took the witness stand and occupied the entire afternoon and a portion of the evening in giving his opinion upon steam boilers, the power of steam, and the cause of explosions. He was followed by Mr. GEORGE SEWELL, a Chief Engineer in the U. S. Navy. He testified that he was general inspector of boilers at the time those of the *Chenango* were about completed. They had been subjected to the required hydrostatic pressure, and returned to him by the local inspector as in good condition; saw them during the ninety-six hours and made a favorable report of their performance, so far as being tight and working well; never heard any complaints from the Chief Engineer of the vessel; some unimportant things were complained of after the vessel was taken to the Navy-yard, by Mr. CAHILL, all of which were rectified, and witness believed well done, as he heard no further complaints on the subject; the boilers particularly had never been complained of in any manner; was on board the *Matteomet* on her trial trip; the engines and boilers are of the same class as those on the *Chenango*; they worked well; there was no unusual foaming, and no unusual amount of water let out of the cylinders through the waives; the engines made as high as 31 revolutions per minute for a short time, and the vessel went at the rate of 10 miles an hour; the damage to the boiler of the *Chenango* witness contended was simply a rupture; had it been an explosion the damage would have been one hundred times as great as it was; witness could give no definite opinion as to the cause of the explosion.

The investigation was adjourned pending the examination of Mr. SEWELL.

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The investigation into the disaster on board the *Chenango* drags its slow length along, and, from present appearances, will not be concluded before the middle of next month. Mr. GEORGE SEWELL, an engineer in the navy, concluded his evidence yesterday afternoon, which was in effect that the Martin boiler was as good and as safe as any other marine boiler in use, and better, in some respects. Mr. E. N. DICKERSON was recalled, and answered a question by one of the jurors, when Mr. JAMES MONTGOMERY, the inventor of certain improvements in the boiler now called the Martin boiler, was placed upon the stand. He gave a thorough history of steam boilers, and denounced Martin's (so-called) invention as quackery. He proved that the boiler exploded for want of water on the heating surface. The witness occupied the greater portion of the evening, and, the jury objecting to midnight sessions, insisted upon an adjournment until Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at which time Mr. MONTGOMERY will resume his evidence.

Hope told a Flattering Tale,

But never even anticipated so divine a preparation for the toilet as that delightful preparation, "Sozodont." So cool and refreshingly agreeable to the mouth and teeth; hardens and invigorates the gums; gives a pure and healthy tone to the breath; cleanses, beautifies and preserves the teeth and arrests decay.

Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers everywhere, and by HALL & RUCKEL, Proprietors, No. 218 Greenwich-st., New-York. 75 cents per bottle.

Cough! Cough! Cough!—Why be troubled with Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, or any Pulmonary Complaint, when so sure a remedy as Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT can be obtained? Sold by KITCHEN, TYLER & CO, No. 141 Chambers-st. and No. 1 Hudson-st., and by druggists generally.

Handsome Feet-Covering.—Buy your boots and shoes at CANTRELL'S, No. 813 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts. His stock is large and seasonable, his manufacture unequaled, and his prices low. Just now the ladies will find his assortment of Spring Gaiters worthy their attention.

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and is received with the utmost cordiality and favor

BY ALL OFFICERS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY,

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THE SERVICE MAGAZINE is under the editorial care of Prof. HENRY COPEE, late instructor of West Point, and an officer in the United States Army. And among its contributors are many of the most eminent officers in both branches of the service, together with the best literary talent of the country.

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V. Homes for Discharged Invalid Soldiers
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THE SPICE OF FASHION,
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Hernia or Rupture Radically Cured!

This DANGEROUS complaint is now RADICALLY CURED, whatever may be said by others to the contrary notwithstanding, by using

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Prof. Alex. C. Barry's Tricopherous, or Medicated Compound, for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, eradicating scurf and dandruff, preventing baldness and gray hairs, curing diseases of the skin, glands and muscles, (such as salt rheum, pimples, chilblains, &c.,) chaps, rheumatism, swellings, sore throat, &c., and giving instant relief in cases of cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, &c. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Principal office, No. 374 Pearl-st., New-York.

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The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

The Arm and Leg (Palmer's Patent,) supplied soldiers by the inventor, Broadway, corner Astor-place, New-York, and No. 1,609 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia. By order of the SURGEON-GENERAL.
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Gentlemen's Fine Dress Boots and shoes, buckle and Balmoral boots, in great variety of our own manufacture.
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RUBIA MILLS COFFEE,
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The largest store in the City.

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Registered Bonds are recorded on the Books of the United States Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1, by paying the accrued interest in coin, (or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium,) or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit.

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At the present rate of premium on gold they pay over eight per cent. interest in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of United States Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities only, is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

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The fact that all duties on imports are payable in specie furnishes a fund for like payment of interest on all Government Bonds largely in excess of the wants of the treasury for this purpose.

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TEN MILLIONS A WEEK.

Subscriptions will be received by the *Treasurer of the United States* at Washington, and the *Assistant Treasurers* at New-York, Boston and Philadelphia, and by the
First National Bank of New-York, No. 4 Wall-st.
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DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF.
The only POSITIVE remedy for CATARRH!
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STONE IN THE BLADDER, CALCULUS, GRAVEL
BRICK DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCOUS
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AFTER URINATING.
IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER,
INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS,
CATARRH OF THE
BLADDER.
STRANGUARY AND BURNING, OR PAINFUL
URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms.

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CONSTITUTION WATER

has proved itself equal to the task that has devolved upon it.

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irritate and drench the kidneys, and by constant use soon lead to chronic degeneration and confirmed disease.

We present the Constitution Water to the public with the conviction that it has no equal in relieving the class of diseases for which it has been found so eminently successful for curing; and we trust that we shall be rewarded for our efforts in placing so valuable a remedy in a form to meet the requirements of patient and physician.

IN DYSMENORRHŒA, OR PAINFUL MENSTRUATION, AND MENORRHAGIA, OR PROFUSE FLOWING.

Both diseases arising from a faulty secretion of the menstrual fluid—in one case being too little, and accompanied by severe pain, and the other a too profuse secretion, which will be speedily cured by the Constitution Water.

That disease known as FALLING OF THE WOMB, which is the result of a relaxation of the ligaments of that organ, and is known by a sense of heaviness and dragging pains in the back and sides, and at times accompanied by sharp, lancinating or shooting pains through the parts, will, in all cases, be removed by the medicine.

There is another class of symptoms arising from IRRITATION OF THE WOMB, which physicians call Nervousness, which word covers up much ignorance, and in nine cases out of ten the doctor does not really know whether the symptoms are the disease or the disease the symptoms. We can only enumerate them here. I speak more particularly of Cold Feet, Palpitation of the Heart, Imperfect Memory, Wakefulness Flashes of Heat, Languor, Lassitude and Dimness of Vision.

SUPPRESSED MENSTRUATION.

Which, in the unmarried female, is a constant recurring disease, and through neglect the seeds of more grave and dangerous maladies are the result; and as month after month passes without an effort being made to assist nature, the suppression becomes chronic, the patient gradually losses her appetite, the bowels are constipated, night sweats come on, and *consumption* finally ends her career.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE $1.
WM. H. GREGG & CO., Proprietors.
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STAGE NOTICE.—THE FARE ON THE FOLlowing stage lines will be reduced to the old price, six cents, on and after Monday, May 2: Broadway and 5th-av. line; Broadway and 23d-st. and 9th-av. line; Broadway and 6th-av. line; Madison-av. line.
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OPINIONS OF THE NEW-YORK PRESS:
From the Journal of Commerce.
CATARRH CURED.
CATARRH CURED.
CATARRH CURED.
THE CASE OF HUTCHINGS, THE "LIGHTNING CALCULATOR."

There was published in these columns a few days since the remarkable cure of Hutchings, the "Lightning Calculator," so well known to the public during the many years he exhibited his wonderful arithmetical powers at Barnum's Museum, by the celebrated Oculist and Aurist, Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Hutchings is represented to have been at the point of death, and but for the timely interference of the Doctor, would now be resting in his grave. This is a remarkable case, and worthy of the attention of persons similarly afflicted.

We think it is but just to Doctor Von Eisenberg to call public attention to this case. There are hundreds in the community suffering from catarrh, who, like the "Lightning Calculator," if not actually praying for death, are ready to accept of anything that promises to relieve them from their distresses. To such we would say, trifle not with inexperienced men, but consult, without unnecessary delay, Dr. Von Eisenberg, who, at least, has the honesty to assure his patients whether it is within his power to make them whole or not.

DEAFNESS CURED.
DEAFNESS CURED.
DEAFNESS CURED.
From the Tribune.
EARS TO THE DEAF.

Every man, and especially every woman, believes in his or her physician. There are philosophical minds which hold to an abstract faith in Allopathy, or Homeopathy, or Hydropathy, or some other form of scientific cure; but with the world at large the belief is not in the system, but in the doctor. Especially is this true as regards aurists and oculists. The patient who has recovered his sight or his hearing is sure that the blessing could have been restored to him by no other practitioner than that particular one by whom his eyes or ears were opened. Dr. Von Eisenberg is among our best-known aurists. He has not lent us ears as a brother practitioner has eyes, and in whose skill, therefore, we believe above all others. But we hear of him from those who esteem him not merely as a surgeon, but as a benefactor. A recent case has been related to us, for the truthfulness of which we can vouch, though we can name no names. The patient was a lady who had been deaf from infancy, as a consequence of some of the ailments to which children are liable. Latterly the disease had taken an acute form, and the patient was subject to intense suffering. The deafness was rapidly becoming complete, and the general health breaking down under the physical exhaustion attendant upon constant pain. Ordinary remedies and ordinary advice were useless, and Dr. Von Eisenberg was called in. We need not repeat his diagnosis, for that would be only a list of hard names to the general reader. But he detected at sight the seat of disease, first in one portion of the organism, then in another, and with manipulation as skillful as his insight was accurate, he removed the causes, and she who, from infancy, had heard with difficulty, and latterly hardly at all, was restored first to perfect hearing and then to perfect health. Dr. Von Eisenberg's advertisement reminds us of this case, which we thus briefly relate, though not at his solicitation. Let him that hath not ears, hear.

From the Christian Times.

SIGHT RESTORED.

CONCERNING EYES AND OCULISTS.

Of the five senses, that which we call seeing is the most important and most valued. In proportion as this sense fails us, we are reduced to helplessness. If entirely destitute of sight, how slow would be our progress in knowledge, and how limited our sphere of action and usefulness. Endowed with it, the universe becomes a new creation, clothed with beauty and diversified by that infinite variety which never fails to attract the mind and heart.

For several months past this has been a practical subject to us. An inflamed condition of the eyelids communicating itself to the pupil, rendered the discharge of daily duties not only painful, but dangerous. Attributing it to the effect of a cold, we endured it through the Spring, with the hope that with the return of warm weather it would entirely disappear. But in this we were doomed to disappointment. Summer returned, but not our wonted sight. What might have been the result, either of further neglect or of incompetent treatment, we cannot say.

Stating our case to a friend, he assured us that a similar one in his own family had recently been treated with entire success by Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Satisfying ourselves by more particular inquiries that the doctor is no empiric, but a scientific oculist and aurist, we concluded to seek the benefits of his treatment, which we have now reason to acknowledge is very great. Though but a few weeks under his care, the appearance of our eyes has totally changed. The pupil is now full and clear, and the lids are entirely free from inflammation. The doctor says that the optic nerve has been weakened and the retina assumed a chronic inflammatory state, affecting more or less all the other tissues, and threatening, if neglected, to end in Amaurosis. Opthalmitis, is the term we believe, which oculists apply to eyes affected as were ours. Having obtained the much desired relief, we take great pleasure in acknowledging our indebtedness to the talent of Dr. Von Eisenberg, and of calling to it the attention of others who may be suffering from a similar or even worse condition of their eyes. It is said that Providence provides an antidote for every bane. It is certain that the eye is, in these times, subject to severer trials than formerly. Let us be thankful, then, that as we increase the tendencies which destroy the organ of vision, the progress of science keeps pace with these tendencies, if not in advance of them.

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HENRY H. LEEDS & Co., Auctioneers.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on SATURDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 152 West 39th st., HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved rosewood furniture, rosewood marble-top side and centre tables, elegant decorated China vases, elegant rosewood 7½-octavo piano made by Walker, of New-York, mahogany book-case chandeliers, engravings, mahogany chairs in hair-cloth, etageres, black walnut bedsteads, mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, mahogany cane-seat chairs and rockers, husk, straw and hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, gilt frame mirrors, carved mahogany French bedsteads, Brussels stair carpets, oil-cloth, blankets, quilts, comforters, &c., with china, crockery and glassware, kitchen furniture, &c., &c.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
HOUSES AND LOTS ON WEST 16TH, 35TH AND PERRY STS.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell on MONDAY, May 2, at 12 o'clock, at Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
Two two-story and attic brick houses on north side West 16th-st., known as Nos. 251 and 253, being together 34x80.
Three-story brick house and lot No. 358 West 35th-st., 15x98.9.
PERRY-ST.—Three-story brick house and lot No. 27 Perry-st., north side, 100 feet west of Waverley-place.

HENRY H. LEEDS & Co., Auctioneers.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on SATURDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at our Salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st.—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—(Removed for convenience of sale)—Consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved rosewood suites, mahogany sofas, chairs and rockers, covered in plush; do. in hair-cloth; mahogany extension dining-table, gas fixtures, mahogany bedsteads, rosewood bedsteads, hair mattresses, straw paillasses, bolsters and pillows, rosewood and mahogany marble-top centre-tables, pier do., lace window-curtains, &c. Also, china, crockery and glass ware.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.
MONDAY, MAY 2,
At 10 o'clock A. M., at the Central Salesrooms, Willoughby-st., corner of Pearl-st., Brooklyn:
SPECIAL SALE OF FURNITURE from families removing, consisting of three pianos, rosewood and walnut parlor suites, mahogany parlor furniture, oak extension table, dining chairs, mahogany and walnut bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, straw and hair mattresses, feather beds, pillows, bedding, and kitchen furniture. Also, three secretary bookcases, painted chamber suites, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS & Co., Auctioneers.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on SATURDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 146 West 22d-st.:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Brussels and velvet carpets, rosewood suite in figured crimson silk brocatel, boxwood etageres, boxwood bookcases, boxwood extension dining table, boxwood sideboard, bronze chandeliers and gas fixtures, rosewood bedstead, mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, do. washstands, hair and straw mattresses, feather bolsters and pillows, rockers and sofas in hair-cloth, boxwood and mahogany etageres, china, crockery and glassware, kitchen furniture, &c. See catalogue.

HENRY H. LEEDS & Co., Auctioneers.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on SATURDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 37 West th-st.:
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, carved rosewood suites, mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, extension dining tables, gilt-frame pier mirrors, brocatel and lace window curtains, hair mattresses, feather bolsters and pillows, straw paillasses, elegant rosewood and mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, china, crockery and glassware.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
STOCKS AT AUCTION—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction THIS DAY, (Saturday,) April 30, at 12½ o'clock, at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
300 Shares Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana R. R. Co., Guaranteed Stock, (hypothecated,) $100 each.
100 Shares Chicago and Northwestern R. R. Co., (hypothecated,) $100 each.
200 Shares Ashburton Coal Co., (hypothecated,) $50 each.

GEO. COOK, Auctioneer.
LARGE STOCK OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in good order, removed for convenience of sale. GEORGE COOK will sell at store No. 141 Broadway, on TUESDAY, May 3, at 11 o'clock, a large stock of furniture, consisting of parlor suites in rosewood, black walnut and mahogany, in brocatel; reps and hair-cloth library suites, bookcases, tables, couches and extension dining tables; buffets; chamber suites in rosewood and black walnut, &c., &c.

G. W. KELSEY, Auctioneer.
WILLIAMSBURGH AUCTION.—G. W. KELSEY will sell at public auction, on SATURDAY, April 30, instant, commencing at 10½ o'clock, the household furniture contained in the three-story brick house No. 79 Rodney-st., above Lee-av. The entire contents of this house will be sold, without reserve. Terms cash in bankable money.

W. A. CARTER, Auctioneer, Store No. 52 Cortlandt st.
CARPETS, OIL-CLOTH, CHANDELIERS, gas-fixtures, SATURDAY at 10½ o'clock, at No. 26 Beach-st., parlor, bedroom furniture, beds, bedding, towels, cutlery, glassware, &c., 10 cottage suites all nearly new.

PERSONAL.

IF MR. WILLIAM OSBORN, FORMERLY of Hartford, Conn., but now residing in Wisconsin, wishes to hear from his sister-in-law, widow of his deceased brother, Samuel W. Osborn, he can do so by addressing a letter to No. 20 West Houston-st., New-York City. Wisconsin papers please copy.
MARY E. OSBORN.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

TO LET.

BROAD-STREET PROPERTY TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS.—To lease for a term of years, the spacious brown-stone extra wide store, No. 22 Broad-st., running through to and embracing No. 20 New-st. The store is heavily timbered throughout, has a fine high basement, vaults in front, side-lights about the middle of the building, a sky-light about 8½ feet wide by 75 feet long from top to bottom, and is 26½ feet wide on Broad-st., and 30½ feet wide on New-st. This property can be had on a long lease by a good party. The building is probably the most eligible for alteration into offices of any in the vicinity of the new Stock Exchange and Public Board, soon to be erected at Nos. 10, 12 and 16 Broad-st. For length of lease, price per annum, &c., &c., apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN THE City of Bridgeport, Conn.; the house is located on Golden Hill, is in perfect order, has water and gas throughout, and all the modern improvements, and is a first-class house in every respect; is furnished elegantly; will be rented for six months, or one or more years. For particulars inquire of L. W. WINCHESTER, No. 74 Broadway.

TO LET—ON CASTLETON-AV., CORNER OF Bement-av., Staten Island, a splendid and commodious brick cottage; the house is finished with neatness and convenience, with spring water in the basement and second story, water closet, &c.; having about two acres of ground laid out in lawn and garden, and a very fine stable. Apply to E. BEMENT, office of Ketchum, Son & Co., No. 40 Exchange-place.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—A NEW house, never occupied, now ready, delightfully situated, in an inclosure of 40 acres, with two other dwellings, beautifully finished, and walks and drives of a mile on the premises; sea water bathing, boating and fishing connected with the property; house has 14 large rooms; is distant one hour from the city by New-Haven Railroad. Rent $1,000. Address K, Box No. 4,616 New-York P. O.

TO LET—A FINE COUNTRY SEAT, SPACIOUS mansion, with observatory and outbuildings, in a lawn of 7 or 8 acres; magnificent view of the ocean and Sound; nine miles from the City and access twenty times a day; good fishing and boating 2½ miles distant. Rent moderate. Inquire of A. G. ROGERS, No. 4 Pine-st., Room No. 22, or J. C. MONTGOMERY, 58 East 22d-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE LARGE MANsion, with 22 acres of ground, two cottages and outbuildings, at New-Hamburg, Dutchess County, N. Y.; It is beautifully situated two miles from the North River; contains 100 rooms, and is well suited for an academy, boarding-house or public institution. Apply to C. JENKINS, East River Bank, No. 650 Broadway.

TO LET—THE ESTABLISHED BUSINESS stand, corner Greenwich-av. and Christopher-st., opposite Jefferson Market. A light and airy basement store, sixty feet deep. MEIGS D. BENJAMIN, No. 164 East 13th-st., or 241 Broadway.

STEAM POWER, NEAR BROADWAY—NOS. 53 AND 55 PRINCE-ST.—To let, large rooms, with extra light, power, steam, hoistway, and hearing pipes. A large basement, in same building, 50x100 feet, lighted with sky-lights. Apply to E. C. MOORE, No. 207 Centre-st.

AT NEW-BRIGHTON—TO RENT, IN HAMilton Park, several Winter and Summer residences, containing gas and all the modern conveniences, particularly adaptable to merchants doing business in the City. Apply to T. BOND, No. 132 Broadway.

TO LET, FURNISHED—WITH EVERY MODern convenience, for six months—A handsome large house in one of the best and most airy situations on Murray Hill, in 37th-st., near Madison-av. Apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—A COTTAGE HOUSE, CONTAINING 10 rooms, besides kitchen and pantries; situated on the west side of Cold Spring Harbor, L. I.; rent, $200. For particulars apply to O. H. GORDON, No. 155 Maiden-lane, New-York.

TO LET—AT FORT WASHINGTON, A TWO-story frame house, with one-quarter acre of land, on 181st-st., near Kingsbridge road, with stable if wanted; rent, $175. Inquire of Mr. RYER, near the premises, or Mr. BEEKMAN, No. 19 Bowery, second floor.

TO LET FURNISHED—FOR SIX MONTHS or one year, a good house and four acres of land, with barn, garden, choice fruit, &c., beautifully situated, at Eagleswood, Perth Amboy. D. H. OLMSTEAD, No. 18 William-st.

TO LET—AT WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., A CONvenient house, two stories, with basement, within 10 minutes' walk of depot; two acres and barn; pleasant situation. Rent, $225. Apply to Mr. C. DAVIS, next premises.

TO LET—AT GLEN COVE, L. I., A SPACIOUS house containing 12 rooms, with garden, plenty of shade and fruit trees. Stages pass the door connecting with steamers daily to New-York. Apply to J. M. WEEKS, Glen Cove.

TO LET—PART OF AN ENGLISH BASEMENT brick house, No. 26 East 41st-st., between 4th and Madison avs.; two large parlors, four bedrooms and kitchen, with gas, water, &c. Rent $30 per month.

TO LET AT MANHASSET, L. I.—FOR the Summer, a first-class residence, furnished. Apply to JAMES A. ROOSEVELT, No. 94 Maiden-lane, from 12 to 1 o'clock, or on the premises, to D. T. KISSAM.

TO LET FURNISHED—A NEAT COTTAGE house in 86th-st., near 2d-av.; house and furniture in perfect order; rent $575; possession given immediately. Only respectable parties, who can give satisfactory security, need apply at No. 437 1st-av., near 26th-st.

PRIVATE STABLE TO LET—IN STABLE-place, near Macdougal-st., and in the rear of No. 94 Clinton-place, with five stalls, and room for carriages, and furnished with gas, water and room for coachman. Apply at No. 53 Walker-st.

THREE LOTS TO LET—NOS. 432, 434, 436 Washington-st., between Desbrosses and Vestry sts. Inquire of DANIEL CONKLIN, next door, or of F. COPCUTT, No. 348 Washington-st.

TO LET—A LARGE BASEMENT, NO. 346 3D-av., corner of 27th-st. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

BUILDINGS AND LOTS TO RENT—SUITable for manufacturing purposes, convenient to Hamilton-av. Ferry, Brooklyn. Inquire of C. KELSEY, office on Sedgwick-st., or at his residence, 19 Strong-place.

TO LET—ONE LARGE STORE FRONTING ON both 3d and 4th avs., and three offices in the Cooper Union. Apply either at the office of the building or o WILSON G. HUNT, Esq., No. 36 Park-place.

TO LET—A LARGE BASEMENT, AT A LOW rent to a good tenant, suitable for a plumber or many other kinds of business. Apply to PETER COUTANT, No. 469 3d-av.

TO LET—BROADWAY, NO. 806 NEXT TO GRACE CHURCH.—The Concert Room in Dodworth Hall, for day or evening, for concerts, lectures, readings, &c. Apply to the janitor on the premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—NO. 217 WEST 36TH-st., five or six rooms, with all conveniences for a small family; price $21 per month. Also, whole house, No. 215; price $900. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—AT RAVENSWOOD, L. I., TWO COMmodious houses fronting the river. Inquire of G. HOPKINS, No. 37 Fulton-st., N. Y., from 12 to 1, or at Ravenswood, after 4 P. M.

TO LET—AT DARIEN, CONN., A GOOD HOUSE with one acre of land and convenient stable, one mile south of the railroad depot. Apply at No. 2 East 17th-st.

TO LET—THE SECOND FLOOR OF HOUSE No. 1½ Allen-st., to a small family. Inquire on the premises, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

MACHINERY,

REYNOLDS TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y

GREAT BARGAIN IN MACHINERY.—Will be sold in Philadelphia by auction, on TUESDAY, May 17, to close an estate, all the machinery and fixtures of a large manufactory of paper hangings, consisting of grounding, glazing and printing machines, &c., with a great variety of patterns for printing by machinery on hand. Will be sold together or in detail. A fine opportunity is now offered to go into the business successfully in Philadelphia, as there is but one factory in the city, the owners of which are doing a splendid business and are coining money. ISAAC PUGH, No. 407 Walnut-st.; or WILLIAM CRURY, 22d and Callowhill sts.

BOILERS.—FOR SALE, TWO BOILERS, 16X5 feet, with fire box and chimney, with seven flues direct, and 34 three-inch return tubes.
JOHN STUART, No. 195 Broadway, Between Dey and Fulton sts.

FOR SALE—TWO UPRIGHT TUBULAR BOILers, fixtures complete, 5 feet 6 inches in diameter, of about 50 horse power each, made in the best manner by THURSTON, GARDNER & CO., of Providence, and never used. Apply to MESSENGER & WRIGHT, No. 100 Chambers-st.

ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.—UPright five-horse engine, built by Hoe & Co., and upright ten-horse boiler, second hand, for sale at a bargain, by JOHN W. OLIVER, No. 35 Ann-st.

ENGINE FOR SALE.—AN UPRIGHT ENGINE of 20-horse power. Apply at machine-shop No. 350 West 42d-st., between 8th and 9th avs., where it can be seen, or to JOHN STUART, No. 195 Broadway.

BOILER FOR SALE—UPRIGHT TUBULAR, 7 feet 10 inches high, 41 inches diameter. Apply to T. F. BULL, Pier No. 21 East River.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name of H. A. MILLER & CO. is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.
HORACE A. MILLER.
JONA. MYERS.
NEW-YORK, April 30, 1864.

NOTICE.—The subscribers will continue the business under the firm name of H. A. MILLER & CO.
HORACE A. MILLER.
ALBERT A. MILLER.
NEW-YORK, April 30, 1864.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR MISLAID—CERTIFICATE NO. 3,386, for one hundred shares ILLINOIS CENTRAL SCRIP STOCK, dated Aug. 12, 1863, in the name of Cammann & Co. The transfer has been stopped, and all parties are notified not to negotiate the certificate. The finder is requested to return the same to WHITEHOUSE, SON & MORRISON, No. 29 William-st.

NEW STYLE! NEW STYLE!!—CALIFORnia Diamonds now ready. Full assortment, set in 18-karat gold, at the old rates. Call and see them. We caution the public against paying fabulous prices for the same article sold under other names. ORIGINAL JACOBS, No. 407 Broadway, Established 1845.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE AT POUGHKEEPSIE.
A country place, containing 12 acres of choice land, on the south side, and just beyond the City limits of the City of Poughkeepsie; the house is large, 2½ stories high, has water, billiard-room, &c., a piazza in front, 75 by 12 feet, and commands an extensive view of the Hudson River, Fishkill and Catskill Mountains, and the adjacent scenery; the gardens are very productive, the place well stocked with fruit and shade trees and shrubbery, and the stables, &c., new and commodious; 9 additional acres of land will be sold with the place, if desired; for further particulars, inquire of
DE WITT CLINTON JONES, No. 25 Pine-st.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 5 Pine-st., or of
HENRY W. SHAW, Market-st., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

FARMS FOR SALE IN THE TOWN OF Fort Edward, Washington County, N. Y., as follows:
First—A farm of 76 acres on the Whitehall and Waterford Turnpike; good house, barn, &c.; the Champlain Canal passes through the place. Price $4,200.
Second—A farm two miles from the village of Fort Edward, 118 acres; house, barn and other outbuildings. Price $5,000.
Third—A farm 2½ miles from the village of Fort Edward, 153 acres; a good farm-house, barn and outbuildings. Price $7,600.
Fourth—A farm adjoining the last-mentioned one; contains 147 acres; good farm-house, barn and other outbuildings. Price $7,300.
Fifth—The island lying opposite the village of Fort Edward, formerly called Monroe, now Smith's Island; about 70 acres; two barns. Price $6,000.
The above lands are all under cultivation and in good fence. The village of Fort Edward affords a ready market for all produce raised. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE—ON THE HARLEM RAILroad, two miles from Pleasantville, Westchester Co., N. Y., consisting of 120 acres of good land, with 1,000 apple and pear trees, just coming into bearing. The soil is very productive. The house is 50x35 feet, with wing 20 feet square. This farm is located at the head of the Bronx and Saw-Mill River Valleys, and for beauty and extent of views is, perhaps, unsurpassed by any place in the vicinity of New-York. The farm has a southerly and westerly slope, and is well watered. For further particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

AT MADISON, MORRIS COUNTY, N. J.—The residence of the undersigned, a large well built house, with pure spring water carried to attic; grounds beautifully shaded with old trees; an abundance of fruit of all kinds; grapery in full bearing, and 25 to 80 acres of land highly cultivated. The neighborhood and scenery are particularly attractive and healthy.
ALFRED M. TREDWELL, (as above or) No. 195 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—ON 14TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV., A very superior four-story brown-stone house, in fine order, 25x69 feet; lot 25x103.6; built by the present owner with great care, and is in all respects first-class. The lot is in very favorable lease and at low rate. This is a very choice family residence, and is in one of the pleasantest parts of the City. Address F. S., Box No. 590 Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THREE NEW first-class three-story, brown-stone, basement and sub-cellar brick houses, with all the modern improvements; hot and cold water bath, water-closets, range, furnace, &c.; situated on Carlton-av., corner DeKalb-av. Inquire on the premises, or of J. KIRBY, Builder, Gates-av., near Washington-av.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME COUNTRY RESIdence situated in Poughkeepsie, just outside the city, containing between three and four acres, divided into lawn and garden. Abundance of choice fruit, shrubbery and lofty shade trees. House modern built, and contains 10 rooms. Apply to J. S. CROUSE, Bank of Poughkeepsie.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 106 Franklin-st.; lot 25 feet by 100. The building is a substantial one, and it could be advantageously altered into a store. A large portion of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to
H. MEIGS, JR., No 52 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—THE SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT Greuzeback mansion and six handsome lots, northwest corner of 3d-av. and 75th-st. As a hotel or public institution, or for further improvement, it offers superior advantages for investment. Price $26,000. W. J. STEWART, No. 157 South-st., or No. 204 Broadway.

$2,200—FOR SALE, ON EASY TERMS, A cottage in Newtown, L. I., near the depot; 10 trains daily on New-York and Flushing Railroad; time 40 minutes to City; 10 rooms, good well, cistern, plenty of shrubbery and small fruit. Apply to
H. WORTHINGTON.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—IN THE pleasant village of Brandon, Vt., on the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, nine hours' ride from New-York. A desirable place in every respect. For further particulars, apply to HOWE & BOUVIER, No. 194 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A NEW TWO-story frame house 32 by 37, with a large observatory and veranda on two sides, situated on an eminence, just outside and overlooking the Village of Catskill, commanding a magnificent view of Catskill Mountain, Hudson River. Apply to S. DRAPER, No. 36 Pine-st.

FOR SALE, AT HUNTINGTON, L. I.—THE residence of the late H. H. Wells; new building, two stories and basement; contains 10 good-sized rooms; lot 85 feet wide on Syosset-st., and 35 feet wide on Anderson-st.; contains about ⅛ acre; has fruit, evergreens, &c. Apply to JOHN J. WELLS, Huntington, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COTTAGE house and about two acres of land, finely located, in Lewellyn Park, Orange, N. J. The house is filled in with brick, heated by water furnace; has stable, &c.; fine view and very healthy location. Apply at No. 155 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN AT YONKERS—House and grounds, good location and view, 12 rooms, gas throughout; five minutes from depot; shade, shrubbery, &c.; in good order. Address ROOM No. 8, No. 59 William-st.

FOR SALE—A NEW HOUSE AND TWO ACRES of land finely laid out in lawn, garden, &c., nine miles (35 minutes) from New-York via. Erie Railway; ten trains a day each way; more land can be had if desired. C. BLAKISTON, No. 263 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—VACANT LOTS NEAR THE CATHarine Ferry, in Brooklyn; very desirable for manufacturing or other business purposes. Three-quarters of a block will be sold in one or more parcels. Apply to B. G. HITCHINGS, Executor, No. 38 Pine-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON 50TH-ST., NEAR Columbia College, between 4th and Lexington avs. Also, three lots on Elm-st., in Newark, N. J. Inquire of JOHN P. HAYS, No. 72 Beekman-st., or No. 50 East 36th-st.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, THE FOUR-story brown-stone house No. 5 West 39th-st., with all the modern improvements; lot 20 feet by 100 feet; house 20 feet by 70 feet. Apply to the owner on the premises, or to No. 199 Fulton-st.

FIFTH-AVENUE AND MURRAY HILL—House No. 441 (new No. 495) for sale or to let, furnished. Apply on the premises.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED.—WANTed, to rent for four or five months, a roomy, good-sized house, well furnished; location to be within 25 miles of the City, and of easy access, with fruit trees and vegetable garden and all other conveniences. Apply by note to N. W. CHATER, No. 41 South-st.

WANTED TO RENT—A COTTAGE, WITH TWO or three rooms, or two rooms in the house with a respectable American family, by a widow lady and her son, eight years old, from five to ten miles in the country, or in a village near some railroad leading to New-York City. Address, for 3 days, stating terms, M. A. H., Box No. 175 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, (NO children,) part of a furnished house, suitable for housekeeping; must be in good location, and first-class, with all the modern improvements; unexceptionable references given and required. Address O. L. B., Box No. 3,392 New-York Post-office.

WANTED TO HIRE—A PLACE IN THE COUNtry, with 3 or 4 acres of land, and a house suitable for a gentleman's family of five persons, within one hours' ride of New-York; terms must be moderate. Address E. J. SPINK, No. 5 Beekman-st.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, WITHOUT children, desire to secure a genteelly furnished house in Brooklyn—the Heights preferred—on a lease of from one to five years. Satisfactory references given. Address P., Box No. 4,443 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—DESK ROOM OR PART OF AN OFfice, in the neighborhood of Wall, Broad or Front sts. Address MERCHANT, Box No. 2,307 Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD.

THE FARM HOUSE AT HIGHLAND Dale will be opened for the reception of boarders on May 1; the farm house is large, with conveniences for accommodating fifty boarders; the living, first-class country fare; situation on the side of the mountain, one and a half miles from Stroudsburgh, Pennsylvania; the cars leave for Stroudsburgh daily from foot Cortlandt-st., arriving in time to dine at the farm house. For salubrious location, beautiful scenery, good living, &c., &c., this place is not to be surpassed, and may be hardly equaled in the Union. Address CHARLES FOULKE, Stroudsburgh, Monroe County, Pennsylvania.
Refer by permission to JOSEPH E. BUZBY, No. 54 Beaver-st.; CALEB G. EVANS, No. 4 College-place, New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD AT STAMFORD, Conn., ten minutes' walk from depot; house very pleasantly situated and stable attached. For particulars inquire of Mrs NOAH KNAPP, at Stamford, or A. B. KNAPP, No. 151 Chambers-st., New-York.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.
RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO., manufacturers of furnaces, ranges, stoves, refrigeraters, &c., have removed their office and salesroom from No. 260 Canal-st., to No. 234 Water-st., fourth door north of Beekman-st.

REMOVAL.—EDWIN WEST, M. D., OF NO. 111 Amity-st., will remove on May 2, 1864, to No. 42 West Washington-place, second door west of 6th-av., north side.

REMOVAL.—THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE REmoved to No. 74 John-st.
BULKLEY, BROTHER & CO.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD.
BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, $1 per 1,000. Billheads, $3 per 1,000, Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

LUMBER.—FOR SALE, EIGHTY THOUSAND feet Norway pine flooring, worked 1¼ and 1½ thick. A good article, and perfectly seasoned. Inquire of R. H. & L. TAYLOR, Jr., No. 62 10th-av.

FOR SALE.

AT NORTH NEW-YORK.
FOR SALE—650 lots and several houses, moderate prices and easy terms, taxes light, no assessments; cross 3d-av. Harlem River Bridge to 138th-st.; avenues and streets correspond with those in New-York proper, all graded and ready for improvement; in every respect the most desirable property for permanent homes ever offered for sale in these suburbs; high ground, sandy subsoil, good water, gas, and a horse railroad along the westerly side of the property. Inquire of T. RAE, at the Land-office on the property, corner of 142d-st.

3,500 ACRES TIMBER LAND, IN THE wealthiest part of New-York, surrounded by improved farms, easy access to market, contains over 71,000,000 feet of hemlock, spruce, white pine, ash, birch, hard maple and cherry; 3,000,000 bushels charcoal; 47,000 cords hemlock bark, both wanted in the vicinity; water-power unfailing, sufficient to cut 6,000,000 feet a year; bark worth $1 per cord on the trees; land wanted as fast as cleared for farming, by the neighboring farmers at good prices: trees large and sound, five and seven logs to a tree; iron furnace adjoining and several tanneries near; iron ore formerly taken from the land and more supposed to exist; a plank road running through the tract; no better location in the State for a large lumbering business, tannery, and manufactory for butter tubs and agricultural implements, having all the bark and hard wood on the premises. The land can be sold after the timber is cut, for as much as is now wanted for it all. Unquestionably the most valuable timber track in the State, and worth the attention of capitalists and lumbermen, to build up a manufacturing village and make money. Apply to E. LYON, No. 122 Nassau-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE RESIDENCE, WITH NINE lots, southwest corner of Clinton and De Kalb avs., Brooklyn. The house is frescoed throughout; has every convenience; basement floor laid in black-walnut and ash; has store-room, milk-room, laundry, kitchen, &c; on first floor, drawing-room, parlor, library, in black-walnut; dining-room, in solid oak; elaborately-carved buffet, mantel and mirror frame, with marquetrie floor; the bedrooms are airy and handsome. Part or all of the furniture (made to order, without regard to expense) will be sold with the house, if desired. On the premises is a billiard-room and bowling-alley, elegantly fitted. The stable has two box and two plain stalls, and carriage-room fitted in chestnut; loft, coachman's-room &c., &c.
Also 13 lots of land on New-York av., Dean and Bergen sts., Brooklyn. Apply to
ABIEL HEYWOOD, No. 38 Burling-slip, New-York.

COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM, COMPLETEly furnished, for sale or exchange.—Nearly 200 acres on the Sound, within 9 miles of Harlem. The improvements on the shore front alone cost over $100,000. There are several beautiful building sites lying back, which will be in great request when the Shore Line Railroad is built. Enough can be realized from this source to repay the whole amount now asked for the property, leaving the entire front, with all the valuable improvements, free of cost to the purchaser. Apply to WARD McLEAN (late Field & McLean,) No. 19 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., A handsome country residence, with eight acres of ground, 1½ miles from railroad depot. On the premises are a double house, with kitchen wing attached, furnished with hot-air furnace, bath-room, range, &c.; a large barn, with cellar, hen-house, tool-house, and other outbuildings, all nearly new and in good order; fine garden, fruit and shade trees, evergreens and shrubbery, grounds bounded by water on one side. Apply on the premises, to J. N. IRELAND, or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st., New-York.

FOR SALE—BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.—A fine country residence at Croton Falls, Westchester County, five minutes' walk from depot of Harlem Railroad, a large Gothic house, with modern improvements; grounds contain 36 acres. A good stock of fruit trees, fine garden and cold grapery. All necessary farm and outbuildings; ice house filled; houses for gardener and coachman; a pond and stream within the grounds; shade trees and shrubbery in abundance. More land may be had if desired. Price, $20,000. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE COUNTRY RESIDENCE, suitable for a gentleman doing business in the City, situated one mile from the Richmond Valley Station on the Staten Island Railroad. The place consists of ten acres of good land, well stocked with choice fruit trees and shrubbery. The house is a modern built two-story basement and attic, and commands an extensive view of Amboy, Raritan Bay, Sandy Hook, &c. For further particulars, inquire of J. CARLETON, No. 868 Broadway, or GEO. W. LYON, Richmond Valley, S. I.

FARMS AND COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE—In and near the village of Madison, Morris County, New-Jersey; 8 good farms; 4 of them not to be excelled within the State; located within 10 minutes' walk of the railroad depot; these farms are from 88 acres up to 200 acres; good large house and outbuildings; worthy the attention of those who are in want of good farms; also, house and lots, building sites, &c. Inquire of S. D. HUNTING, Waverly House, Madison.

FOR SALE—ON STATEN ISLAND, A VERY handsome place, in a healthy, commanding location, completely furnished; also, horses, carriages, and every requirement of comfort and elegance. The horses, which are very valuable, and the carriages mostly new, are alone worth $5,000. The owner being about to visit Europe, will sell the whole, the place and all its appurtenances, for $35,000, if applied for immediately. Part of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE—IN THE town of East Chester, near the Mount Vernon depots of the Harlem and New-Haven Railroads, 14 miles from the City, consisting of 70 acres of land, 14 acres in wood, balance under cultivation; 400 fruit trees, house, barns, &c. Neighborhood very good; churches, schools, stores, &c., convenient. Price $28,000. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE MANSION HOUSE AT ATlantic City, N. J. This popular hotel, situated on Pennsylvania-av., with the furniture, will be sold on accommodating terms; the house is well arranged, abounds with every convenience and comfort, and altogether is one of the most delightful Summer resorts on the shore, and affords a splendid opportunity for an enterprising man to make money. Apply to
B. F. GLENN, No. 123 South 4th-st., Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—AT YONKERS, A THREE-STORY house with 11 rooms, bath-room, gas, and all other modern conveniences, together with a first-class stable and garden, situated on the river, within three minutes' walk of the depot and steamboat landing; a very desirable residence for a person doing business in New-York. Apply to B. A. STARR, Yonkers; or at the office of JAMES M. DRAKE & CO., No. 23 William-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT AT RIVERDALE, on the Hudson, 14 miles from Chambers-st., half mile from depot; eight acres, high ground, beautiful view, fine trees and shrubbery, attractive woods, variety of fruits, vegetable garden, &c; stream of water running through, perfectly healthy, neighborhood unexceptionable, near female institute and churches; house large and handsome, bath-room, furnace, gas, &c. Apply to WILLIAM S. DUKE, No. 161 Broadway.

AT CORNWALL ON THE HUDSON.—FOR sale or to let, a large brick mansion, water throughout, with fourteen acres of land, choice fruits and fine shade trees. Location near the water, and views finest on the Hudson. Access by boats several times a day; also, by Hudson River Railroad. For particulars, inquire of S. C. GILLIS, Cornwall, N. Y., or of A. J. ROE, No. 33 Pine-st.

$3,400 FOR SALE—THE TWO NEW TWO-story and basement brick houses containing 9 rooms, subcellar, plenty of pantries, water and gas, stone stoops, marble mantels, yards and sidewalk flagged, located on Walworth-st., 150 feet north from DeKalb-av., Brooklyn, on which the cars run to Catharine and Fulton ferries; terms easy; possession given immediately. Apply to J. CLARK on the premises.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—IN FAIRFIELD, Conn., a modern house, containing 14 rooms, of gently elevated site, upon a plot of two acres, with trees and shrubbery well advanced, near the centre of the village, and within five minutes' walk of the railroad depot. Price, $6,000; rent, $400 per annum. Apply to M. W. LYON, No. 926 Broadway.

ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO RENT AT MORRISTOWN.—An elegant house and 230 acres, splendidly furnished and beautifully situated, directly on Schooley's Mountains; house 50x75 feet, three stories; contains 19 rooms, farm-house, barns, carriage-house, stables, all in best of order; possession June 1, 1864. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., 3 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—NO. 26 Lamartine-place, 29th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; large gardens in front; and the block is one of the pleasantest in the City; the furniture will be sold with the house if wanted. Apply on the premises, or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 6 WEST 39th-st., 150 feet west of 5th av., together with the furniture contained therein. Full lot. Brown-stone front; in perfect order and complete in all particulars. For further information, apply to the owner, Nos. 81 and 83 Franklin-st.

FOR SALE—AT HASTINGS-UPON-HUDSON, a country seat and building sites, belonging to the estate of the late Alex. Birnie, deceased. The house will be sold, with the whole or a part of the grounds. Inquire on the premises, or of R. S. ROWLEY, No. 197 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, WITH barn and outbuildings and ten acres of choice land, with fruit garden; one hour from the City by New-Jersey Central Railroad, and near the station. Price $3,200.
N. G. FOSTER, No. 167 Broadway.

FOR SALE—BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS—A first-rate water power at Croton Falls, Westchester County, a few rods from the depot of Harlem Railroad; more or less land, to suit the purchaser. Price, $6,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET AT WHITE PLAINS—A double two-story and attic frame house, with one acre of land, carriage-house, stable, fine garden, fruit, &c., ten minutes' walk from railroad depot. Apply to
E. B. LITTELL & CO., No. 114 Warren-st.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, NO. 23 WEST 39th-st., a full-sized house, brown stone, and just completed in the best manner, with all improvements. Apply on the premises, or to LOPER & DAVIS, 36th-st., corner of 1st-av.

FOR SALE AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—A snug gothic cottage, 9 rooms, ¾ acre of land, 10 minutes' walk from depot; price $3,300; possession given immediately. DILLENBECK & BARNES, 12 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS FULL-SIZED four-story houses; Broadway and 5th-av., near 34th-st.; now let and paying large interest. Terms easy. Address W. M., Madison-square Post-office.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF ONE HUNDRED acres, near English Neighborhood, New-Jersey, and near the railroad depot. For particulars, apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

CORNWALL—FOR SALE OR TO LET FOR THE Summer or year, several beautiful places, with from five to thirty acres. Inquire of JAMES G. ROE, Cornwall, N. Y.

CENTRAL PARK LOTS FOR SALE—AT a low figure. Commission allowed to brokers. ALLEN VAN BUREN & LUCKEY, No. 243 Broadway.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE.
CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON DEPOT, Dec. 8, 1863.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited by the undersigned for supplying the United States Quartermaster's Department, at Washington, D. C., Baltimore, Md., Alexandria and Fort Monroe, Va., or either of these places, with Hay, Corn, Oats and Straw.
Bids will be received for the delivery of 5,000 bushels of corn or oats, and 50 tons of hay or straw, and upward.
Bidders must state at which of the above-named points they propose to make deliveries, and the rates at which they will make deliveries thereat, the quantity of each article proposed to be delivered, the time when said deliveries shall be commenced, and when to be completed.
The price must be written out in words on the bids.
Corn to be put up in good stout sacks, of about two bushels each. Oats in like sacks, of about three bushels each. The sacks to be furnished without extra charge to the Government. The hay and straw to be securely baled.
The particular kind or description of oats, corn, hay or straw proposed to be delivered, must be stated in the proposals.
All the articles offered under the bids herein invited, will be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector before being accepted.
Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidder, as the interest of the Government may require, and payment will be made when the whole amount contracted for shall have been delivered and accepted.
The bidder will be required to accompany his proposal with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that in case his bid is accepted, he or they will, within ten days thereafter, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to deliver the forage proposed in conformity with the terms of this advertisement; and in case the said bidder should fail to enter into the contract, they to make good the difference between the offer of said bidder and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.
The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of a United States District Attorney, Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known at this office.
All bidders will be duly notified of the acceptance or rejection of their proposals.
The full name and Post-office address of each bidder must be legibly written in the proposal.
Proposals must be addressed to Brigadier-General D. H. Rucker, Chief Depot Quartermaster, Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Forage."
Bonds, in the sum equal to the amount of the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder or bidders upon signing the contract.
Blank forms of bids, guarantees and bonds, may be obtained upon application at this office.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.
(Town, County, and State) ————
(Date) ————
I, the subscriber, do hereby propose to furnish and deliver to the United States, at the Quartermaster's Department, at ————, agreeably to the terms of your advertisement, inviting proposals for forage, dated Washington Depot, Dec. 8, 1863, the following articles viz.:
—— bushels of Corn, in sacks, at —— per bushel of 32 pounds.
—— bushels of Oats, in sacks, at —— per bushel of 32 pounds.
—— tons of baled Hay, at —— per ton of 2,000 pounds.
—— tons of baled Straw, at —— per ton of 2,000 pounds.
Delivery to commence on or before the —— day of ——, 186–, and to be completed on or before the —— day of ——, 186–, and pledge myself to enter into written contract with the United States, with good and approved securities, within the space of ten days after being notified that my bid has been accepted.
Your obedient servant,
————
Brig.-Gen. D. H. RUCKER,
Chief Depot Quartermaster,
Washington, D. C.

GUARANTEE.
We, the undersigned, residents of ————, in the County of ————, and State of ————, hereby jointly and severally covenant with the United States, and guarantee in case the foregoing bid of ———— be accepted, that he or they will, within ten days after the acceptance of said bid, execute the contract for the same with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to furnish the forage proposed in conformity to the terms of advertisement dated Dec. 8, 1863, under which the bid was made, and, in case the said ———— shall fail to enter into a contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer by the said ———— and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.
Witness. { Given under our hands and seals this —— day of ——, 186 [Seal.] [Seal.]
I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the above-named guarantors are good and sufficient as sureties for the amount for which they offer to be security.
To be certified by the United States District-Attorney, Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known at this office.
All proposals received under this advertisement will be opened and examined at this office on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, at 12 M. Bidders are respectfully invited to be present at the opening of bids, if they desire.
D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier-General and Quartermaster.

OFFICE OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER, No. 237 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 23, 1864.
TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS INCLOSED in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and with the name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until Thursday, May 5, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M.:
For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging Eighty-fourth-street, between Avenues A and B.
For re-setting curb, gutter and flagging Fifty-fourth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.
For regulating, grading, curb, gutter and flagging Fifty-eighth-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.
For regulating, grading, curb and guttering Little Twelfth-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.
For regulating and grading, curb and guttering West-street, between Hammond and Hoboken streets.
For curbing, guttering and flagging Fifty-sixth-street, between First and Second avenues.
For curbing, guttering and flagging Eighteenth-street, between Avenue A and East River.
For curbing, guttering and flagging Sixtieth-street, between Broadway and Ninth-avenue.
For curbing, guttering and flagging Sixty-second-street, between Third-avenue and Lexington-avenue.
For curbing, guttering and flagging Avenue C, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets.
For curbing, guttering and flagging westerly side of Seventh-avenue, from West Twelfth-street to Greenwich-avenue; also, easterly side of Greenwich-avenue, from West Twelfth-street to Seventh-avenue.
For flagging, full width, Forty-third-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.
For filling between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth streets, and Third and Lexington avenues.
For rebuilding pier Number Forty-six, North River.
Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.
Dated Street Department, New-York, April 23, 1864.
CHARLES G. CORNELL,
Street Commissioner.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Minnesota Central Railway Company, in Minneapolis, Minnesota, until the 5th day of May, 1864, at 12 o'clock noon, for the grading, masonry and bridging on the branch line of said road from Mendota to St. Paul.
The work comprises a large amount of sand-rock excavation, and the masonry and superstructure of a bridge across the Mississippi River.
Notice is hereby given that on or about the same date, the work of completing the grading, masonry and bridging on the main line of said road, from Farribault to the Iowa State line, (57) fifty-seven miles, will be contracted for.
The work upon the branch line is of a very heavy character, and is worthy the attention of responsible contractors.
Payments will be made monthly, in cash, and bids received for the work in small or large quantities, the company reserving the right to reject any bids not satisfactory as to price or as to the responsibility of the parties making the same.
For information with regard to said work, application may be made to the Company's Chief Engineer, at Minneapolis, Minnesota.
S. CHAMBERLAIN, President.
D. C. SHEPARD, Chief Engineer.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, No. 502 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 29, 1864.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on MONDAY, the 9th day of May next, for furnishing by contract, at the depot of Army Clothing and Equipage in New-York City:
Cavalry Trowsers.
Veteran Reserve Corps' Jackets, sky blue.
Knit Shirts.
Service Chevrons.
Mosquito Bars.
Haversacks.
Burlaps for baleing.
Samples or specifications for which can be seen at this office. Bidders will state the quantity they wish to furnish, and how soon they can complete the delivery of the quantity they bid for. They will submit, with their proposals, a sample of the article they propose to furnish.
A proper guaranty must accompany all bids for the faithful performance of a contract.
The United States reserves the right to reject any part, or the whole of the bids, as may be deemed, for the interest of the service.
Proposals should be indorsed, "Proposals for furnishing" (here insert the article bid for) and addressed to
Lieut.-Col. D. H. VINTON,
Deputy Quartermaster-General.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPPAGE, NEW-YORK, April 23, 1864.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, M., on MONDAY, the 2d of May next, for furnishing, by contract, at the Depot of Army Clothing and Equippage in New-York City:
Cavalry boots, pegged, 9s to 15s.
Cavalry boots, sewed, 6s to 11s.
Bootees, pegged, No. 4s.
Bootees, pegged, 9s to 15s.
Negro brogans, 8s to 15s.
Engineers' overalls.
Woolen stockings.
Cavalry guidons.
Worsted lace, yellow, 1½-inch and ⅜-inch.
Worsted lace, S. B., 1½-inch and ⅜-inch.
Packing boxes.
Samples or specifications of which can be seen at this office. Bidders will present a sample of the articles which they propose to deliver, and state the quantity they wish to supply, and how fast they can make deliveries.
A proper guaranty must accompany all proposals for the faithful performance of a contract.
The United States reserves the right to reject all bids deemed objectionable.
Proposals should be endorsed, "Proposals for furnishing," (here insert the article bid for), and addressed to
Lieut.-Col. D. H. VINTON,
Deputy-Quartermaster-General, U. S. A.

MATRIMONIAL.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, NOT BAD LOOKing, desires to open a correspondence with a young lady between 17 and 21 years of age. She must be of respectable family, educated and talented, with a kind and gentle disposition. Other qualifications beside beauty and wealth are necessary. Address R. J. BENNETT, Great Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
ENGINEER'S OFFICE, PARKERSBURGH, Va., April 20, 1864.
The Baltimore and Ohio, and Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad Companies will receive sealed proposals at this office, until the 13th day of May next, for the mason work of the Railroad Bridge to be built over the Ohio River at Parkersburgh, West Virginia.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office, at Parkersburgh. The companies reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
Payments monthly, in cash, with proper reservation as security for the fulfillment of the contract.
This will be an extensive work, well worth the attention of first-class contractors.
JAMES L. RANDOLPH, Engineer.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.
PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the
FREIGHTING OF FORAGE
for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine,
TO
Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.
PROPOSITIONS
must state name, standing, and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to
S. L. BROWN,
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WASHINGTON COUNTY BANK.
Pursuant to a decretal order of the Supreme Court of the State of Rhode Island, notice is hereby given to persons holding the bills of the Washington County Bank, (Carolina Mills,) Rhode Island, that the same must be presented, with the name of the owner on the back of each bill, to the subscriber, on or before the 31st day of March next, in order to entitle the owner to a dividend thereon.
The public are cautioned against purchasing bills of the Bank of a recent issue, taken by parties for circulation, for which no consideration has been given, as they will not be entitled to any dividend.
WINGATE HAYES,
Receiver of Washington County Bank.
PROVIDENCE, Jan. 1, 1864.
N. B.—The time for presenting the bills has been extended by the Court to April 30, 1864.
WINGATE HAYES, Receiver.
PROVIDENCE, April 11, 1864.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is the intention of the undersigned to form an incorporated company, under and pursuant to the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation of Fire Insurance Companies," passed June 1, 1853, and the several acts amendatory thereof, for the purpose of transacting the business of Insurance, that is to say, to make insurance on dwelling-houses, stores and all kinds of buildings, and upon household furniture, and other property, against loss or damage by fire, and the risks of inland navigation and transportation, and that the principal office for the transaction of the business of said company will be located in the City of New-York.
Dated at the City of New-York this Twenty-ninth day of April, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-four.
WILLIAM S. CORWIN,
ROBERT DUNLAP,
THOMAS McLELLAND,
EDWARD C. ROBINSON,
CHARLES HUDSON,
JOHN S. MARTIN,
JOHN N. HAYWARD,
CONRAD BRAHER, Jr.,
GEORGE W. LANE,
JOHN W. SAGEMAN,
PEARSON S HALSTEAD,
EBENEZER H. PRAY,
JAMES W. TRASK,
HENRY P. DEGRAF,
JACOB FISK.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL will meet every day, during the present week, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to receive the regiments returning on furlough, for the purpose of recruiting. Also, to make suitable arrangements to give those already arrived, and about to depart for the seat of war, an entertainment. Commandants of regiments now home on furlough, whose term is about to expire, are requested to communicate with the committee, by letter addressed to the Chairman or Secretary of the committee, No. 8 City Hall. JOHN HARDY Chairman.
E. W. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee, are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties having business before the Committee, are requested to attend.
SAMUEL T. WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committe on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.
GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL O. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK RUSSELL, } Committee
MICHAEL BROPHY, } on
WM. JOYCE, } Roads.

FINANCIAL.

THE NEW-YORK AND NOVA SCOTIA GOLD COMPANY.
The stockholders are hereby notified that the annual election of officers to serve the ensuing year will take place at their office, No. 3 Hanover st., on Tuesday, the 10th of May, from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M.
D. C. HEWSON, Secretary.

KNICKERBOCKER FIRE INS. CO.
OFFICE, No. 64 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
At a meeting of the Directors of this company, on the 22d inst., Mr. B. D. SKIDMORE (formerly of the Howard Insurance Co.) was unanimously elected Secretary.
GEO. HODGSON, President.

NOTICE.—THE FIRST MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Copper Creek Mining Company will be held at No. 5 Park-place, in this City, on MONDAY, the 2d day of May next, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of completing the organization adopting by-laws and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting.
JAMES O. SARGENT,
DAVID B. TURNER.
Two of the persons named in the Articles of Association.

OFFICE ST. CROIX AND LAKE SUPERIOR RAILROAD COMPANY, NEW-YORK, April 30, 1864.
THE COUPONS OF THIS COMPANY DUE on the first day of May, will be paid by the New-York National Exchange Bank.
A. P. BERTHOUD, President.

TO CAPITALISTS.—THE SUBSCRIBER WILL sell 1,000 shares of stock in the American Flag Gold Mining Company, for $6 per share. A report of the financial affairs of the company can be had at their office, No. 12 Pine-st. C. P. SYKES, No. 12 Pine-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 16, 1864.
ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—1,000 artillery horses wanted, for which one hundred and sixty-five dollars will be paid for all that pass inspection. These horses must be sound in every particular, broken to harness, not less than 15½ hands high, and will be presented for inspection at the Government stables, 28th-st., between 7th and 8th-avs.
STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 27, 1864.
CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.—HORSES suitable for cavalry purposes, between the ages of 5 and 10 may be presented for inspection at the Government Stables, on 28th-st; $140 will be paid for each horse accepted; no mares received.
STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF CLOSELY MATCHED horses, 5 years old, warranted in all respects, with light-road wagon, new, double harness in complete order, and will be sold at a fair price, as the owner has no use for them; can be seen between 12 and 4 o'clock this day. Inquire of ROWLAND JOHNSON, No. 54 Beaver-st.

AT PRIVATE SALE—CARRIAGES OF EVERY description, phaetons, top and no top buggies, of piano and coal box pattern; new and second hand rockaways; light two-seat park and jump-seat wagons; also light six-seat coach, harness, &c., by OSGOOD & COOK, No. 83 Cedar-st.

ROCKAWAY CARRIAGE—SIX SEATS, IN good order, for sale for want of use, cheap, at KEELER'S stable, No. 55 West 30th-st., one door from 6th av.

MEDICAL.

DR. HUMPHREY'S SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES have been ten years before the public, and are used by thousands of families, and are everywhere commended for their simplicity, economy, and great curative value. A full case, with 35 large vials and book of directions is sold for $8, or sent to any address, free of charge, by express, on receipt of the price. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS, office and depot, No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW HYGIENIC ESTABLISHMENT, No. 10 West 11th-st., near Broadway. Dr. CHARLES O. HURLBUT treats with great success Consumption, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, &c. We use the Turkish bath. Special attention to Elocution, Vocal Culture, and Calisthenics. Stammering cured. Seminaries, &c., visited. This system is approved and practiced by the most eminent physicians in Europe and America.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st. Call, send, or write.

$1,000 FORFEITED AND NO CHARGE UNLESS CURED.—Dr. Hunter's Red Drop cures venereal diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury; but possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. This is what he claims for it; and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known that scientific men, in every department of medical knowledge, begin to appreciate it; for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians in regard to some pitiful patient who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Eight separate rooms and a private entrance. A ten cent bill will secure the Monitor of Health by return mail.

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions, by addressing Box No. 2,359 N. Y. Post-office. N. B.—Those who prefer an infallible, certain and safe mode of treatment, without the use of medicine or instruments, can avail themselves of it by one interview, and be attended by one of their own sex, by magnetism.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

AFFLICTED RESTORED—IGNORANCE EXPOSED—FALLACIES UNMASKED.—Highly important to both sexes, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, (80th edition, 400 pages, nearly 100 anatomical illustrations,) upon Debility, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Sexual Diseases, European hospital practice, the Author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c. All should purchase this original work of the publisher, E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., for $1, or consult the Doctor, 173 Broadway, up stairs, New York, from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. "We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work."—*Courier des Et. Unis, German die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review.*

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, whose valuable book entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family, with full instructions for restoring the monthly sickness. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by E. WARNER, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) No. 18 Ann-st., and No. 13 Court-st., Boston.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages, and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage-stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st., N. Y.

ON A NEW AND SUCCESSFUL METHOD FOR THE CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA AND ITS RESULTS. Fourth Edition. Intended for Popular Use. By C. D. HAMMOND, M.D., formerly Professor of Special Anatomy in the Syracuse Medical College, N. Y. Price $1. WARNER, Publisher, No. 1 Vesey-st., N. Y. The author may be consulted from 9 to 10, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 31 East 27th-st.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been misled by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., can call on Dr. J., with the certainty of a cure.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the SCALPEL, attends exclusively to operative surgery and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, hernia, hemorrhoids, varicocele and fistula. No. 42 5th-av., between 10th and 11th. sts. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO MACHINISTS AND OTHERS.

FOR SALE.

The factory lately occupied by the S. P. Ruggles Power-Press Manufacturing Company, consisting of three good-sized wooden buildings, occupying about half an acre of land; with water-privilege and steam-engine of about twelve-horse power. The premises are situated near the middle of the village of South Canton, Mass., a few hundred yards from the Stoughton branch of the Boston and Providence Railroad, and are very desirable for any first-class manufacturing purpose.

ALSO, FOR SALE.

The machinery, tools, and stock of the said corporation, in part consisting of ten-foot screw-lathe, chuck-lathe, six-foot lathe, three hand-lathes, gear-cutter, planer, Rolling drill, upright drill, cutting machine, belting, shafting, vices, jig-saw and frame, chuck-pulleys, power pulleys, pattern-makers' bench, patterns, roller-moulds, bench and forge tools, arbors, drills, reemers, cams, files, composition castings, bolts, wheels, about thirty-five tons iron castings, wrought iron, scrap iron, and a large quantity of miscellaneous stock, including an excellent fire-proof safe.

ALSO, FOR SALE.

The various patents formerly owned by the said corporation, and the good will of their business.

Apply to HENRY G. DENNY, No. 42 Court-st., Boston, or to EDWARD R. EAGER, Treasurer Kinsley Iron and Machine Company, South Canton, Assignees.

TO BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.

FOR SALE.

At the works lately occupied by the S. P. Ruggles Power-Press Manufacturing Company, at South Canton, Mass., three letter-sheet combination presses, one diamond card-press, two do. second-hand, one second-hand quarter-sheet combination engine press, two second-hand job engine presses, two inking-machines, eighteen twenty-five-inch card-cutters, unfinished; two quarter-sheet combination engine presses, unfinished; three card and bill-head rotary presses—No 3 size—unfinished, and other press stock.

Apply to HENRY G. DENNY, No. 42 Court-st., Boston, or to EDWARD R. EAGER, Treasurer Kinsley Iron and Machine Company, South Canton, Mass., Assignees.

FURNITURE.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, H. G. HAEGER, No. 378 6th-av., near 23d-st.

A LARGE LOT OF RICH MAHOGANY, ROSEWOOD AND WALNUT FURNITURE—Adapted to the Southern, Western and foreign markets. Also manufacturers of solid walnut parlor and chamber furniture, oil finish. BEAL & HOOPER, Warerooms Haymarket-square, Boston, Mass. Manufactory at Charlestown, Mass.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.—A HANDSOME suite of rosewood, in crimson brocatel, consisting of twelve pieces, but little used, if applied for immediately will be sold low; also a rosewood centre-table. Apply at No. 153 West 34th-st.

FURNITURE WANTED—DOUBLE SET PARlor rosewood, and two suites chamber furniture. Give full particulars, and if chairs are stuffed backs. Address H., Box No. 2,304 Post-office.

PIER-GLASS FOR SALE—WITH MARBLE-slab, for $65, 83x23¼ inches, nearly new. Apply, before 30 prox., at No. 36 West 40th-st.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL, Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,612	....
ERIN—building	3,215	....
ONTARIO—building	3,212	....
HELVETIA—building	3,209	....
LOUISIANA	2,166	Smellie.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Grace.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Brookings.

Leaving Pier No. 48, East River, as follows:

VIRGINIA	Saturday, April 28.
PENNSYLVANIA	Saturday, May 7.
LOUISIANA	Saturday, May 21.
WESTMINSTER	Saturday, June 4.

AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed and the rates lower than by any other line.

SALOON PASSAGE to Liverpool—$100, or $85, in Currency, according to the accommodation in State-rooms, but passengers having equal privileges in the Saloon.

THIRD-CLASS PASSAGE to Liverpool—$35 in Currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 27.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, May 4.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 11.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 18.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 25.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, June 1.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF BALTIMORE	Saturday	April 30
EDINBURGH	Saturday	May 7
CITY OF WASHINGTON	Saturday	May 14

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $35. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS, via HAVANA,

To sail on SATURDAY, April 30, at 3 P. M.

The U. S. M. side-wheel steamship EVENING STAR will sail as above, from Pier No. 47, North River, foot of Houston-st.

For freight or passage, apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 161 Broadway.

N. B.—The MORNING STAR will follow, and sail on SATURDAY, May 14, 1864.

THE MONTREAL O. S. S. CO'S.

Steamship NOVA SCOTIAN, from Portland to Liverpool, April 30. Rates of passage, $80, $66 and $30.

Sight Drafts on the National Bank, payable at all its branches in England and Ireland.

For passage apply to SABEL & SEARLE, No. 23 Broadway, New-York.

TAPSCOTT'S LONDON AND LIVERPOOL PASSAGE OFFICE, No. 86 South-st., New-York. DRAFTS on ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND and WALES.

TAPSCOTT'S CELEBRATED LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS SAIL TWICE A WEEK.

X LINE OF LONDON PACKETS SAIL EVERY TEN DAYS.

Parties wishing to take passage, send for their friends, or remit money to the old country, can do so at the lowest rates, by applying to TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO., No. 86 South-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT—THE NEW United States Mail steamship GEORGE CROMWELL, Capt. Post, will leave Pier No. 9 North River on SATURDAY, May 7, at 3 o'clock P. M. Passage, with unsurpassed accommodation, $60. No bills of lading signed on day of sailing. Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,

NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This Road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. R. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD. Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7¼.

Leave Flushing at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7¼ P. M.

N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE TO THE WEST is 90 miles shorter to Cincinnati; one change of cars. is 21 miles shorter to Cleveland; one change of cars. is 56 miles shorter to Chicago; one change of cars. is 55 miles shorter to St. Louis; two changes of cars. Office No. 271 Broadway, corner Chambers-st.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, commencing Nov. 12, 1863.—Leave James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M., and on FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M. Also, for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Hamptons, &c., stopping at all stations. For Yaphank, at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Syosset, at 9 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Jamaica and Hempstead, at 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday excursion trains to Yaphank, at 9:15 A. M., from 34th-st., stopping at all stations.

Fare for this train at excursion rates.

For Syosset, (on Sundays,) at 5:45 P. M., stopping at all stations. A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave from foot of Chambers-st.
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo and intermediate stations.
4:15 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. D. BEERS will leave the wharf foot of Murray-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays,) at 4 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Tom's River and intermediate stations. Returning, leave Manchester at 6:40 A. M., and Long Branch at 7:25 A. M., arriving in New-York at 10:15 A. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning for Camden. Freight received foot of Murray-st. till 3:30 P. M. B. S. SEYMOUR, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 5:22 P. M., from 30th-st.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 8 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 2:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., 6:25 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M. run through to Monsey. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—For Albany, Troy, North and West, leave 26th-st depot at 10 A. M. and 4:25 P. M. Sunday train, 4:25 P. M.

STEAMBOATS.

HARLEM RIVER.

PLEASANT AND CHEAP EXCURSION TO HIGH BRIDGE.

The Harlem and Spuyten Duyvil Navigation Company's steamer TIGER will resume her usual trips, on Harlem River, on the 23d inst., leaving 3d-av. and 130th-st. for McComb's Dam, High Bridge and King's Bridge, connecting, to and from New-York, with 3d-av. cars and New-York and Harlem steamboats. Time tables on board or at the office, in Harlem. D. D. INSLEE, Assistant Superintenden

FOR RONDOUT—LANDING AT CORNWALL, Newburgh, Marlboro, Milton, Poughkeepsie, West Park and Elmores. The steamers JAMES W. BALDWIN, Capt. J. H. TREMPER, and THOMAS CORNELL, Capt. W. H. CORNELL, will leave New-York daily, (Sundays excepted,) from foot of Jay-st., at 4½ P. M. Returning, will leave Rondout at 6 P. M.

MORNING BOAT FOR ALBANY—CHANGE OF PIER.—The DANIEL DREW, Capt. J. F. TALLMAN, will, on and after WEDNESDAY, May 4, leave from Desbrosses-st. at 7 A. M., stopping for passengers at 30th-st. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill and Hudson.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M. NIGHT LINE—Steamers leave at 11 P. M., arriving in New-Haven in time for all early morning trains

MORNING LINE FOR PEEKSKILL.—The AURORA leaves Jay-st. daily, (without exception,) at 8 A. M.; lands at 30th-st., Yonkers, Hastings, Dobb's Ferry, Nyack, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Grassy Point, and Verplanck. Leaves Peekskill at 1:30 P. M.

FOR NEWBURGH, WEST POINT, CORNwall, Poughkeepsie, and Rondout. The steamer MARY POWELL, leaves Jay-st. Pier, every afternoon, at 3½.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

U. S. NAVY.

AND MARINE CORPS.

NEW-YORK COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE, OFFICE NEW BUILDINGS, CORNER CHAMBERS-ST. AND BROADWAY.

5,000 RECRUITS WANTED FOR THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

COUNTY BOUNTY OF $200 AND $100, CASH DOWN FOR SAILORS, AND $300 FOR MARINES AND PRIZE MONEY.

THE UNITED STATES AUTHORITIES HAVING, in order to fill up the navy and Marine Corps, authorized the raising of recruits for that branch of the service, and guaranteed that recruits for the navy and Marine Corps shall be counted on the quotas of the places where they elect to be credited, the same as if they were recruits for the army, the County Volunteer Committee have resolved to pay recruits for the navy and Marine Corps the following bounty, cash down, upon their being duly mustered into the service:

When enlisting for one year in the navy	$100
When enlisting for more than one year in the navy	$200
When enlisting for Marine Corps	$300

ANY PERSON BRINGING A RECRUIT FOR THE NAVY OR MARINE CORPS TO THIS OFFICE WILL RECEIVE A COUNTY PREMIUM OF $20.

PAY OF THE U. S. MARINE CORPS.

Grade.	
First or Orderly Sergeant	$20 per month.
All other Sergeants, each	17 per month.
Corporals	13 per month.
Drummers and Fifers	12 per month.
Privates in Barracks at Navy-yard	13 per month.
Privates at Sea	14 50 per month.

Seamen and ordinary seamen, who will be shipped for two years, will receive, in addition to the above bounty of $200, three months' pay in advance, and three months' extra pay as Government bounty.

The rates of wages are as follows:

First-class Firemen	$30 per month.
Second-class Firemen	25 per month.
Coal-passers	18 per month.
Seamen	18 per month.
Ordinary Seamen	14 per month.
Landsmen	12 per month.
Boys	10 per month.

Boys will not be taken unless they are sixteen years of age, stout, in good health, and not below four feet eight inches in height. In all cases the consent of the parents or guardians must be first obtained.

The county bounty and the three months advance pay will be paid to all recruits, irrespective of class; and half-monthly pay can be left at home by application to the Paymasters of the vessels to which the recruits may be assigned.

All needful information can be obtained by applying at the Naval tent in the Park, and persons can be enlisted and sworn in at either of the following rendezvous, which are the only ones authorized by the Navy Department in this City.

All recruits thus enlisted, and receiving the bounties aforesaid, will be credited to the quota of the City and County of New-York.

CAPT. OSCAR BULLUS, U. S. N., No. 9 Cherry-st.
CAPT. EDWARD THOMSON, U. S. N., No. 346 Water-st.
LIEUT.-COMDG. JNO. McLEOD MURPHY, U. S. N., No. 14 State-st.
ACT'G-MASTER JOHN W. GOIN, U. S. N., No. 156 South-st.
CAPT. A. N. BREVOORT, U. S. M. C., No. 18 Bowery.
WM. WALLACE, Lieut., U. S. Marines. County Bounty Rooms, No. 18 Bowery.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor.
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor.
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor.
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
County Volunteer Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

NEW-YORK, April 8, 1864.

N. Y. COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE. OFFICE NEW BUILDINGS, Cor. Chambers-st. and Broadway. Entrance on Broadway.

10,000 VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

The following are the pecuniary inducements offered:

COUNTY BOUNTY, cash down	$300 00
UNITED STATES BOUNTY additional	100 00
Total	$400 00

Applications to be made *personally* at the office of the Committee.

☞ Any person bringing a recruit for the army to this office, will receive a premium of twenty dollars.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor.
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor.
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor.
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
County Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

NEW-YORK, April 4, 1864.

THE NEXT OF KIN OF THE LOST CREW OF THE UNITED STATES STEAMER BAINBRIDGE.—We are now settling promptly the claims of the next of kin of the officers and crew of the lost *Bainbridge*. Apply at once, either in person or by letter, to JOSEPH E. DEVITT & CO., No. 427 Walnut-st., Philadelphia, the Military and Naval Agency.

BOOKS FOR THE ARMY.—FAMILIES breaking up housekeeping or changing their residences, or any person having books, pamphlets or newspapers to spare, will greatly benefit the soldiers in hospital by sending them to the Women's Central Association for Relief, No. 10 Cooper Union, New-York.

FAIRS.

METROPOLITAN FAIR BUILDINGS.

Parties who have loaned gas fixtures for use during the fair, are requested to take them away by SATURDAY, 30th April, as there will be an auction sale of all fixtures remaining in the buildings, on MONDAY, 2d May. EDWARD DELANO, Chairman.

METROPOLITAN FAIR, TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

THE CHAIRMEN OF COMMITTEES who have contributions of money in hand, or to be collected, are respectfully requested to make their returns to this department without delay.

All persons having bills against the Metropolitan Fair are requested to present them authenticated by the committees ordering the expenditures, at as early a day as possible, as it is desirable to close up the accounts of the fair. ELLEN R. STRONG, Treasurer.

DONATIONS.

THE RECEIPT OF THE FOLLOWING donations to the Widow and Orphan Fund of the Fire Department is thankfully acknowledged, viz.:

Lorillard Insurance Company, per John C. Mills, Esq., Secretary	$100 00
North River Insurance Company, per John Hegeman, Esq., Secretary	100 00
Manhattan Insurance Company, per Andrew J. Smith, Esq., Secretary	100 00
Greenwich Insurance Company, per James Harrison, Esq., Secretary	50 00
New-York Fire and Marine Insurance Company, per E. Cooper Dederer, Esq., Secretary	50 00
Sun Mutual Insurance Company, per E. R. Anthony, Esq., Secretary	50 00
Harmony Insurance Company, per D. D. Gassner, Esq., Secretary	50 00
Relief Insurance Company, per W. E. Grary, Esq., Secretary	50 00
American Insurance Company, per Fredk. W. Downer, Esq., Secretary	50 00

JOHN S. GILES, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, April 29, 1864.

ROSE HILL LADIES' SOLDIERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION—Depot in Ward School No. 14, East 27th-st., April 27.—Having observed in Monday's *Evening Post* a letter soliciting relief for a sick discharged soldier, the ladies of the above association announce that in connection with their attendance at the hospitals of this City, they visit and administer relief to sick and needy discharged soldiers out of the hospitals. By applying personally or by letter TUESDAY AFTERNOONS, at the Depot, 27th-st., east of 3d-av., they will be visited, and if possible, relieved. Mrs. A. G. DUNN, Corresponding Secretary.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

GOOD PLAIN BOARD WANTED—IN A pleasant, healthy, country place, by a gentleman, wife, two children and nurse; location not to be more than an hour and a half from the City by railroad. Terms must be moderate. Address W., Box No. 160 *Times* Office.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SUITE OF ROOMS TO LET—With board, on second and third floors, front, to gentleman and wife or single gentlemen. No. 33 West 33d-st., near 5th-av. Possession 1st of May; family private; unexceptionable references required; first-class house and location.

NO. 34 WEST 25TH-ST., NEAR THE Fifth-Avenue Hotel, gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms, without board, or with breakfast only. Rooms and situation first-class; references exchanged.

TO LET—FRONT ROOMS ON THIRD AND fourth floors; also two other rooms to let with or without board, in the respectable location, No. 132 East Sixteenth-st., one block from Union-square. Reference asked.

AT NO. 176 EAST 14TH-ST., FRONT room to suit two gentlemen; front hall room to suit one gentleman. Breakfast and tea. Dinner on Sunday. Location good.

THE FRONT ROOMS ON THE SECOND floor, and a small one on the third, can be had, with partial board, at No. 147 Ninth-st., a few doors from Broadway.

ROOM WANTED WITHOUT BOARD, BY a young man, in South Brooklyn. Address M. C. E., Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

BOARDING—A PLEASANT SUITE OF TWO large rooms, on second floor, can be had, with board, at No. 55 East 21st-st.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT FRONT ROOM, SUITable for a gentleman, or gentleman and wife. No. 34 West 29th-st.; dinner at six.

SUMMER RESORTS.

PAVILION HOTEL, ROCKAWAY, L. I.—The undersigned having leased this favorite hotel, it will be opened for the ensuing Summer on the 1st of June. Parties in town desiring to engage rooms, (or cottages, either with or without board,) will find Mr. Halbridge at the office of E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., from 12 to 2 P. M., on WEDNESDAYS. D. M. HALBRIDGE & CO.

EXCURSIONS.

EXCURSIONS.—DUDLEY'S AND BIDDEL'S Groves, and Woodbridge Park to let, for excursion parties. Apply to R. V. BONNELL & CO., Proprietors, No. 159 Front-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.

SATURDAY, APRIL 30.
LAST NIGHT
BUT
ONE
of the brilliant engagement of the gifted tragic artiste,
MISS
AVONIA JONES,
who will appear in her intense and powerful original character of
"BLACK JANET,"
in the
NEW ROMANTIC HISTORICAL DRAMA,
in four acts, entitled
THE SORCERESS,
which has been nightly received with the most enthusiastic demonstrations of approbation, and which will be
REPEATED THIS EVENING,
with its
Thrilling Tableaux,
Scenic Surprises and
Dramatic Sensations.

MONDAY, MAY 2,
LAST NIGHT
LAST NIGHT
of
AVONIA JONES,
and
FAREWELL BENEFIT!
on which occasion she will appear in
TWO
OF HER GREAT CHARACTERS.

TUESDAY, MAY 3.—The management has pleasure in announcing that
EDWIN BOOTH
will commence a series of
ELEVEN REPRESENTATIONS
of his great Shakespearean and standard characters, appearing on that night as
HAMLET.

WINTER GARDEN.

The management has sincere pleasure in announcing, that in compliance with a generally expressed wish of the Press and of many of the admirers of
MR. EDWIN BOOTH,
that he should appear before the close of the season in a series of his great Shakespearean and standard representations, he has been induced to give
ELEVEN PERFORMANCES
at the Winter Garden. The first of these will take place on
TUESDAY, May 3,
on which occasion he will appear in his great rôle of
HAMLET.
Seats may now be secured.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON

AND
NEW-YORK CIRQUE,
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.

This SATURDAY, and EVERY EVENING, at 8,
and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY,
GRAND MATINEE at 2½.
FOR A SHORT SEASON,
whilst refitting for Constantinople and the Mediterranean
SPALDING & ROGERS'
GREAT OCEAN CIRCUS,
FROM
SOUTH AMERICA AND THE ANTILLES,
WITH
BRAZILIAN AND SPANISH ARTISTS,
who never previously appeared in New-York.
AMERICAN ARTISTS,
never performing before in this City.
NATIVE ARTISTS OF RENOWN,
long absent from New-York.
NATIVE AND SOUTH AMERICAN HORSES,
and an immense collection of
NOVEL AND ATTRACTIVE FEATURES,
ENTIRELY NEW TO NEW-YORK.

THIS UNPRECEDENTED COMPANY
AND GLITTERING GALAXY OF
EQUESTRIAN, GYMNASTIC AND ACROBATIC
STARS,
WILL APPEAR — WILL APPEAR
THIS (SATURDAY) AND EVERY EVENING,
AND ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS,
in a series of
LEVIATHAN AND EVER-CHANGING PROGRAMMES.

NO ADVANCE IN THE PRICES.
Reserved Stalls, 75 cents; Dress Circle 50 cents, children half price. Amphitheatre 25 cents. Doors open—Afternoon at 1½; evening, 7¼.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Commences at 7½.
Lessee and Manager.......Wm. Wheatley.
SATURDAY EVENING, April 30, 1864,
CONTINUATION OF CROWDED HOUSES,
and brilliant success of the Great Originals
MR. and MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS.
SEVEN NIGHTS MORE ONLY.
Charles Gayler's new Irish Drama,
THE CONNIE SOOGAH,
produced with a superb cast, original scenery, magnificent effects, appointments, music, &c.
MR. BARNEY WILLIAMS
in his original character of
CORNEY McGRATH,
with the songs of "Ellen Astore" and the "Irish Wedding."
MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
in her original character of
NELLY NOLAN, the Jumpin' Jewel.
BEL DEMONIO,
a grand spectacular drama, written by John Brougham, Esq., (and the theatrical sensation of the present season in London,) will be shortly produced in the most
MAGNIFICENT MANNER.

COOPER INSTITUTE.

STARTLING WONDERS,
MYSTERIOUS DISPLAYS,
AND
UNACCOUNTABLE MANIFESTATIONS,
in presence of the world-renowned
DAVENPORT BROTHERS,
far surpassing the most brilliant productions of the
MAGIC ART.
EVERY EVENING
THIS WEEK.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; commencing at 8 o'clock.
Admission 50 cents; children, under 12 years 25 cents.
Reserved seats can be secured at the office of the Institute, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M., without extra charge. G. S. LACEY, Agent.

INSTRUCTION.

SEWARD INSTITUTE

FOR BOYS.
Florida, Orange County, N. Y.

A few more vacancies to fill. Boys of all ages admitted. Superior advantages offered. Number limited to 30. Terms $140 per annum. Catalogues at J. P. Worstell's, No. 254 Broadway, or at the Institute. T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M., Prin.

BERKSHIRE FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS—Stockbridge, Berkshire County, Mass. Summer session begins MONDAY, April 18, 1864. Circulars may be had at Appleton's, No. 445, Westerman's, No. 440, and Randolph's, No. 683 Broadway. HOFFMAN & HUNTER.

SUMMIT COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, SUMMIT, NEW-JERSEY—The Rev. A. M. IVES, M. A., Principal. Circulars may be had at No. 656 Broadway. For further information address the Principal by mail.

A CONGREGATIONAL CLERGYMAN, on a fine firm in a beautiful village of Connecticut, has a family school of 18 boys from this City; he will receive two more, if application is made to him at once, at the office of L. P. Rose, Esq., No. 132 Broadway, Room No. 8.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N.Y.—A Boarding School for boys. The Fifty-third Semi-annual Session will commence on Monday, May 2d. For circulars apply to the Principal, D. S. ROWE, M. A.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT BEDFORD, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.—A. WILLIAMSON, A. M., Principal.—A few only received. Circulars at No. 183 Water-st., or of the Principal.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE—GREAT BARrington, Mass.—A boarding school for twenty boys begins next session 2d May. Circulars at Ivison's No. 48 Walker-st. JAS. SEDGWICK, M.A., Principal.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.—Circulars at W. H. ARTHUR'S, No. 39 Nassau-st., or apply to BENJAMIN MASON, Yonkers, N. Y.

PARENT'S WHO WANT A REALLY GOOD School, on moderate terms, will do well to address the PRINCIPAL, Keyport Academy, Keyport, N. J.

WILTON INSTITUTE, WILTON, CONN., for both sexes. Six vacancies. For circulars, address LOCKWOOD & BROWN, Principals.

A HOME FOR SIX BOYS—WHO WILL REceive special instruction to prepare them for college or for business. Address Rev. J. TUFTS, Monson, Mass.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, New-York. O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

A YOUNG FRENCHMAN, WHO, FOR the last five years has been teaching the French and Latin languages in this country, having the best testimonials and able to give excellent references, desires a situation in a college, school or private family; no objection to go in the country. Address FRENCH TEACHER, care of Mr. Betting, No. 21 White-st., N. Y.

AS PRIVATE TUTOR.—A THOROUGHLY experienced teacher of the classics, mathematics, English branches, French, Spanish, German and music, (piano and vocal,) desires an engagement. Address C. W. C., Box No. 2,561 New-York Post-office.

TWO YOUNG LADIES, WELL QUALIFIED in English branches, music and French, are desirous to obtain situations as teachers, either in schools or families. References given. Call or address TEACHER, at Powers' Hotel, Park-row, for 2 days.

A PARISIAN LADY, A SUPERIOR TEACHer of French and music, a thorough English scholar, desires an immediate engagement, City or country; references to first-class families. Apply to C. C. G., No. 71 Union-place, 4th-av.

A LADY, WHO UNDERSTANDS FOUR different languages, wishes a situation as governess; no objection to go traveling. Address, for three days, S. W., Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY WHO HAS had experience in teaching the English branches and music, a situation in a school or family. Address RUTH, Post-office Box No. 39, East Hampton, Mass.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION.

Use the nitrous oxide gas, made pure and fresh every day by Dr. COLTON, who has had 20 years' experience in its manufacture. No. 22 Bond-st.

N. S. GRIFFIN & BROS., NO. 258 GRAND-st., New-York, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are extracting Teeth positively without pain, by the use of nitrous oxide gas. No charge for extracting when artificial teeth are to be inserted. They are also inserting full sets of Teeth on Gold, $25; Platina, $25; Silver, $10; Rubber, $10; Partial sets on gold, $2; silver, $1; Extracting, 25 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK BUT ONE
OF THE THRILLING UNION DRAMA,
POMP OF CUDJO'S CAVE,
founded on Trowbridge's popular novel, "CUDJO'S CAVE," with characteristic scenery, appropriate costumes, splendid music and STARTLING EFFECTS.

Pomp, a slave	J. E. Nagle
Cudjo, an escaped contraband	W. L. Jamieson
Toby, a venerable African	Mr. Hadaway
Carl Minnerich, a Dutch lad	Miss Alford
VIRGINIA VILLARS	Mrs. J. J. Prior

Supported by the entire company.
ILLUMINATED FOUNTAIN OF REAL WATER
Mr. HARRISON, Impromptu Singer, and MR. STOEPEL, with his WOOD AND STRAW INSTRUMENTS, between the acts.
AFTERNOON and EVENING, at 3 and 7½ o'clock.
To be seen at all hours of the day and evening.
COLOSSAL GIANTS AND DIMINUTIVE DWARFS,
MONSIEUR JOSEPH, ex-officer of the French Army, and ANNA SWAN, the NOVA SCOTIA GIANTESS, EACH OVER EIGHT FEET HIGH, and
Gen. GRANT, Jr., the smallest man living.
LAST WEEK OF MAJOR WILLIE BAGLEY, the Wisconsin INFANT DRUMMER.
PHRENOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS and CHARTS, by [illegible]
THREE ALBINO CHILDREN,
A JAPANESE MASKIN HOG
MINIATURE SKATING POND.
Three TABLEAUX OF MOVING WAX FIGURES.
Bridal Group of GEN. TOM THUMB AND WIFE, COM. NUTT AND MINNIE WARREN, in the costumes worn at the General's wedding.
TWO LIVING PRAIRIE DOGS, from Colorado Territory, the only ones ever seen in this region.
THREE SPECKLED BROOK TROUT,
EACH WEIGHING OVER FOUR POUNDS.
A MONSTER SERPENT, 21 feet long.
ROBERT HOUDIN'S AUTOMATON WRITER,
THE MUSICALLY-EDUCATED SEAL.
and innumerable other curiosities.
Admission, 25 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

WALLACK'S — SATURDAY.

Doors open at 7¼; overture commences at 7¾; curtain rises at its conclusion.
THE STRANGER.
WITH
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SCENERY.
Correct Costumes and an Unprecedented Cast.

The Stranger	Mr. Lester Wallack
Baron Steinfort	Mr. Charles Fisher
Tobias	Mr. John Gilbert
Solomon	Mr. Mark Smith
Francis	Mr. Floyd
Peter	Mr. Young
Count Wintersen	Mr. Daly
Mrs. Haller	Miss Jane Coombs
(Her third appearance here.)	
Charlotte	Miss Mary Gannon
Countess of Wintersen	Miss Henriques
Annette (with the original song)	Miss Ione Burke
Claudine	Miss Greer

MONDAY—ROSEDALE.
TUESDAY—THE LOVE CHASE, in which Miss Coombs will perform.
WEDNESDAY—THE WONDER.
THURSDAY—THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL will be repeated.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Lessee and Directress.......Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Stage Manager.......J. H. SELWYN
THIS EVENING, (Saturday,) April 30,
the performances will commence with the Comic Drama (for the last time) of
OUR WIFE.
After which, the highly successful
OLYMPIC EXTRAVAGANZA,
BY
A. OAKEY HALL,
entitled
LOYALINA;
OR,
BRIGADIER-GENERAL FORTUNIO
and his
SEVEN GIFTED AIDES.
MONDAY EVENING, May 2,
BENEFIT
OF
MR. FRANK DREW.
HANDY ANDY and MAZEPPA.
Doors open at 7¼; performances commence at 7¾.
Seats secured three days in advance.

SALON DIABOLIQUE.

No. 585 BROADWAY,
Opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.
ROBERT HELLER,
IN HIS EVENINGS OF MUSIC AND MYSTERY.
NEW AND STARTLING EFFECTS
IN
THE NECROMANTIC ART,
EMBRACING
THE CABALISTIC CLOCK,
THE SILVER RINGS,
THE DEVIL'S PUNCH BOWL,
THE SECOND SIGHT,
THE SUSPENSION CHLOROFORCENE,
Together with
TWO GRAND SOLOS
on one of Chickering & Son's grand pianos.
Every evening at 8 o'clock. Grand Matinee on SATURDAY afternoon at 2 o'clock.
Box office open from 10 to 4.

GRAND MATINEE.

SALON DIABOLIQUE.
Wonderful Illusions and Parlor Magic.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, April 30, at 2 o'clock.
Admission 50 cents. Children half price.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

STEINWAY & SONS'

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

UNITED PIANO-FORTE MAKERS,

No. 86 Walker-st., New-York. All the stockholders being superior practical workmen, this Company is able to OFFER THEIR LARGE AND SPLENDID PIANOS AT LOWER PRICES THAN ANY OTHER FIRST-CLASS HOUSE. Every instrument guaranteed for five years. PIANOS TO RENT.

HAZLETON BROTHERS,

OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS, No. 99 Prince-st., a few doors west of Broadway, N. Y. These Pianos have always received the first premium wherever they have been exhibited. A written guarantee for five years accompanies each piano. These instruments will be sold at prices to suit the times.

HAINES BROTHERS,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS. Warerooms No. 758 Broadway. PIANOS TO LET AND FOR SALE ON INSTALLMENTS.

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS, FOR FAMILIES, CHURCHES AND SCHOOLS—Recognized by the musical profession as greatly superior to Harmoniums, Melodeons and all other small organs. [See our illustrated catalogue for explicit testimony to their superiority, from a majority of the most eminent organists in America.] Prices, $85 to $500 each.

CAUTION TO PURCHASERS.—The great reputation which our Cabinet Organs have obtained, and the extensive demand for them, have induced dealers to advertise, in some cases, quite different instruments as Cabinet Organs, and in others to represent to purchasers that Harmoniums and other reed organs are the same thing. This is not true. The excellences of our Cabinet Organs, which have given them their high reputation, are the result not merely of the superiority of their workmanship, but also, in large measure, of essential differences in construction, which, being patented, cannot be imitated by other makers. From these arise their better quality and volume of tone and unrivaled capacity for expression. Warerooms in New-York, No. 7 Mercer-st. MASON BROTHERS.

NEW MUSIC.—"THE DYING DRUMMER," one of the sweetest songs ever published:

CHORUS—Have you come to see your darling
Die upon the battle-field,
Far from home, so sad and lonely,
Have you come your boy to shield?

"This hand never struck me, Mother," a very touching and beautiful song, suggested by seeing a little girl take the hand of her dead brother, and looking at her mother through her tears, said, "This hand never struck me, mother."

The above songs are from the pen of the popular composer, Mrs. Parkhurst, and are perfect gems. Price, 30 cents each. Mailed free. HORACE WATERS, Publisher, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS, cabinet and Alexandre organs, piano stools and covers, sheet music, music books, music merchandise, and all kinds of musical instruments, at wholesale and retail; second-hand pianos and melodeons at great bargains; new pianos and melodeons to let, and rent allowed if purchased; monthly payments received for the same; pianos tuned and repaired; cash paid for second-hand pianos and melodeons. HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

"MUSICIAN'S OMNIBUS," CONTAINS 700 tunes for flute, violin, cornet, or fife, $1 mailed. "Musician's Omnibus," complete, 1,500 pieces music—a complete musical library, $2. "Union Collection," 50 popular duetts for violin and piano, 50 cents, mailed. FREDERICK BLUME, 208 Bowery.

PIANO-FORTES OF EVERY VARIETY OF style and pattern, warranted of the best material and workmanship, and unsurpassed in strength and delicacy of tone, or elasticity of touch. Apply at manufactory of JAS. VAN RIPER, No. 178 Wooster-st., between Houston and Bleecker sts.

MRS. J. H. BARCLAY, CONTRALTO, will accept an engagement in a GOOD QUARTETTE CHOIR. Address, No. 488 Broadway, corner Broome, or No. 91 West 27th-st.

PRINCE & CO.'S IMPROVED PATENT MELODEONS AND ORGANS.—33,000 now in use. Price-list sent free on application. GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., No. 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.

A. H. GALE & CO.—PIANO-FORTES. Manufactory and Warerooms, No. 107 East 12th-st., New-York.

WANTED FOR CASH.—SECOND-HAND PIANOS for Southern climate. J. G. DAVIES, 467 Broome-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

BROADWAY THEATRE.

No. 485 Broadway, corner of Broome-st.
GEORGE WOOD.......Manager.
GRAND OPENING NIGHT,
MONDAY EVENING, May 2.
Engagement for a limited period of
the renowned SIMMONS,
ESCAMOTEUR,
whose wondrous skill eclipses the fame of Houdin, Freckill, Hermann, Anderson and Bosco. He will be aided by
NO GLITTERING APPARATUS
to distract the attention of the audience while his illusions are being performed, and will be abetted by
NO CONFEDERATES
to do the work which this magnipotent artist accomplishes alone upon the stage. Among his large repertoire of illusions may be mentioned the
JAPANESE SABOT;
Or, TOP SPINNING ON A SINGLE THREAD.
JAPANESE BUTTERFLY,
which consists of twisting a simple piece of tissue paper in the form of a butterfly, and by the dextrous motion of a fan keeping it flitting in the air, in close imitation of the movements of a butterfly, causing it to alight upon any object, and reascend at pleasure.
THE BLOOD-RED WRITING ON THE ARM.
THE WRITING BY THE INVISIBLE HAND.
THE ROPE TYING FRAUD.
These last three illusions have been largely practiced by professed
SPIRITUAL MEDIUMS,
and it has been reserved for the wonderful
SIMMONS
to expose their charlatanry, and it is claimed for him, that he performs by dextrous manipulation alone the same feats
IN QUICKER TIME,
and with more neatness than they claim to accomplish by
SPIRITUALISTIC INFLUENCE.
A large sum of money has been invested in refitting the theatre, and in
ELABORATE DECORATION AND UPHOLSTERY.
The frescoes by A. Ertle and assistants of No. 585 Broadway.
Box office open on Saturday, from 8 A. M. till 4 P. M.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 2½ o'clock.
Due notice will be given of the commencement of the
DRAMATIC SEASON.

GRAND MATINEE CONCERT,

AT IRVING HALL,
On SATURDAY, April 30, 1864, at 1 o'clock,
Given for a charitable purpose by
SIGNOR MAZZOLENI,
TENOR OF THE ITALIAN OPERA.
PROGRAMME.
PART FIRST.

1—Ballad—Ad Ischia.......Nicolai
SIGNOR MAZZOLENI.
2—Polacca—Lombardi.......Verdi
MME. BRIGNOLI-ORTOLANI.
3—Romanza—Duc Foscari.......Verdi
SIGNOR BELLINI.
4—Caprice on Piano.......Mills
S. B. MILLS.
5—Duo Rigoletto.......Verdi
MME. BRIGNOLI-ORTOLANI and SIG. MAZZOLENI.
PART SECOND.
6—Rondo—Santa Lucia.......G. Braga
MLLE. SULZER.
7—Tersetto—Attila.......Verdi
MME. BRIGNOLI-ORTOLANI
AND SIGNORI MAZZOLENI AND BELLINI.
8—Fantasia on Piano—Faust.......Mills
S. B. MILLS.
9—Duo—Favorita.......Donizetti
MLLE. SULZER AND SIG. BELLINI.
10—Duo—Massaniello.......Auber
SIGNORI MAZZOLENI AND BELLINI.
CONDUCTOR.......MAX MARETZEK
ADMISSION ONE DOLLAR.
Tickets for sale at the Academy of Music, Irving Hall, and Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway.
Doors open at 12 o'clock. Concert to commence at 1.

IRVING HALL.

SATURDAY EVENING, April 30, 1864, at 8 o'clock.
GRAND CONCERT.
Given by the ITALIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, (Di Unione e Fratellanza,) for the BENEFIT OF THE SANITARY COMMISSION, under the direction of Sig. MAESTRO ANTONIO BARILI, assisted by the distinguished artists Signori ERNESTO MONGIARDINI and Mr. F. BERGNER, who have kindly volunteered, and his pupils, and Signor ETTORE BARILI with his pupils, and the ST. CECILY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.
PART FIRST.
1.—VERDI—Gran Settimino a Canone con coro..Nabucco
MISS ANNIE GRANGER, MISS GASKILL, MISS NATALE, SIGNORI MONGIARDINI, E. BARILI, Messrs. WHITING, YATMAN, and Chorus.
2.—DONIZETTI—Cavatina.......Linda di Chamounix.
MRS. S. M. NASH.
3.—VERDI.—Duetto.......La Traviata.
MISS NORTON AND E. BARILI.
4.—MUZIO.—The new Melody, La Vedova. (By request.)
MISS ANNIE GRANGER.
5.—VERDI.—Romanza.......Un Ballo in Maschera.
SIGNOR E. BARILI.
6.—FRANZ ABT.—Song. (In German,) Sleep well, Sweet Angel.
MISS FRIDA de GEBELE.
7.—VERDI.—Quartetto.......Rigoletto.
MRS. CHAS. FARNHAM, MISS FRIDA de GEBELE, SIGNORI MONGIARDINI AND SIG E. BARILI.
PART SECOND.
8. Quartetto—Martha—Mrs Wilmot, &c. 9. Cavatina—Il Trovatore—Mrs. Chas. Farnham. 10. Duetto—Serenade—Barili's Spanish Opera—Signori Mongiardini and E. Barili. 11. Fantasie—Violoncello—Mr. F. Bergman. 12. Terzetto—Falstaff—Mrs. Chas. Farnham, &c. 13. Cavatina—Ernani—Miss Natale and chorus. 14. Grand Finale con coro—La Vestale—Miss Norton, Miss Frida de Gebele, &c., and chorus.

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MAMMOTH STEREOSCOPTICON.
The unprecedented success which has carried the most beautiful entertainment ever seen in America to its
TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-SIXTH REPRESENTATION,
in Hope Chapel, fully justifies the enthusiastic praises of the Press and the thousands who have witnessed it with ever fresh delight; during the remainder of the week its choicest treasures will be offered, consisting of
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and the most EXQUISITE STATUARY, in every part of the world, exhibited as seen in the reality, and painted by the SUN itself, on a scale of 25 feet square, or 600 square feet. In addition to the above, the wondrous MOTOSCOPIC series of that thrilling mystery,
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Box Office.......No. 678 Broadway. (H. Dardonville.)
SATURDAY, April 30, 1864.
Grand closing night of the season.
UNE FEMME QUI SE JETTE PAR LA FENETRE,
Comedy by Eugene Scribe.
UNE MAUVAISE NUIT EST BIENTOT PASSEE,
Vaudeville by M. Honore.
TROMB-AL-CAZAR,
Operette Bouffe, by M. Jacques Offenbach.
Doors open at 7¼; to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

GRAND MATINEE

BY THE DAVENPORT BROTHERS,
AT COOPER INSTITUTE,
THIS (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, April 30.
Doors open at 2 o'clock,
Commencing at 3 o'clock.
Admission.......25 cents

GRAND CONCERT AT IRVING HALL—To be given by the Italian Benevolent Society, d'Unione e Fratellanza, in aid of the Sanitary Commission, under the direction of Sig. Maestro ANTONIO BARILI, assisted by his pupils and the St. Cecily Philharmonic Society, on SATURDAY EVENING, April 30, at 8 o'clock. Admission, $1; reserved seats, 50 cents extra. Tickets can be obtained at the principal music-stores.

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Among the many subjects treated in this work are the following: Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Piles, Liver and Philosophy of Digestion, Constipation, Affections of the Urinary Organs, Diseases of the Female Organs of Generation, Barrenness, Impotency, Seminal Weakness, Rupture, Salt Rheum, Cancer, Paralysis, Diseases of the Heart, Neuralgia, How to Recover the Sight and Throw Aside Spectacles, Marriage and Sexual Philosophy, the Curious Marriage Customs of the World, Philosophy of Elopements, Philosophy of Childmarking, a Chapter for the Married, and a thousand of value to married and single, never written before, making altogether a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one; 400 pages; 100 Illustrations. By E. B. FOOTE, M. D., No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York; to be had of all News Agents. Contents tables sent free by mail to all applicants, or the book forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of $1 50. Address S. TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st., New-York.

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BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.—We would call the special attention of clergymen and teachers to "BROWN'S Bronchial Troches." It is well known to our readers that we do not admit medicines to our columns. We advertise these *Troches* because, after a trial of them, we are satisfied that they are the best thing of the kind extant.—*Chicago School Journal*.

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New and beautiful English royal velvet and Brussels carpeting; also, imperial three-ply and tapestry ingrain carpets, rugs, mats, matting, oil-cloths, from three to twenty-four feet wide; window shades, table covers, &c., at reasonable prices; all goods guaranteed. Look for HIRAM ANDERSON, No. 99 Bowery.

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DEMOREST'S NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS.—Brilliant and popular music. The "Song of all Songs" in this week's number, with spicy, valuable, illustrated and interesting literary matter, universally acknowledged to be the most spicy and graphic weekly now published.

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WINDOW SHADE FIXTURES,
BRAY'S PATENT, BEST IN USE.
For sale by G. L. & J. B. KELTY.

MARRIED.

AUSTIN—WHITEHOUSE.—In Grace Church, Brooklyn Heights, on Thursday morning, by Right Rev. H. J. Whitehouse, D. D., assisted by Rev. E. A. Hoffman, Rector, CHARLES B. AUSTIN, of South America, to C. ADELAIDE, daughter of Edward Whitehouse.

BANNISTER—COLLIER.—At Freehold, N. J., on Thursday, April 28, by Rev. E. W. Collier, L. S. BANNISTER, of Phelps, N. Y., to FRANCES M. COLLIER, sister of the officiating clergyman.

CATELY—GILBERT.—On Friday, April 29, at Trinity M. E. Church, by Rev. Alfred Cookman, SAM'L R. CATELY to Miss M. A. GILBERT, all of this City.

COSTER—JAMES.—At Trinity Chapel, on Thursday, April 28, by Rev. Mr. Walsh, of Rhinebeck, CHARLES R. COSTER to MARIE B. JAMES, daughter of Augustus James, of Dutchess County.

CHESEBROUGH—MCCREDY.—On Thursday, April 28, at Trinity Church, New-Rochelle, by Rev. Dr. Morgan, assisted by Rev. J. N. Stansbury, of Christ Church, Newark, ROBERT A. CHESEBROUGH to MAGGIE, daughter of D. A. MCCREDY, of New-Rochelle.

FINCH—BRONSON.—In Christ Church, Hartford, Conn., on Thursday, April 28, by Rev. Prof. Francis T. Russell, Rev. P. VOORHEES FINCH, of Greenfield, Mass., and Miss HARRIET A. BRONSON, of Hartford.

LITTLE—CLARE.—At Trinity Church New-York, on Thursday, April 28, by Rev. Francis Vinton, D. D., WILLIAM LITTLE, of Caledonia, C. W., to HARRIET MARY, only daughter of the late Joseph Clare, of this City.

PATTERSON—MOORE.—At Tarrytown, on Sunday, March 27, by Rev. Edmund Guilbert, Sergt. WM. EDWARD PATTERSON, of the 7th New-York Artillery, to LIZZIE ERVILLA, daughter of the late A. D. Moore, of Tarrytown. No cards.

PENDLETON—MARCY.—On Thursday, April 28, by Rev. N. H. Schenck, of Baltimore, EDMUND H. PENDLETON, of Cincinnati and CORNELIA, only daughter of the late Hon. Wm. L. Marcy.

REYNOLDS—VAN BEUREN.—On Thursday, April 28, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Dr. Tyng, JAMES B. REYNOLDS, M. D., to Miss JOSEPHINE F., third daughter of M. M. Van Beuren, Esq., all of this City.

READ—CAUGHEY.—In Yorkville, on Wednesday evening, April 27, by Rev. F. Bottome, Mr. JOHN READ to Miss ELIZABETH CAUGHEY, all of this City.

SLAUSON—MCINTOSH.—On Thursday evening, April 28, by Rev. John A. Roche, ANDREW J. SLAUSON to SELINA A. MCINTOSH, both of this City.

Fairfield County papers please copy.

SMITH—MARSDEN.—On the afternoon of Tuesday, April 26, at the Chapel of St. John, by Rev. Dr. Dix, OSCAR G. SMITH, M. D., to ISABELLA, eldest daughter of Rev. T. Marsden.

TURNER—CHISHOLM.—On Thursday, April 28, by Rev. Mr. Ridgeway, WILLIAM H. TURNER to Miss MARY CHISHOLM.

TIMPSON—WHITTAKER.—On Thursday, April 28, at St. Paul's Church, by Rev. T. Stafford Drowne, THOMAS FRENCH TIMPSON to MARGARET ELLEANOR WHITTAKER, all of Brooklyn. No cards.

DIED.

ALDRICH.—In Orange, N. J., on Thursday night, April 28, EDWIN R. ALDRICH, recently of Brooklyn, in the 38th year of his age.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend his funeral, at the Clinton-av. Congregational Church, Brooklyn, on Monday, May 2, at 1 o'clock P. M.

ABEEL.—On Friday, April 29, in the full faith of a blessed immortality, MARY ANN ABEEL, wife of Douw D. Williamson.

Funeral on Sunday, at 2 P. M., from her late residence, No. 134 East 24th-st. The friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice.

BAIRD.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Friday, April 29, Mrs. FERMINE O. A. BAIRD, widow of the late Rev. Robert Baird, D. D., in the 60th year of her age.

The funeral will take place on Monday, May 2, at 2½ o'clock P. M., at the First Presbyterian Church, Yonkers. The friends of the family are invited to attend. A train leaves the Hudson River Railroad Depot in Chambers-st., at 1 o'clock, and, returning, leaves Yonkers at 4¾ P. M.

BELL.—At Clifton, near Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday, April 27, EVELINA, wife of Hon. Flamen Ball, of Cincinnati, and daughter of the late Capt. Samuel M. Chandler, of this City.

BELLONI.—On Thursday, April 28, of typhoid pneumonia, LOUIS J. BELLONI, in the 65th year of his age.

He was born in Genoa, Italy, and has been a resident of this City for the past 50 years.

Notice of the funeral hereafter.

HINE.—At New-Rochelle, Friday, April 29, Mrs. PHEBE HINE, in the 74th year of her age.

The funeral will take place from her late residence in New-Rochelle, on Sunday, May 1, at 2 o'clock P. M.

HYDE.—In Brooklyn, Friday, April 29, JAMES S. HYDE, in the 54th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Sunday, May 1, at 2½ o'clock P. M, from his late residence, No. 54 Joralemon-st.

KEITH.—At No. 44 Union-square, on Friday, April 29, C. CLARENCE T. KEITH, aged 22 years and 8 days.

The funeral services will be held at Christ Church, corner of Fifth-av. and 35th-st., on Sunday next, at 2 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are requested to attend, without further invitation.

KING.—On Friday evening, April 29, HELEN SHELTON, daughter of Peter V. and Eliza A. King, in the 10th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at Grace Church, on Monday, May 2, at 9½ o'clock A. M.

LAWRENCE.—At his late residence, in Southport, Conn., on Wednesday, April 27, JOHN F. LAWRENCE, in the 74th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at Trinity Church, Southport. The cars leaving the depot corner of 4th-av. and 27th-st., at 11½ o'clock, will arrive in time for the funeral.

NEILLIS.—On Thursday afternoon, April 28, PHEBE, relict of the late Robert G. Neillis, aged 63 years and months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 209 West 27th-st., on Saturday morning, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Cypress Hills for interment.

☞ Fort Plain papers please copy.

PRESTON.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, April 28, Mrs. ELIZA PRESTON, in the 70th year of her age.

The funeral services will be held at the residence of her son-in-law, Charles Kelsey, No. 95 Congress-st., on Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. The friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend.

ROOME.—On Thursday, April 28, FRANCES OAKLEY ROOME, aged 5 years, 3 months and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her grandfather, Wm. Smith, Jr., No. 276 West 19th-st., on Sunday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

ROWAN.—On Friday morning, April 29, after a short illness, JAMES H. ROWAN, late Commander in the United States Navy, aged 57 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Acacia Lodge, No. 327, F. A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from Trinity Church, this (Saturday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

SMITH.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, April 27, Miss MARGARET AUGUSTA, adopted daughter of Charles E. and Mary Ann Smith, in the 25th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend her funeral, on Saturday, April 30, at 2 o'clock P. M., at her late residence, No. 123 Henry-st.

WAITE.—On Friday, April 29, LE GRAND LOCKWOOD, aged 9 months and 3 days, youngest child of Albert S. and Mary H. Waite.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, from the residence of his parents, No. 69 West 31st-st., on Sunday, May 1, at 1 o'clock P. M.

VAN NOSTRAND.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, April 28, BENJAMIN T. VAN NOSTRAND, of pneumonia, aged 30 years.

Funeral will take place at the house of his father-in-law, Mr. Henry E. Kummel, in Clinton-av., fifth house northeast from Myrtle, on Saturday, at 5 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his father, Mr. Samuel Van Nostrand, are invited to attend, without further notice. Remains to be interred at Hempstead.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 5 00 | Sun sets..... 6 54 | Moon rises. 1 35

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 2 45 | Gov. Island.. 3 34 | Hell Gate.. 4 56

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, April 29.

Cleared.

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Barks Henry Trowbridge, Dentze, Barbados, H. Trowbridge's Sons; Ernestine, (Br.,) Kinney, Glasgow, Edmonston Bros.; John Carver, Nichols, Halifax, H. J. & C. A. De Wolff; Queen of the Fleet, (Br.,) Hilton, Quebec, Edmonston Bros.

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Sloops Rhode Island, Wightman, Providence, L. Kenny; Warren, Cummings, Providence, Ferguson & Wood.

Arrived.

U. S. steamer Admiral, Eaton, from the Coast Blockading Squadron. Left New-Orleans April 18, and Key West 24th. On the 25th, spoke steamer Creole, hence for New-Orleans.

U. S. steam transport Tillie, Bourne, Alexandria 60 hours to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Ship Lizzie Moses, (of Bath,) Delano, San Francisco Nov. 25, with mdse. to W. T. Coleman & Co. Crossed the equator in the Pacific, Dec. 23, in lon. 119 56 west; Cape Horn, Jan. 28; crossed the line in the Atlantic, March 15, in lon. 35; 111 ds. out. Lost the N. E. trades in 15 north.

Ship Eliza Mary, (of London,) Ingraham, Buenos Ayres, 80 ds., with wood and hides to E. S. Davidson.

Ship Argosy, (new,) King, Warren, R. I.

Bark Kahlambia, (of Liverpool,) Gordon, Foo Chow Dec. 21, passed Angier Jan. 10, Cape of Good Hope Feb. 20, crossed the equator in the Atlantic March 18, in lon. 30 30, with teas, etc., to Booth & Co. Had light variable winds and no N. E. trades.

Bark Caroline, (of Rockland,) Packard, Trinidad 16 ds., with molasses to Metcalf & Duncan.

Bark Laura Russ, Brown, Cienfuegos 10 ds., with sugar to Brett, Son & Co.

Bark Sheffield, (Br.,) Robertson, Providence, in ballast.

Bark Sacramento, ——, New-Bedford.

Bark Hero, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Goudy, Cardenas 9 ds., with sugar and honey to Edmonson Bros.

Bark Campanero, (of Liverpool,) Dubel, Palermo 16 ds., with fruit to Pendergast Bros.

Brig Christa C. Colson, Colson, Sagua 8 ds., with sugar to H. D. Brookman.

Brig Ada Purvic, (of Picton,) Smith, Cienfuegos 13 ds., with sugar and molasses to B. F. Small & Co.

BELOW—A foreign bark from Canton; bark Henry.

WIND—At sunset, N., and light.

Domestic Ports.

BOSTON, April 29—Arr. bark Vereeneguig, from Surinam; schr. Lord Clyde, from Turks Island. Below, Harrisburgh, Wiswell, New-Orleans; bark Oder, McKenzie, Havana.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29—Arr. brig J. W. Drisko, Buckman, Matanzas.

NEWPORT, April 29—Arr. brig Henry Leeds, Smith, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Sailed.

April 28—Steamers Fairbanks, Daniel Webster, Quinnebaug, Detroit, A. Harden, Oswego.

Ship Helvetia.

Barks Ilva, Johanna Martin, Roman, D. R. De Wolf, Fleetwing, Pallas, Moldavian.

Brigs South Boston, T. & W. Rowland, Cupid, Fearless, Acadia, Mary E. Rowland.

Schooners J. B. Auger, Magellan, Mary Mankin, D. Baylis, Eothen, Thrasher, Mignionette, Robert Caldwell, John Foster, Ida dela Torre.

Barge H. Perkins.

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FOR SALE—AT MERRICK, L. I., A FARM OF 32 acres, 20 miles from Brooklyn, 1 mile from South Bay; good house, with 9 rooms, &c. Price $3,600. Apply to ALLEN NEWMAN, No. 25 Wall-st.

Drs. LIGHTHILL,

Authors of "A Popular Treatise on Deafness,' 'Letters on Catarrh," &c., &c., pay exclusive attention to the treatment of

DEAFNESS,

Discharges from the Ear,

Noises in the Head,

CATARRH,

And all the various diseases of the

EYE, EAR, THROAT AND AIR-PASSAGES,

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OFFICE HOURS from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M.

☞ Dr. E. B. LIGHTHILL has entirely recovered from his recent severe illness, and will henceforth be in constant attendance during the regular office hours.

RECENT TESTIMONIALS.

CATARRH CURED.

FROM REV. FRED. S. JEWELL,

PROFESSOR OF THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, ALBANY, N. Y.

This may certify that I have been, since 1844, subject to violent periodical attacks of catarrh, marked by a highly inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the cavities of the head, producing a most distressing species of headache, for days at a time, wholly incapacitating me from business, and, during the paroxysms, confining me to the bed. In some instances the inflammation has extended to the teeth, occasioning toothache; to the throat, producing hoarseness and partial loss of voice; and twice it has so affected the left eye as to confine me for a month or more to a darkened room. These attacks have been accompanied by strong febrile symptoms; by stoppages of the head, and in the first stages by watery discharges from the nose, and subsequently becoming acrid and yellow, and, toward the close of the attack, becoming bloody and purulent. I have tried medicines of almost every kind; external applications to the head, such as camphor, ginger, hot vinegar, snuffs of some half dozen kinds, and other catarrhal preparations, together with internal remedies, such as alteratives, cathartics and emetics. These have produced no change in the occurrence or character of the disease, and, in most cases with little or no temporary relief. I had come, at length, to believe the disease to be practically beyond either cure or material alleviation.

Under these circumstances, I was led, some five months ago, to make a trial of Dr. Lighthill's treatment. His method at once approved itself to my judgment as simple, philosophical, and likely to be effective. Notwithstanding the disadvantages under which he labored in dealing with a disease of such long standing, aggravated by nervous debility and dyspepsia, and constantly induced by the accidents of my professional labor, I found the treatment reaching the disease as it had never been reached before, and producing such a modification and alleviation of its character as I had supposed impossible. I chronicle the result thus:

Although I have been situated several times so that I should formerly have believed a severe attack of my catarrh inevitable, I have escaped thus far; the symptoms of threatened attack have been very light, and have yielded to the remedies employed by Dr. Lighthill, without the need of recourse to the old hot fermentations, or emetics, and the discharges from the head have resumed the original and natural condition. That I have been able to obtain so material a relief is to me a cause of gratitude. In that alone I am repaid for whatever the treatment may have cost me.

I make this statement unsolicited, as a means of acknowledging my obligations to Dr. Lighthill's method of treating catarrh, and with a view to aid any who may have suffered from that disease in forming a just opinion of its merits, and its probable utility in their own case.

FREDERICK S. JEWELL.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 14, 1864.

REMARKABLE CURE OF DEAFNESS.

From Rev. Joseph M. Clarke, Rector of St. James' Church.

SYRACUSE, Feb. 20, 1864.

I have been deaf in one ear ever since I was in College, some twenty years ago. By the skill of Dr. Lighthill, its hearing was entirely restored, so that now I hear alike with both ears, and I find that I can use my voice with much more ease and comfort than before.

JOSEPH M. CLARKE.

From the Rev. John Nott, D. D., Professor in Union College, Schenectady.

Since I first publicly acknowledged the great benefits which I received from the skillful treatment of Dr. Lighthill, in regard to my hearing, letters of inquiry have incessantly poured upon me from all parts of the country, from parties desiring to learn the particulars of my case, and I am indeed surprised at the number of individuals who are affected similar to the manner in which I have been, and, therefore, feel it more and more a sacred duty which I owe to these sufferers, to direct them to a proper and reliable source to obtain the benefit they so much covet, and which so many afflicted ones have hitherto sought in vain, just as I had done previous to applying to Dr. Lighthill.

I had from infancy one very deaf ear, which always discharged more or less offensive matter, and was the source of the greatest annoyance and discomfort to me. Last year the other ear also became diseased, and both ears discharged a yellow matter, very profuse and highly offensive. My hearing became very much impaired, and the discharge produced the greatest debility of body and depression of spirits. I applied to my family physician and other practitioners, without deriving any benefit, and almost despaired of being restored to health, when, providentially, I applied to Dr. Lighthill. Under his treatment my ears began to improve at once, and continued to do so until, in a comparatively short time, both ears were healed, the discharge removed, and my hearing restored. At first I feared the cure would not be permanent, or that the stoppage of a discharge of so long standing might prove detrimental to my general health—a fear which I find a great many entertain in regard to the removal of discharge from the ear. My experience, however, has proved conclusively that my apprehensions were entirely groundless in both respects, for both ears are as well, and my hearing is as good at present, as the day I left off treatment, and the stoppage of discharge, instead of proving detrimental to my health, has given the highest elasticity and vigor to my body, and a flow of spirits not experienced for a long time previous.

I wish that the above might serve as a general answer to the interested, but should one or the other desire to apply to me personally, or by letter, I will cheerfully satisfy reasonable demands upon my time.

I avail myself of this opportunity of again publicly expressing my deeply-felt gratitude to Dr. Lighthill, whom I esteem as a gentleman and a man of science, in whom the highest confidence may be placed. JOHN NOTT.

References to parties of the highest respectability residing in the City, who have been cured of Deafness, Catarrh, &c., may be had on application.

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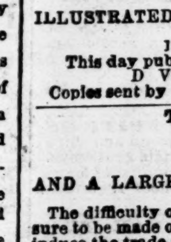

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Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the City of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who being duly sworn, doth say, his preparation contains no narcotic, no mercury or other injurious drugs, but are truly vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of November, 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD, Alderman,
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SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

ENTRY OF MOSQUERA INTO CARTHAGENA.

A Message to the House of Representatives.

The following correspondence and extracts furnish interesting details of the Central and South American news, received by the *Champion*:

PANAMA.

AFFAIRS IN ECUADOR AND CAUCA—A MOVEMENT AGAINST PAJAN—NAVAL NEWS.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

PANAMA, Monday, April 18, 1864.

The steamers from Central and South America and from Carthagena, are not due till the 29th, consequently there is nothing from any of these points except some important items from Ecuador. Congress was in session in that Republic. The message of President GARCIA MORENO is only remarkable for its indications that the President will urge with all his power the approval of the Concordat he celebrated last year with the Pope of Rome, and which is so violently opposed by all liberal Ecuatorians. On the 22d March, Congress declared Señor RAFAEL CARVAJAL to be legally elected Vice-President of the Republic. The same day Congress refused to accept the resignation of the President.

From our State of Cauca we have a report, not entitled to very great credit, that a movement against Governor PAJAN, headed by Gen. JOSE SANCHEZ and favored by Gen. MOSQUERA, has taken place. Our next news from Bogota will probably give us the accession to the Presidency of Señor MANUEL MURILLO and his message to Congress.

In Panama there is nothing of much note. Under Gov. SANTACOLOMA matters seem to be progressing more quietly than heretofore, and the funds of the State are better managed. The officials are not only paid present salaries, but something monthly for arrearages. A strict accountability is exacted from all subordinates in regard to the funds of the State, and the administration of justice is better attended to than for some time past. Foreigners and their interests are well attended to by the new Governor, and a disposition is manifested to listen to their complaints and adopt their suggestions in the regulation of trade, &c. A new commercial tax law will be recommended by the Governor to the next assembly in place of the present one, which gives much dissatisfaction, and the tax on foreign spirits and tobacco will be abolished.

We have in port the United States sloop-of-war *Cyane* and H. B. M.'s war-ship *Devastation*. One evening last week the officers on the latter ship gave an amateur theatrical exhibition and ball on board, which was attended by many of the native and foreign residents of Panama and Aspinwall. The ladies were particularly well pleased with the entertainment. The United States sloop-of-war *St. Mary's* was on the South coast, at Valparaiso, when last heard from. The flag-ship *Lancaster* left Acapulco, for Magdalena Bay, eight days since. The United States storeship *Farallones* has left Acapulco for San Francisco. The United States gunboat *Saginaw* was at Acapulco. Part of the French fleet, including the flagship, had gone from Acapulco to the northward.

There is no war ship of any nation in Aspinwall. The railroad company's barge *Arabella* is in port, and several coal ships. Also, the British steamship *Thames*, from Greytown. Capt. WOLCOTT reports that the new channel at Greytown is completely filled up with sand, and that the old channel is only about ten yards wide and six feet deep. The transit company, however, were actively at work in trying to effect improvements in the harbor and river, and the people seemed to think the day was not far distant, when they would have a California steamship line.

The Vanderbilt steamer *Champion*, which left New-York on the 4th, did not reach Aspinwall until 4½ P. M. of the 16th. The home passengers for the *Champion* reached Aspinwall an hour or two after, and have been detained there two days for her to discharge cargo and take in coals.

The American ship *Uncle Joe*, from New-York, arrived at this port on the 8th, with coals. The whale-bark *Charles & Edward* has discharged her 400 casks of oil, and it has been shipped across the Isthmus to New-York.

FROM CARTHAGENA.

ENTRY OF MOSQUERA.

From the Panama Star.

The advices from Carthagena are up to the 11th of last month, and more interesting than usual.

MOSQUERA made his triumphal entry on Feb. 29, among the thunder of guns and public acclamations. He was welcomed by commissions of both Houses of Congress, and on the 4th of March the Foreign Ministers and Consuls waited on him and congratulated him through their spokesman, Baron GOURY DU ROSLAN, on his happy return.

MOSQUERA'S answer to the speech made by the President of the Senate's commission is very characteristic. We extract the following paragraph:

"My age, my services during half a century, and the necessity that one and the same name should cease to be heard in the high offices, call me imperiously to a private life, and to a position where the citizen obeys and not commands. I know the dangers that threaten once more the public liberties, and in the Constitution is written the duty of the citizen. The illustrious Republican to whom I have to give up on the first of April the seat from which I speak to you, knows that he can depend on my assistance as he depends on my friendship, and if fanaticism and intolerance should unite to prolong the misfortunes, then all of us Columbians must support the new magistrate in the exercise of his functions, and with him the holy cause which our fathers invoked, and for securing which we count more than half a century of fighting and of progress in the path of civilization. With a weak hand I grasped the arms fifty years ago, and if I have gained some honor in the public service, it will be nothing if I do not obtain that my last services are worthy to deserve that my fellow-citizens place my name side by side with those who, like BOLIVAR and WASHINGTON, have deserved to be admired by the people."

Congress has been busy in passing laws. The House of Representatives approved on March 7, after a third reading, the project of a decree "about the reëstablishment of public order in Antioquia." On the 5th of the same month MOSQUERA addressed a message to the President of the House of Representatives in regard to the position of the priests and the revolution in Antioquia.

After stating that the greatest misfortune of the country are the priests, who put themselves as rulers and judges over the sovereign power of the State, he goes on to propose some remedies.

"These measures," he says, "ought to be, according to my opinion, and for the present time, that of sending immediately out of the republic those ministers of religious denominations who do not, without any reserve, addition or condition, take the legal oath to obey the Constitution, laws and authorities of the republic and of the State in which they reside, and to submit to and respect the sovereignty of the nation, they being free at any time to return to the country when they, having taken better advice, will submit and take the said oath.

"Prelates and dignitaries of the religious denominations, if they are not Columbians, are not to be admitted into the republic without the passport or permission of the National Executive, and heavy penalties have to be summarily imposed upon those who receive, circulate, fulfill and make fulfill, bulls encyclicals, briefs or other ecclesiastical decrees or mandates that come from foreign parts, whatever may be the religious denomination they belong to, before they have been examined by the same Executive and obtained the corresponding permission.

"By these saving measures, I believe, the misfortune that threatens the Republic can be averted; and if Congress, in its wisdom, adopts them, then there will be, in my opinion, no grave inconvenience in derogating the law in force about *Policia nacional en materia de cultos*, and I believe further, Mr. President, that so also the question of Antioquia is solved; because if the Government that may establish itself in that State does not fulfill and make fulfill, besides the Constitution and general laws of the Union, that especial one which I take the liberty to indicate in this message, then the duty of the General Government is clear, namely: to subdue the rebel Government and State by force; and for this case Congress and the Executive must act in common."

CENTRAL AMERICA.

From the Panama Star, April 18.

The Panama Railroad Company's steamer *Salvador*, Capt. RATHBUN, from the Central American ports, arrived in our bay on the 5th inst., at noon. She brings the following freight:

For Liverpool—1,436 bags sugar, 772 do. coffee, 280 bales cotton, 24 do. India rubber, 32 seroons cochineal, 6 cans balsam, 2 barrels Brazil wood, 1 package specie.

For Southampton—5 boxes specie, 14 do. plants, 1 do. segars, 9 seroons cochineal, 1 do. indigo.

For New-York—3,195 dry hides, 7 bales damaged do., 130 bags coffee, 14 bales deer skins, 1 box samples.

For Aspinwall—174 parcels lumber, 20 bags coffee.

For Panama—775 packages.

COSTA RICA.

Our Costa Rica correspondent writes from San José that the coffee season is getting well advanced.

SEE NINTH PAGE---SUPPLEMENT

some 80,000 quintals having already passed to the port. It is estimated that there will be 40,000 still to remit; the season has been most favorable and has been dryer than for many years past. Rain is at present much needed.

There is nothing of moment, and the republic is quiet and prosperous.

SALVADOR.

The National Congress closed its sessions on the 21st ult. A commission, headed by MIGUEL BRIOSO, waited on the President and accompanied him to the hall, where, after several speeches, Senor DUENAS solemnly declared the Constituent National Congress to be closed.

From private sources we learn that Congress, before adjourning, had agreed to take part in the Confederation of the South American States against foreign intervention.

We notice also the following appointments in the *corps diplomatique* of Salvador:

VICTOR HERRAN has been reinstalled as Salvadorian *Chargé d'Affaires* in France, and Gen. PEDRO ROMULO NEGRETE appointed Minister Plenipotentiary in England.

From Guatemala and Nicaragua we have received no papers this time.

DOMESTIC CORRESPONDENCE.

AFFAIRS IN UTAH.

No Fears of a Drouth—Breadstuffs—Miscellaneous.

Correspondence of the New-York Times:

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Thursday, March 31, 1864.

As in California, so here, the fears of drouth are abated somewhat. For a fortnight past the clouds have lowered and apparently tried to break over this parched valley, but in vain until Saturday, when one of the most furious storms of the season, wind and blinding snow swept over this region, a storm almost repeated on Tuesday. Of rains there has been a little, too, with prospect of more.

This wet will give the wheat sown an excellent chance to start, and considering the late additions of snow in the mountains, perhaps we may reckon the earliest crops of small grains as good as insured, which will take an anxious load of apprehension from the minds of thousands in this Territory, for a failure of the crops next Fall would reduce nearly every inhabitant of Utah to starvation.

Breadstuffs have been scarcer here than now, but I am told that the present are the maximum of prices known in the history of the Territory, not even excepting the time of the "grasshopper war," nine or ten years ago, when many a Mormon ate nothing for weeks but "sego" bulbs and weeds.

But even with the recent accumulations, the aggregate of snow in the mountains this year is reported considerably below the average. So we may conclude that in many places in the Territory, the later sown wheat, and all late crops, can scarcely be relied upon for a good yield, unless other snows and showers be vouchsafed in the interim.

The interest in the agricultural productions of this Territory does not concern the denizens thereof alone, but also the thousands of adventurous spirits who are now or will soon be engaged in developing the mineral resources of the neighboring Territories.

One of the scarcest articles in the market is butter. It sells now at eighty cents per pound, though some, was sold a few days ago at a dollar and a quarter The last is certainly a stiff price. I have known it bought here at ten cents, but not of late years.

A stranger to this city, or rather the business street of this city, seeing it now and having seen it a month ago, would scarcely recognize it, for the crowds of "miners"—meaning not only gold diggers and prospecters, but persons engaged in obtaining provisions for Idaho—are away with their early trains for the gold field of that Territory, and the places where such business men were wont to congregate, approximated somewhat to the style of a "deserted village." This, however, will only be temporary, for in little time the gold seeking emigration will pour through the streets.

Next week will doubtless be a great time, for the Mormon General Conference convenes on Wednesday, and Mr. E. C. BRIGGS, the missionary from or in behalf of young JOSEPH SMITH, of Nauvoo, advertises a conference on the same day. Thus there are to be two rival conferences in this City of the Saints. One needs the attributes of ubiquity to be able to do justice to both institutions.

Mr. BRIGGS is evidently very desirous of getting at the body of the Mormon people, though he finds his way beset with difficulties, for he affirms, as may be expected, that BRIGHAM YOUNG is not at all inclined to assist him in this matter. So BRIGGS publishes a circular in the *Vedette*, denouncing BRIGHAM and other leaders as wicked and mercenary shepherds, and inviting the flock to return to him (BRIGGS) as one of the true shepherds. He obtains a few followers and converts, and feels sanguine that he will be able to "do a great work" in recovering the lost sheep.

The present theatrical season closes next week. Among recent representations were "Satan in Paris" and the "Angel of Midnight." On the first performance of the last-named play, Mrs. IRWIN took her benefit, and a bumper it was, for the house was crowded from gallery to parquet.

On Saturday BOUCICAULT's long expected "Colleen Bawn" will be presented, for the benefit of the ladies of the "Deseret Dramatic Association." Next week there will certainly be full houses for the three or four nights of performance, as the country folks will all be in to attend to spiritual matters, and will no doubt desire to look in at the theatre as well, and worship in the temple of the drama.

One thing has been demonstrated during the past two Winters, that the Salt Lake Theatre cannot be supported on the strength of Salt Lake talent alone. Artists must be had from a distance. The Irwins have made a good thing of it the past Winter, and other adventurous professors of the histrionic art may do likewise, for BRIGHAM's theatre is a big institution and a decidedly paying one too.

AFFAIRS IN THE WEST.

The Alleged Conspiracy—Gen. Sickles—The Battles in Louisiana—Miscellaneous.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

CHICAGO, Monday, April 25, 1864.

The story of the *Herald* about an extensive conspiracy in the Northwest, to produce a revolution against the Government, is absurd. There are doubtless some leading spirits who would gladly inaugurate such a movement, but they know too well the power of the Government, and the strength of the loyal sentiment of our people to attempt it. Such reports can serve no other purpose than to encourage the rebels to renewed efforts and continued perseverance in their bad cause—and, perhaps, this was the original of setting them afloat.

I have seen a letter written since the late disaster in Louisiana, by a member of the Chicago Mercantile Battery. It confirms the worst features of that bad affair, and says that the expedition will have to be abandoned. The blame is distributed between Gens. BANKS, FRANKLIN and STONE. Our loss is put down at nearly 5,000 killed, wounded and prisoners, and the rebel loss "something less, but heavy." It is evident from the very outlines of the affair that there was a fearful fault in generalship somewhere.

Gen. SICKLES passed through this city last week, on his way South. He met with an enthusiastic reception, and enjoyed the "freedom of the city" while he remained here. On Thursday evening he delivered a public address in Bryan Hall. An immense throng turned out to greet him, and his speech was one of great ability; and, as might be expected from one who has given a leg to his country, thoroughly patriotic. How nobly contrasts such democracy as his with that of the "peace sneaks," and open sympathizers with treason. There was one remark of his: "When I became a soldier, I ceased to be a partisan," the sentiment of which we could commend to other Generals of both parties, as well as to statesmen, who, at this crisis, are unable to rise above party.

The Three Hundredth Anniversary of the birth of SHAKESPEARE was duly observed by his countrymen of the St. George's Society of this city on Saturday. There was a soirée at Bryan Hall, with music, speeches, &c., and a supper in the evening. In the afternoon the society went out to Rose Hill Cemetery, and planted an oak in their lot, to be known as the SHAKESPEARE Oak, and in commemoration of this anniversary.

There is considerable excitement throughout the West just now, in relation to the pretty general effort which is being put forth to drive out of circulation the bills of all private banks, and to substitute Treasury Notes, and the issues of the New National Banks. Our Board of Trade has resolved in favor of the measure, and a strenuous effort will be made to carry it into effect. It meets with decided opposition from various quarters, and creates no little feeling between different classes in financial circles, but it will doubtless be successful, as the people, generally favor the National currency first, and next, that of the National Banks. In Iowa, the banks, which are branches of the State Bank, take the lead in the movement, and have already thrown out the bills of several States. The private banks, of course, will suffer by this measure; in fact, their "occupation will be gone," if it is entirely successful, and consequently they are fighting against it, and are likely to produce some trouble with the small National Banks, which are springing up all over the country. Yet such is the direction and strength of public sentiment that the State corporations are destined to be "pushed to the wall."

Our City election, which took place on Tuesday, resulted, as you have doubtless been informed by telegraph, in a Union victory—though it will be a barren one, as matters now stand. Although we gained four members, and tied the Council, yet the casting vote of the Mayor gives the "Cops" control of that body, and saddles upon the City for another year the infamous *Times* as the official organ.

The weather still continues wet and disagreeable. Up to this date there have been but five days in April clear from rain or snow. It is putting everything in the agricultural way in the background. The Straits of Mackinaw are at length open, and navigation has been fully resumed. There was something like 7,000,000 bushels of grain—flour included—waiting here for shipment. A large quantity has already cleared. Business is active. One bad sign is appearing—our dry goods jobbers are relaxing their cash system and crediting largely. This stimulates purchasing by the country merchants, and by enabling them to give time to their customers, induces extravagance. Look out for breakers in the West. More favorable reports come in from the growing wheat crop; but it would seem that the long-continued rain of the present month must drown it out.

THE CALL UPON THE NORTHWEST.

The Proposition of the Governors.

In his proclamation to the people of Illinois, Gov. YATES says: On the 21st of April, the Governors of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, and Wisconsin submitted to the President of the United States a proposition to furnish volunteers from their respective States for the coming campaign:

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, April 21, 1864.

To the President of the United States:

1. The Governors of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin offer the President infantry troops for the approaching campaign.
2. The term of service to be one hundred days, reckoning from the date of muster into the service of the United States, unless sooner discharged.
3. The troops to be mustered into the service of the United States by regiments, when the regiments are filled up, according to regulations, to the minimum strength. The regiments to be organized according to the regulations of the War Department. The whole number to be furnished within twenty days from date of notice of the acceptance of this proposition.
4. The troops to be clothed, armed, equipped, subsisted, transported and paid as other United States infantry volunteers, and to serve in fortifications or wherever their services may be required, within or without their respective States.
5. No bounty to be paid the troops, nor the service charged or credited on any draft.
6. The draft for three years' service to go on in any State or district where the quota is not filled up; but if an officer or soldier in the special service should be drafted he shall be credited for the service rendered.

(Signed) JOHN BROUGH, Governor of Ohio.
O. H. MORTON, Governor of Indiana.
RICH'D YATES, Governor of Illinois.
W. M. STONE, Governor of Iowa.

The foregoing proposition of the Governors is accepted, and the Secretary of War is directed to carry it into execution. (Signed) A. LINCOLN.

APRIL 23, 1864.

I shall not set forth the various reasons which induced the Executive of these States to submit their proposition. It will be sufficient for you to know that it is evident from the circumstances which surround us, that the battles which are to decide the fate of the country are soon to be fought. The enemy has, during the past Winter, been concentrating all his strength for the Summer campaign which is before us. It is of the utmost importance to meet them with the greatest force, and with the most overwhelming numbers which it is possible to bring to bear.

You are also aware that the country which has already been wrested from the grasp of the enemy is of vast extent, embracing many States and Territories, many thousands of miles of sea coast, and the whole length of the Mississippi River and of most of her tributaries, and that to hold this country and these long lines of sea and river coast requires large stationary forces.

The strongholds, forts, garrisons, cities and towns situated as they are in the midst of populations which are for the most part disloyal, and ready to rise upon the withdrawal of our troops, are almost innumerable, and require by far the greater part of our immense army in their protection and defence. In this view of the case, the Executives of the most Western States believed that the efficiency of the army might be immensely increased by a volunteer force, to be immediately raised, which should occupy the points already taken, and release our veteran troops and send them forward to join the main body of the army, which is soon to engage the forces of the enemy. It will be apparent also, that while these forces are to be employed in fortifications, and at such points as the Government may require them now, in the future also, they will place in the hands of the States the means to repel invasion from their borders, suppress insurrection, and maintain the peace.

The mode of enlistments, places of rendezvous, and all information pertaining to organization, &c., will be communicated to you by the Adjutant-General of the State.

I make my appeal to the State of Illinois to respond to the Government with her full quota of 20,000 men in the next twenty days. Although the State has thus far exceeded her quota under all calls by so many thousands, I doubt not she will stand ready to strengthen the arm of the Government in this trying hour, and that she will send this timely necessary relief to her gallant sons now in the field, and who have so distinguished her proud name upon every battle-field of the war. It is confidently hoped that by the timely aid which may be thus given our veteran army, the last blow may be given this wicked rebellion, and the Government reëstablished, the Union restored and all the blessings of a stable and lasting peace secured.

Though in the North and in the South the notes of preparation for the conflict fill the land, yet for the first time have I fully seen the beginning of the end of this frightful war. All that is now required is, that the Government put forth its power at the right time and in the right place.

The people of Illinois have confidence in her sons, and in the great Commander, Gen. GRANT, whom she has given to the country, as well as in the armies under his command. Let us do all in our power to uphold and strengthen their arms.

Glorious Illinois, in every period of this war you have done your duty. The shining achievements of your sons are the admiration of the world. In this most eventful hour you will not fail.

RICHARD YATES, Governor.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., April 21, 1864.

PROCLAMATION BY GOVERNOR MORTON.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, INDIANAPOLIS, Saturday, April 23, 1864.

To the People of Indiana:

The Governors of Ohio, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin and Indiana have offered to raise for the service of the General Government 85,000 men, for the period of 100 days, to perform such military service as may be required of them in any State. They will be armed, subsisted and clothed and be paid by the United States, but receive no bounty. They will be mustered into the United States for the period designated, the time to commence from the date of muster. The importance of making the approaching campaign successful and decisive is not to be overestimated, and I feel confident that this call will be promptly and fully responded to. I need not enter into the reasons which have induced the making of this offer, and its acceptance by the Government, as they will be suggested to all by the condition and position of our military affairs.

I therefore call for 20,000 volunteers, to rendezvous at such place as may be hereafter designated, and to be organized under instructions to be given by the Adjutant-General. Existing organizations of the Indiana Legion offering their services will be preserved when the regiment or company is filled to the minimum number, under the regulations governing the Army of the United States.

[Signed] O. P. MORTON, Governor of Indiana.

PROCLAMATION OF GOV. BROUGH.

COLUMBUS, April 24.

GENERAL ORDER No. 12.—The regiments, battalions, and independent companies of infantry of the National Guard of Ohio, are hereby called into active service for the term of one hundred (100) days unless sooner discharged. They will be clothed, armed, equipped, transported and paid by the United States Government. These organizations will rendezvous at the nearest eligible place in their respective counties; the place to be fixed by the commanding officer, and to be on a line of railroad where practicable, on Monday, May 23, 1864, and report by telegraph to these headquarters at 4 o'clock P. M. on the same day, the number of men present for duty. The alacrity with which all calls for the military forces of the State have been heretofore met, furnishes the surest guarantee that the National Guard will be prompt to assemble at the appointed time. Our armies in the field are marshaling for a decisive blow, and the citizen soldiery will share the glory of the crowning victories of the campaign, by relieving our veteran regiments from post and garrison duty, to allow them to engage in the more arduous labors of the field.

By order of the Governor.

B. R. COWEN, Adjutant-General of Ohio.

PROSPECTS OF THE WHEAT CROP.—Some of the Western papers have said much about the effects of a bad Winter upon the growing wheat, but after careful inquiry the Cincinnati *Gazette* does not anticipate a diminution to exceed one-third, and even this is probably an excessive estimate of the damage. The *Gazette* concludes an article as follows:

"It is safe to say that the average wheat crop of these States should be, this year, at least 200,000,000 of bushels. On the supposition that there will be two-thirds of a crop, the deficiency will reach 66,000,000 of bushels, which at present prices would leave the farmers short about $90,000,000. They will therefore perceive the necessity of directing unusual attention to the Spring crops.

"It should be noticed, however, that while the month of April has thus far been unfavorable for the preliminary labor of the cornfield, it has been exceedingly propitious to the development of the wheatfield. Where it was then in the ground it will be found that the slow growth consequent upon the cool weather will insure much larger stools, and where little was expected much will be gathered. A warm April would have shot the stalks rapidly forward with less development at the base.

"On the whole, under the stimulant of high prices it is quite probable that the agricultural products of these States will fully equal an average year in quantity, and the value thereof be much greater than that of any previous year, especially when measured by the value of land; that is, the greenback value of the production for 1864 will purcase more land in these States than the gold value realized at any previous time."

THE BARK SEA BRIDE.

Her Capture by the Alabama—Official Account by W. R. G. Mellen, U. S. Consul at Mauritius.

We find the following account of the capture of the bark *Sea Bride*, in the Port Louis (Mauritius) *Commercial Gazette*:

CONSULATE OF THE U. S. OF AMERICA, MAURITIUS, February 17, 1864.

Messrs. Houdlette & Perkins,

GENTLEMEN—As you have expressed a desire for a brief statement of the circumstances relating to the *Sea Bride* and her cargo, which have excited some interest in commercial circles within the last few days, I take great pleasure in transmitting you the same which you are at liberty to use in any manner you may think expedient.

The bark *Sea Bride*, of 447 tons register, owned by C. F. WHITE, of Boston, was captured by the *Alabama* on the 5th of August last, just at the entrance of Table Bay. It is a question yet to be settled whether the *Sea Bride* was not in neutral waters—within three miles of the shore when captured. It is certain that had an action ensued between the captor and an American man-of-war at the point where the capture was made, many of the shot must have been sent far over land, and inflicted no inconsiderable injury.

Subsequently the *Sea Bride* was taken to Angra Pequina, into which harbor—if that be, as is now alleged, within British jurisdiction—she was admitted in direct contravention of the Treaty of 1794. There she was transferred to one ELMSTONE (THOMAS or CHRISTOPHER, for both names are given; and whether two persons are meant, or both names belong to one person, or one name be a convenient *alias*, is uncertain). This ELMSTONE is connected with (generally supposed to be a partner in) the house of R. GRANGER & Co., of Cape Town. A part of the *Sea Bride's* cargo was landed on Penguin Island, under the direction of the said ELMSTONE assisted by other parties hailing from the Cape. The vessel was also disfigured in various ways; her own name and port painted out and the name *Hellen* or *Helene Hamburg* painted in, her hull painted black with white ports, and her royal masts cut away. Afterward the vessel put to sea under the command of one CLOETE or CLOUTE, having the said ELMSTONE or his alias on board as supercargo. In due time the *Sea Bride* arrived at Foulpointe, where the aforesaid ELMSTONE chartered the brig *Reward* of this port to convey hither that portion of the *Sea Bride's* cargo which yet remained on board her. A large part of this cargo was transhipped directly from the *Sea Bride* to the *Reward*, which vessel, having received her lading, started on her voyage toward this island. But having sprung a leak, the *Reward* was forced to put into St. Marie where she was condemned, and the merchandise stored. The said ELMSTONE came to Mauritius and induced the owner or agent of the *Reward* to charter the French bark *Sirène* to proceed to St. Marie for the aforesaid merchandise. The said *Sirène* reached this port, with the said goods on board, on the 9th inst., which goods, be it understood, *have never been adjusted lawful prize by any competent Court*. They are now landing from the *Sirène* and storing in the warehouse of Messrs. BLYTH, BROTHERS & Co.

All the facts in the case, with ample evidence to substantiate the same, were laid before the Colonial Government previous to the arrival of the *Sirène*, and a demand made for the seizure and restoration of the merchandise to its original and lawful owners. This demand was based on the ground that no title can vest in captured property previous to its condemnation; that the introduction of any such property into a British port is expressly prohibited by the Treaty of 1794; that the appropriation of it is piracy; and that His Excellency the Governor of Cape Colony has, on Consular demand, restored a part of the very same cargo of the *Sea Bride* which was taken there. This application, I am sorry to say, His Excellency the Governor of Mauritius declines on the ground that recent instructions would not justify it. It thus appears that the Governors of these colonies interpret their instructions very differently—if, as is to be presumed, both have received the same instructions.

But though the Governor may decline to interfere officially, there is a moral interference which every honorable and high-minded merchant of Port Louis is at perfect liberty to give. For *the appropriation of uncondemned captured property*, the civilized world long since agreed to regard as PIRACY. Nearly two hundred years ago, Capt. KIDD, of infamous memory, was executed at Tyburn for precisely this offence—an offence committed in these very seas. It remains to be seen whether his offence is, at this late day, to be repeated with impunity. It remains to be seen whether the merchants of Port Louis, or any of them, and especially any who hold official position bestowed by foreign powers, are disposed to soil their hands and their consciences by endeavoring to share in the proceeds of this stolen American property—whether by complicity, direct or indirect, with the original purloiners, they are willing to participate in their guilt—willing to stand before the world as so doing. That some of them are not I know—they would spurn the bribe. Before any shall decide thus to compromise themselves, I wish they might take into grave consideration the following pregnant words of Earl RUSSELL in his address at Blairgowrie: "In my opinion the name of England *would have been forever infamous if, for the sake of interest of any kind, we had violated the general laws of nations*, and made war with those slaveholding States of America against the Federal States."

I have the honor to be, gentlemen, your most obedient servant,

W. R. G. MELLEN, United States Consul.

A Curious Secret Circular.

PROOFS OF REBEL PLOTTING IN 1860.

Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., Tuesday, April 19, 1864.

I have to-day come in possession of a secret circular, issued at Charleston five months before the firing on Sumter. The document is genuine. It is signed by one of the wealthiest and ablest lawyers of South Carolina, and the copy which I inclose to the *Tribune* was addressed to one of the most prominent and influential citizens of Alabama—a Huntsville rebel whom Gen. LOGAN ordered south of our lines.

It should be borne in mind that this circular was issued before the meeting of the Congress of 1861-62—before the introduction of the Crittenden resolutions—before the Peace Congress. Yet now, after nearly three years of unparalleled war, you find incompetent officers and unworthy citizens proposing these same "disclaimers and overtures."

The italics in the following copy of the circular are mine:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, "THE 1860 ASSOCIATION," CHARLESTON, Nov. 10, 1860.

In September last, several gentlemen of Charleston met to confer in reference to the position of the South in the event of the accession of Mr. LINCOLN and the Republican party to power. This informal meeting was the origin of the organization known in this community as "The 1860 Association."

The objects of the association are:

1. To conduct a correspondence with leading men in the South, and, by an interchange of information and views, prepare the Slave States to meet the impending crisis.
2. To prepare, print and distribute in the Slave States, tracts, pamphlets, &c., designed to awaken them to a conviction of their danger, and to urge the necessity of resisting Northern and Federal aggression.
3. To inquire into the defences of the State and to collect and arrange information which may aid the Legislature to establish promptly, an effective military organization.

To effect these objects, a brief and simple constitution was adopted, creating a President, a Secretary and Treasurer, and an Executive Committee, specially charged with conducting the business of the Association. 166,000 pamphlets have been published, and demands for further supplies are received from every quarter. The association is now passing several of them through a second and third edition.

The conventions in several of the Southern States will soon be elected. The North is preparing to soothe and conciliate the South by disclaimers and overtures. The success of this policy would be disastrous to the cause of Southern union and independence, and it is necessary to resist and defeat it. The association is preparing pamphlets with this special object. Funds are necessary to enable it to act promptly. "The 1860 Association" is laboring for the South, and asks your aid.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant.

ROBERT N. GOURDIN, Chairman of the Executive Committee.

The Sioux Indians to be Exterminated.

The St. Louis correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* writes that the largest Indian expedition ever fitted out on the continent is now moving toward Idaho, having for its object the subjugation or extermination of the Sioux Indians. The entire business of organizing, equipping and completing this mammoth enterprise has been conducted under Brig.-Gen. SULLY—headquarters in this city.

The expedition will number three thousand cavalry and mounted infantry, with eight or ten pieces of cannon, and such a force of friendly Indians, consisting of Maudans, Bees, Crows, Delawares and Shawnees, as Gen. SULLY can secure, to act either as scouts, spies or warriors. The object is to rid the entire territory west of the Missouri River of the hostile savage, and leave it free from danger for the occupation of the thousands of enemies flocking to the district where gold and silver abound.

Gen. SULLY will establish infantry posts from Idaho to the Missouri River and across to Minnesota, and he fully intends to make no half-work of the undertaking. It is quite significant that the Government takes unusual interest in this Indian expedition, the secret of which, if not found in the rich mines of Idaho, will hardly be found elsewhere. It is manifestly to the interest of the Government to protect the emigration of miners to Idaho, and this can only be done by an enterprise as large and powerful as that committed to the experience of Gen. SULLY. The General suggested to the War Department the idea of using a number of the rebel prisoners now in our hands as soldiers in this expedition, but no communication was received in return, and the presumption is the idea was not approved.

Gen. SULLY's opinion that there is good fighting material among the rebel prisoners, many of whom are not only willing but anxious to take the oath of allegiance, is probably correct; also that the use thus made of them would serve to break them into a practical allegiance to the old Government again; but the War Department probably concluded that the resources of the North are quite sufficient to achieve all the purposes of the Government, and that its history will present a clearer page by not making any use whatsoever of those who have taken up arms to destroy it. Gen. SULLY will leave for active duties in the field in the course of the ensuing ten days.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

SPECIAL SESSION—THURSDAY, April 28, 1864.

The Board met pursuant to the following call:

NEW-YORK, April 26, 1864.

David T. Valentine, Esq., Clerk Common Council:

SIR: You are hereby requested to notify the members of the Board of Aldermen to meet in Special Session, in the Chamber of the Board, in the City Hall, on Thursday next, twenty-eighth instant, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of transacting such public business as may come before the Board.

JACOB M. LONG, Alderman Seventeenth District.
JOHN McCOOL, Alderman Fifth District.
PETER McKNIGHT, Alderman Eighth District.
JOSEPH SHANNON, Alderman Sixth District.
PETER MASTERSON, Alderman Thirteenth District.
LEWIS R. RYERS, Alderman Ninth District.
GEO. A. JEREMIAH, Alderman Tenth District.
MORGAN JONES, Alderman Second District.
JOHN FOX, Alderman First District.

Present—John T. Henry, President; Aldermen Fox, Jones, McMahon, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long.

PETITIONS.

By the President—
Of the Orphan's Home for a donation.
Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By the President—
Remonstrance of property owners, against sewer in Fifth-avenue, from Fifty-fourth-street, &c.
Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

By the President—
Remonstrance of property owners against repaving West Eleventh-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, with Belgian pavement.
Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By the President—
Petition of Hose Company number Nineteen, to have their hose carriage rebuilt.
Which was referred to the Committee on Fire Department.

By Alderman Masterson—
Petition of Church of St. George the Martyr, to be relieved from assessment for opening Madison-avenue.
Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

RESOLUTION.

By Alderman Ottiwell—
Whereas, The recent action of the proprietors of some of the principal lines of omnibuses, in increasing their rates of fare, in some instances one hundred per cent., imperatively demand of the hands of the Common Council some action that will effectually guard the rights and interests of the public, and that will interpose between the exactions of this class of public carriers and those of our citizens who are compelled to use their vehicles; and,

Whereas, the Charter of the City, both ancient and modern, original and as amended, reposes in the corporate authorities certain rights, privileges and immunities, among the most important of which is the control of the streets, avenues, lanes and highways within the corporate limits of the City, embracing the entire Island of Manhattan; vesting in said corporate authorities the right to determine by whom and in what manner such streets, avenues, lanes and highways shall be used for the public benefit; and

Whereas, the right to run vehicles for carrying passengers in the streets of this City is a valuable franchise, and should be used by the City authorities in such manner as to conduce in the greatest degree to the advantage of the City Treasury and our tax-payers. A due regard for the right of others to the unobstructed use and occupation of the streets and public highways, being at the same time observed by the City authorities; be it therefore

Resolved, That a joint Special Committee of three members of each branch of the Common Council be appointed for the purpose of taking into consideration the advantages or expediency of disposing at public auction and to the highest bidder, subject to such restrictions and regulations as may be imposed by the Common Council, of the right to carry passengers in stage coaches or omnibuses, through the streets of this City, either along the routes of the present stage lines or others to be designated by the City authorities; also that such Special Committee report upon the propriety of interdicting the travel of stage coaches or omnibuses for carrying passengers in or through any of the streets south of Chambers-street; and further that such Special Committee make such suggestion and recommendation touching the subject hereby committed for their examination, as in their judgment may be relevant to the question, and of importance sufficient to warrant the early action of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Ottiwell—
Whereas, The charter or grant from the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York to Abraham Berry and John J. Hicks, to establish and maintain a ferry from Pier number thirty-five, East River, New-York, to Williamsburgh, Long Island, affirmed and dated December fourteen, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, the terminus of which said ferry was by resolution approved July twenty-three, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, changed to James-slip, New-York, and Hunter's Point, Long Island, provides, among other things, that such lessees of said ferry, their heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, shall not, during the term of said lease, which expires December fourteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, charge or receive, as rates of ferriage for passage, and for vehicles and the transportation of goods, a sum to exceed that of the Peck-slip Ferry; and

Whereas, Such lessees or other persons now operating said ferry from James-slip and Hunter's Point, now are and for some time past have been charging and receiving for ferriage on said ferry, rates in excess of those charged by the Peck-slip ferry, as provided in the lease thereof; be it therefore

Resolved, That the Comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to notify the lessees or proprietors of said ferry that they are required strictly to conform to the provision of their lease; and in the event of a non-compliance with such notification then that the Comptroller be, and he is hereby duly authorized, empowered and directed to exact or enforce the penalty contained in the provision in their lease aforesaid, which is as follows: Provided always and these presents, and the premises hereby demised are upon this express condition, that if it should so happen that the said yearly rent, or any part thereof, should be behind and unpaid for the space of ten days after any day of payment, in which the same or any part thereof ought to be paid as aforesaid; or if the said party of the second part, (the lessees) their executors, administrators or assignees, shall neglect to pay, perform, fulfill and keep any or either of the payments, articles, covenants, clauses, provisions, agreements, matters and things herein contained, which on their part are to be paid, performed, fulfilled, observed and kept during the term aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of these presents, that then, and in every such case and cases, it shall and may be lawful to, and for the said parties of the first part, (the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York,) their successors and assignees, to enter into and upon the premises hereby demised, and to have, possess and hold the same as fully as though these presents had not been made, anything herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.
Which was laid over.

By Alderman Fox—
Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the erection of a house for the use of Engine Company Number Fourteen, on the site recently purchased by the Common Council for said company.
Which was referred to the Committee on Fire Department.

By Alderman Masterson—
Resolved, That permission be and is hereby granted to Vivian & Heaney to exhibit goods in front of their place of business, number six hundred and thirty-seven Eighth-avenue, such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

By the President—
Resolved, That permission be and hereby is given to Patrick O'Brien, to keep a fruit stand on the sidewalk opposite number three hundred and forty-six Bowery, the permission hereby granted to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Adopted, and sent to Board of Councilmen for concurrence.

By Alderman Fox—
Resolved, That permission be and is hereby granted to Ellen McLaughlin to keep a shutter-box on the sidewalk opposite her premises number two hundred and seventy-three Hudson-street, to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Fox—
Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to build a new carriage for Hose Company number eighteen.
Which was referred to the Committee on Fire Department.

By Alderman Fox—
Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to place gas lights in the Round House in the Park.
Which was adopted and sent to Board of Councilmen for concurrence.

By Alderman Fox—
Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Messrs. Leak, McHugh and Shilek to receive and deliver goods in front of their premises, number eighty-four Fulton and forty-seven Gold-street, said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Fox—
Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to have an iron gate placed on the Battery railings, opposite number seventeen State-street, on the east side of the Battery.
Which was laid over.

By Alderman Fox—
Resolved, That permission be and hereby is given Dennis Scully, to place and keep a small fruit-stand on the northeast corner of Broadway and Wall-street, the permission hereby given to continue only during the will and pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Hardy—
Resolved, That the curb and gutter stones be set and reset in Thirty-eighth-street, from the Eleventh-avenue to the North River, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was laid over.
Subsequently resumed and referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Masterson—
Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to William Clark to flag the sidewalk in front of his premises, number fourteen hundred and seventeen Broadway, the same to be done at his own expense.
Which was adopted and sent to the Board of Councilmen this evening.

By Alderman Ryers—
Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Michael Reynolds to keep a stand on the northwest corner of Nineteenth-street and Sixth-avenue.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Ryers—
Resolved, That the sidewalk opposite number two hundred and twenty-three West Eighteenth-street be flagged forthwith, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman McMahon—
Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Department be and they are hereby authorized and directed to repair the carriage way of Cherry, Monroe, Madison and Henry streets, immediately.
Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Kelly—
Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Mosely & Company, to place a small sign in front of their premises, number one hundred and six Third-avenue, said permission to continue during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—
Resolved, That the Corporation Counsel be requested to take measures for an application to the Superior Court, for the opening of Seventy-ninth street, from the Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, according to law.
Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Hardy—
Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to set and reset, at the earliest possible day, the curb and gutter stones on Fortieth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, wherever the same may be necessary, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be and is hereby adopted.
Which was referred to Committee on Streets.
Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

By Alderman Hardy—
Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be directed to furnish for the office of the Corporation Attorney an Alum Patent Fire-proof Safe.
Which was laid over.

By Alderman Ottiwell—
Resolved, That Irving-place, from Fourteenth to Fifteenth-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.
Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

By Alderman McKnight—
Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Owen Keenan to construct and maintain a watering-trough in front of his premises, at the northeast corner of Second-avenue and Seventy ninth-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was laid over.

By Alderman Ottiwell—
Resolved, That Church-street, from Thomas-street to Duane-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.
Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Long—
Resolved, That the pier at the foot of One Hundred and Fourteenth-street, Harlem River, be repaired, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was referred to the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

By Alderman Ottiwell—
Resolved, That the curb and gutter stones in Church-street, from Thomas to Duane-street, be reset where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Ryers—
Resolved, That permission be and is hereby granted to Michael Reynolds to have and keep a stand on the northwest corner of Nineteenth-street and Sixth-avenue, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Ryers—
Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to renumber West Thirty-second-street, from Fifth-avenue to the North River.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Long—
Resolved, That One Hundred and Fourteenth-street, from Avenue A to the Harlem River, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Ottiwell—
Whereas, By virtue of the resolution of the Common Council, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, by a deed bearing date the twenty-ninth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, conveyed to "The Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans in the City of New-York," the lots of land situated on the westerly side of Fifth-avenue, extending from Forty-third to Forty-fourth streets, and being two hundred and fifty (250) feet deep on each street, to be held by such association, their successors and assigns, forever in fee-simple absolute, upon the following conditions, to wit:

And upon condition that the said association shall erect thereon, within three years from the passage of the resolution of the Common Council authorizing this conveyance, a building or buildings, the plan whereof shall be approved by the Mayor of the City of New-York, and shall and will at all times, if required by the Commissioners of the Almshouse or Common Council, maintain, clothe and keep twelve colored pauper children without any charge to the said City; and that the orphans and inmates who shall be supported and maintained by the said institution in the buildings so to be erected shall be taken from and belong to the City. And upon the further consideration that they shall not sell, dispose of or incumber the same, but shall forever keep the same for the same purposes contemplated by the charter of the said association; and in case of a violation of either of these conditions, the parties of the first part may reënter and repossess themselves of the said property as in their former right; and

Whereas, The said association have fully complied with all the said conditions, and erected, as thereby required, buildings as an asylum for Colored Orphans, which buildings were destroyed by a mob on the thirteenth day of July last; and

Whereas, It would be greatly for the advantage of the City, and of said association, that the said institution should be removed from its present situation; and

Whereas, The trustees of the said association have pledged themselves that if they are enabled to sell the said lots they will faithfully devote the proceeds of such sale to the erection and maintaining of new buildings on the Island of New-York, north of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, and will always devote the same to the true purposes contemplated by the charity of their association, complying with all the requirements of the above-mentioned conveyance; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of this City, in consideration of the premises, and of one dollar to them paid, do hereby forever release to the said association, its successors and assigns, the condition of the said conveyance restraining the said association from selling or disposing of the said lands; and that the Mayor and Clerk of the Common Council be and they are hereby authorized and directed to make and execute all necessary papers to release of record such condition to the said association, and to confirm the title of such association in fee.
Which was adopted by the following vote:
Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Henry, McMahon, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—11.

By the President—
Resolved, That the ordinances herein named be and they are hereby amended by striking out the names of Charles McNeill, Jacob F. Oakley and William A. Dooley, and inserting instead thereof the words, "The Board of Assessors," viz.:

Ordinance that One Hundred and Twelfth-street, from Second to Third-avenue, be regulated, graded, the curb and gutter stones set therein, and the sidewalks flagged a space of four feet wide, where not already done. Approved June thirteen, eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

Ordinance that the sidewalks on the south side of Fifty-fifth-street, between Broadway and Eighth-avenue, be flagged and reflagged where necessary; approved October seven, eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

Ordinance that the sidewalks on the north side of Thirty-second-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, be flagged; approved December eleven, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Ordinance that Ninety-fourth-street, from Fourth to Fifth avenue, be regulated and graded; approved January three, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

Ordinance that Fifty-third-street, from Broadway to Seventh-avenue, be regulated and graded, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the centre thereof; approved April twenty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.
Which was adopted.

By the President—
Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to J. W. Wallack to build an inclosed balcony in the rear of his theatre, in Fourth-avenue, to extend over the area line, said permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Hardy—
Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby requested to procure and furnish for the information of the Board, a statement of all the judgments now remaining of record against the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Jeremiah—
Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Joseph Sissions to keep a small stand for the sale of fruit in Astor-place, southwest corner of Fourth-avenue, during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Hardy—
Resolved, That the Committee on National Affairs be and they are hereby authorized and directed to procure for and present to the Eighteenth Regiment, Cavalry, New-York State Volunteers, Col. J. J. Byrne, a stand of regimental colors, at an expense not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars, such amount to be charged to the appropriation for City Contingencies or any other appropriate account.
Which was laid over.

By Alderman Hardy—
Resolved, That the Comptroller be authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Joel W. Mason for the sum of one hundred and sixty dollars, amount paid by him for music furnished the Sixth Regiment National Guard on the occasion of the reception of the Russian naval officers.
Which was laid over.

By Alderman Jeremiah—
Resolved, That permission be and hereby is given to Messrs. Haight Brothers, to erect a tin awning in front of their premises, number three hundred and eighty-nine Bowery, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Long—
Whereas, An ordinance was adopted to regulate, grade and flag Ninetieth-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues; and
Whereas, The curb and gutter stones require to be reset, and such requirement was not included in the ordinance; therefore be it
Resolved, That the ordinance for regulating and grading Ninetieth-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, be amended by adding the following, to wit: and the curb and gutter stones be reset, where necessary.
Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Masterson—
Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be constructed under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in Seventy-fourth-street, commencing at the westerly side of Fifth-avenue; running thence through and along Twenty-fourth-street to the East River, interior bottom line of the sewer at Fifth-avenue and Twenty-fourth-street, to be constructed at an elevation not exceeding thirty-six feet ten inches above tide-water.
Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

By the President—
Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Bruce & Cook to receive and deliver goods on the sidewalks in front of their premises, numbers one hundred and eighty-six, one hundred and eighty-eight and one hundred and ninety-two Water-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was adopted.

By Alderman Long—
Resolved, That the curb and gutter stones be set and sidewalks flagged on the west side of Tenth-avenue, from One Hundred and Fifty-first-street to One Hundred and Fifty-fifth-street, and crosswalks laid, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.
Which was laid over.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, transmitting a statement of disbursements to families of volunteers for fortnight ending April sixteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.
Which was received and ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, transmitting amount of receipts by Sixth and Eighth Avenue Railroad Company for January, February and March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.
Which was received and ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner, transmitting statement of the first quarterly report of the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.
Which was received, and the usual number of copies ordered to be printed in document form.
(For which see document No. 13.)

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner, transmitting a statement of the apportionment of assessment for extending Madison-avenue.
Which was received and ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner, transmitting a statement of the apportionment of assessment in the matter of Central Park extension.
Which was received and ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, transmitting certified copy of the City tax law; also, draft of an ordinance making the appropriation in conformity with said law.
Which was received and laid over.

REPORTS.

The Committee on Fire Department presented a report concurring to grant Engine Company number Fifty-three a new location.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Fire Department presented a report concurring with the Board of Councilmen granting a new house for Hose Company number Thirteen.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Public Health presented a report concurring to fence vacant lots on the east side of Second-avenue, between Forty ninth and Fiftieth streets.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to flag the sidewalks in front of numbers three hundred and fourteen, three hundred and twenty, three hundred and twenty-two, three hundred and thirty-two, three hundred and forty-six, three hundred and fifty-two, three hundred and fifty-four West Thirty-sixth-street, the full width.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report concurring to pave Thirtieth-street, from First to Second-avenue, with Belgian pavement.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to pave the gore of land on the west side of Centre-street, between Reade and Duane streets, with Belgian pavement.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report, to have a running basin and culvert on the southeast corner of Allen and Houston streets.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report, concurring to build a sewer in Clinton-street, between Delancey and Rivington streets.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in East Thirty-ninth-street, between First and Second avenues.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report, concurring to pave Fourth-avenue, from Thirty-eighth to Forty-third streets, with Belgian pavement.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report, to pave Forty-sixth-street, between Sixth and seventh avenues, with Belgian pavement.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report, to regulate and grade Avenue A, from One Hundred and Fourteenth-street to the Harlem River.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report, to regulate and grade Fourth-avenue, from One Hundred and Ninth to One Hundred and Sixteenth streets.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report, for regulating, grading, curbing, guttering and flagging One Hundred and Twenty-third street, from the Third to the Fourth avenues.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report, to curb, gutter and flag the Eleventh-avenue, from the Bloomingdale Road to One Hundred and Thirty-first-street.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to regulate and grade Sixth-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street to the Harlem River.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report, to lay a crosswalk across the Second-avenue, at its termination with One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report, to open the Second avenue from One Hundred and Twenty-ninth to One Hundred and Thirty-second-street, according to law.
Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report, to open One Hundred and Thirty-first-street, from the Fifth to the Eighth avenues, according to law.
Which was laid over.

The Special Committee appointed for the purpose reported in favor of a parade ground for the First Division.
Which was laid over.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Chipp moved to discharge the Committee on Arts and Sciences from the further consideration of a resolution directing the Clerk of the Common Council to provide for the members of the present Common Council the usual badges of office.
Which was carried.
And the paper was laid over.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Resolution, that permission be given to Manahan & Miller to receive and deliver goods in front of their premises number ten Spruce-street.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to Terence Sheridan and James Deering to regulate and grade in front of their premises, corner of Tenth-avenue and Lawrence-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that Thirty-eighth-street be renumbered from Fifth-avenue to the Hudson River, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Resolution, that permission be given to Peter Mather to place a show-case in front of his premises, number eight hundred and ninety-one Broadway, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to James H. O'Neil to place a sign in front of his premises, number four hundred and eighty-one Pearl-street, to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to Israel Kahn, number three hundred and thirteen and one-half Grand-street, to exhibit a show case on the sidewalk in front of his premises, said permission to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.

Resignation of Edward Moloney as a Commissioner of Deeds, with resolution that William Colligan be appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in place of Edward Moloney, resigned.
By Board of Councilmen, resignation accepted and resolution adopted.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution permitting G. L. Schuyler to place a sign in front of his premises.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution to lay gas mains in Sixty-second-street, between Second-avenue and East River.
Which was concurred in.

Preamble and resolution relating to the will of the late James H. Roosevelt in relation to the establishment of a hospital for sick and diseased persons.
Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

Resolution, that Fifty-first street, from Fifth-avenue to East River, be renumbered, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that Samuel Newell be appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York.
Which was referred to Committee on Salaries and Offices.

Resolution, that the Clerk of the Common Council be directed to prepare the Annual Manual of the Corporation for the present year, and cause nine thousand to be published under his direction and supervision; the number of copies thus printed to be distributed as follows: two thousand copies to be reserved for distribution by the Clerk of the Common Council to Heads of Departments, &c.; three thousand five hundred copies to the Board of Aldermen, and three thousand five hundred copies to the Board of Councilmen.
Which was laid over.

Resolution permitting Michael Cavanagh to keep a vegetable stand at five hundred and twelve Greenwich-street.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution to secure the building lately occupied by the Sanitary Fair in Union-square for a temporary hospital.
Alderman Ottiwell moved to lay the papers on the table.
Which was carried on a division by the following vote:
Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Henry, Shannon, Jeremiah, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—8.
Negative—Aldermen McMahon, McCool, Chipp, Hardy—4.

Resolution rescinding the ordinance providing for the appointment of an Inspector of City Railroads.
Which was lost on a division by the following vote:
Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Shannon, Chipp, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell—7.
Negative—Aldermen Henry, McMahon, McCool, Kelly, Long—5.
Subsequently, on motion of Alderman McMahon, the above vote was reconsidered and the paper laid over.

Resolution, that Mr. James, at number four hundred and seventy-seven Eighth avenue be allowed the privilege of exhibiting a show-case in front of his premises during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to Otto H. Coop to keep a stand in front of his store, number seventy four Columbia-street, corner of Rivington, to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to Henry J. Marks to place an awning in front of his premises, number two hundred and ten Rivington-street, to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to Edward Fitzgerald to set curb and gutter stones and flag sidewalk in front of his premises on one hundred and twenty-third-street, between First-avenue and Avenue A, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to James Heffernan to keep a newspaper stand on the northeast corner of James-slip and South-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to Messrs. McDermott and Curnan to exhibit goods in front of their premises, number three hundred and eighty-eight Third-avenue, the privilege to remain in force during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to John J. Bruen to erect a target and keep an air-gun stand on Burling-slip, to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to the Neptune Iron Works to receive and deliver goods in front of their premises in Eighth-street, to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council, provided the same does not obstruct the street.
Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that the Comptroller be directed to draw

his warrant in favor of the Tenth-street Ferry Company, for the sum of forty-five dollars, being for ferriage of the Sixty-ninth Regiment New-York National Guard, on the occasion of the funeral of General Corcoran, and charge the same to the appropriation for contingencies.

Which was laid over.

Resolution, that the Committee on National Affairs be authorized to procure a stand of colors for the Tenth Regiment, New-York Volunteers, now organizing for three years or during the war, being one of the City regiments, and one of the first regiments in the field, the same not to exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars.

Which was laid over.

Resolution, that the Committee on National Affairs be directed to procure for the use of the Ninety-third Regiment New-York State National Guard, a stand of regimental colors, the expense not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars, such amount to be charged to the appropriation for City Contingencies.

Which was laid over.

Preamble, reciting that a resolution passed the Common Council (Board of Aldermen, December fourteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; Board of Councilmen, December fourteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; approved by the Mayor, December fifteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; authorizing the Comptroller to draw his warrant in favor of Patrick Dunn, for fitting up poll of Tenth Election District, Twentieth Ward, for December election; that Patrick Dunn ever fitted up the poll and therefore is not justly entitled to the same, with resolution that the said resolution in favor of Patrick Dunn, be repealed and rescinded.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution to renumber West Tenth-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Resolution that permission be given to George Petre to erect and maintain a wooden awning in front of his premises, southwest corner of Twenty-first-street and Third-avenue, said privilege to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that Houston-street, from Avenue D to the Bowery, be paved with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen, in adopting resolution that Eighty-sixth-street, from Avenue A to East River, be regulated, &c.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Hayes, McMahon, Shannon, Clapp, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Long—10.

Negative—Alderman Ottwell—1.

Resolution, that the following ordinance be amended by striking out the name of Charles McNeil, and inserting in lieu thereof the name of Loren Jones, as an assessor, therein:

Ordinance to regulate and grade Seventieth-street, from Broadway to Hudson River; approved April twenty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Ordinance to regulate and grade Sixty-first-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues; approved December ten, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

Ordinance to fix numbers of houses in One Hundred and Twelfth and One Hundred and Fourteenth streets and First and Second avenues; approved November five, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Which was adopted.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalks of One Hundred and Sixteenth-street, between Fifth-avenue and Harlem River, be made thirty feet wide, and that the owners of property thereon be granted permission to inclose fifteen feet in width of the said sidewalks, so widened, for court-yards, the Corporation reserving the right to revoke said permission when, in their opinion, the necessities of the City may require it, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Fox moved that when the board adjourn, it do adjourn to meet on Monday next, second proximo, at two o'clock P. M.

Which was carried.

On motion, the board then adjourned.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION—THURSDAY, April 28, 1864.

2 o'clock, P. M.

The Board met, pursuant to adjournment, in their chamber, number sixteen City Hall.

Present—James Hayes, Esquire, President, in the Chair, and the following members:

Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Councilman Cook—

Resolved, That the pier at the foot of Forty-ninth-street, East River, be repaired immediately, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Healy—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to cause a red ball, five inches in diameter, to be painted on the pane of glass on the nearest lamp to every fire-hydrant within the fire limits of the City forthwith.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

By Councilman Healy—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to confer with the proprietors of the late Sanitary Fair, in order to secure the premises lately occupied by them in Union-square, for the purpose of donating the same for a temporary hospital or depot for the reception of our gallant soldiers, being in response to a communication of General Dix, the same being in a central locality, and, with slight alterations, well adapted for the purpose.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman McGrath—

Resolved, That the ordinance approved December seventeen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, providing for the erection of an engine-house of City Railroads, be and the same is hereby rescinded and repealed.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

Negative—Councilmen Riley, Webster—2.

By Councilman Russell—

Resolved, That the resolution and ordinance passed by the Common Council in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, to build a sewer in Fifty-sixth-street, between First and Second avenues, be amended so as to read "commencing three hundred and sixty feet east of Second-avenue, to connect with the sewer in Second-avenue."

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

Councilman Gross moved that such vote be reconsidered.

Which was lost.

By Councilman Jaques—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Alexander Waugh to put up shutter boxes in front of his premises numbers two hundred and two hundred and two Ninth-avenue, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Gross—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be requested to report to this board, at its next meeting, the amounts in detail paid to the several newspapers during the past year for advertising the proceedings of the Common Council; also, what amount of advertising has been done this year by the newspapers for the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Joyce—

Resolved, That West-street, between Battery-place and Chambers-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.

By Councilman Joyce—

Resolved, That Forty-ninth-street, between Eighth and Tenth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Belgian Pavements.

By Councilman Heffernan—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Messrs. Pierce, Kenworthy & Beevey, to receive and deliver goods in front of their premises, number three hundred and fifty-seven West-street, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Heffernan—

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Department be directed to place a fire hydrant in East Nineteenth-street, between Avenues B and C, the same to be done forthwith.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Joyce—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Mary McGarity to place and retain a small stand on the southwest corner of Fifty-ninth-street and Sixth-avenue, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Riley—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Michael Cavanagh to keep a vegetable stand in front of his premises, number three hundred and twelve Greenwich-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Schaefer—

An ordinance for the construction of receiving-basins and culverts between West Fourteenth and West Twenty-sixth streets, on Eleventh-avenue.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Hagerty—

An ordinance to amend the revised ordinances of 1859, in relation to bell-ringers.

Which was laid over.

REPORTS.

Report of the Committee on Fire Department, with resolution directing the Street Commissioner to sell to the United States Government the engine formerly used by Engine Company Number Thirty-one.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on Fire Department, in favor of granting a new truck to Hook and Ladder Company number Nine.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, with resolution

That Thirty-second-street, between Second and Third avenues, be paved with Trap-block pavement, the property owners on the line of the improvement to pay one-half the expense and the City the remaining half.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on Finance, in favor of paying the bill of F. Garrick, for the use of his building by Engine Company number Twenty-one.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on National Affairs, with resolution that the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrants in favor of sundry persons for services rendered to the Committee on National Affairs in extending a proper reception, on behalf of the City authorities, to the First, Fourth and Fifth Regiments of New-York Volunteers, on their return to the City after the expiration of their respective terms of enlistment.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution to build a sewer in Manhattan-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues. Also, a sewer in Ninth avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-sixth-street to and to connect with the sewer in Manhattan-street.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on Public Health, in favor of fencing vacant lots on the east side of Fourth-avenue, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second-streets.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on Public Health, with resolution to fence vacant lots two hundred feet west of Eighth-avenue, in Forty-third-street, south side, and flag sidewalks.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on Roads, with resolution that curb and gutter stones be set and sidewalks flagged in Eightieth-street, between Third-avenue and East River.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on Roads, with resolution to have First-avenue, between Sixty-first and Eighty-sixth streets, curbed, guttered and sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on Roads, in favor of paying Fifty-second-street, between Seventh and Eighth-avenues with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on Ordinances, to have the hack-stand, as now established by law, on the corner of Broadway and Canal-street, abolished.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Joyce moved that the Committee on National Affairs be discharged from the further consideration of resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of William McDonald for the sum of one hundred and sixty-five dollars, being the amount in full for funeral expenses of the late Colonel H. F. O'Brien, who was killed during the July riots while in the discharge of his duty, and charge the same to the appropriation of City Contingencies.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

Councilman Joyce moved that the Committee on National Affairs be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on National Affairs of Board of Aldermen, with resolution to pay sundry persons for services rendered during the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

Councilman McGrath moved that the Committee on Belgian Pavements be discharged from the further consideration of resolution that Second-avenue be paved with trap-block pavement, from Houston-street to Twenty-third-street, on each side of the railroad tracks, under the direction and supervision of the Croton Aqueduct Department, one-half the expense thereof to be borne by the City, and the remaining half to be paid by the owners of the property along the line of the proposed improvement, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was lost.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Resolution, that permission be given to Vivian & Heaney to exhibit goods in front of their place of business, number six hundred and thirty-seven Eighth-avenue, such permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be granted to William Clark to flag the sidewalks in front of his premises, number one thousand four hundred and seventeen Broadway, the same to be done at his own expense.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be granted to Michael Reynolds to have and keep a stand on the northwest corner of Nineteenth-street and Sixth-avenue, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Resolution, that the Street Commissioner be directed to place gas lights in the Round House in the Park.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, That permission be given to J. W. Wallack to build an inclosed balcony in rear of his theatre, in Fourth-avenue, to extend over the area line, said permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to Patrick O'Brien to keep a fruit stand on the sidewalk opposite number three hundred and forty-six Bowery; the permission hereby granted to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Resolution, that the Street Commissioner be directed to renumber West Thirty-second-street, from Fifth-avenue to the North River.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

Negative—Councilmen Gross—1.

Preamble and resolution donating to the Colored Half Orphan Asylum the ground whereon their building formerly stood.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

COMMUNICATION.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner, transmitting his first quarterly report for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was received and directed to be printed in document form.

Councilman Webster was here called to the Chair.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Councilman Hagerty called up General Order number one hundred and forty-nine, being a resolution that the Committee on National Affairs be directed to procure a stand of colors and guidons for the use of the Twenty-second Regiment National Guard.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Sixty-seventh-street, from Eighth to Tenth-avenue, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

Councilman Hagerty moved that the board do now adjourn.

Whereupon the President declared that the board stood adjourned until Monday, May 2, at two o'clock P. M.

JAMES M. SWEENY, Clerk.

PROPOSALS.

U. S ORDNANCE AGENCY, No. 45 WORTH-ST., NEW-YORK, April 28, 1864.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL THURSDAY, May 5, 1864, at 4 o'clock P. M., by this office, for the supply of the following, viz.:

10,000 Carbine Cartridge-boxes.
10,000 Carbine Slings.
10,000 Carbine Swivels.
10,000 Sabre Belts and Plates.

The slings, swivels and sabre belts and plates are to be made in all respects, as to material, workmanship and dimensions, in strict conformity with the standard examples which can be seen at this office. The cartridge-boxes are to conform in dimensions and workmanship with the samples deposited at this Agency, and must be made from good quality, pure oak tanned leather. It is distinctly stipulated that this office is to have the privilege of inspecting the work done under any contract it may award, in all stages of its progress, at the shops of the contractors, especially to examine the stock before cutting.

They are to be delivered free of expense to the United States, at the New-York Arsenal, Governor's Island, N. Y., and there inspected, and none are to be accepted or paid for but such as are approved upon inspection.

Bidders will state in their bids the time in which they propose to make deliveries, and each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds, with approved sureties, for its faithful execution. Failure to deliver at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number he may fail to deliver at that time.

No bids will be considered from parties other than regular manufacturers, and such as are known to be fully competent to execute, in their own workshops, the work proposed for.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if deemed unsatisfactory.

Proposals will be addressed, properly indorsed, to Capt. S. CRISPIN, Captain of Ordnance, U. S. Ordnance Agency, No. 45 Worth-st., New-York.

S. CRISPIN, Captain of Ordnance.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the Treasury Department, office of the Supervising Architect, Washington, D. C., until 12 M. of the 1st day of May, 1864, for all the fire and burglar proof safes and vaults required by the Treasury Department prior to May 1, 1865.

Plans and specifications can be obtained by application to this office personally or by letter.

Bids to be per superficial foot, including door and all necessary fixtures, measured on the outside; the price named to cover all charges whatever, except the freight and the actual traveling expenses of workmen to the place where the vaults are to be erected.

Safes to be delivered at the railroad depot or steamboat wharf for transportation, in good order and condition, without charge.

Locks for the Vaults or Safes will be furnished by the department, but must be properly put on by the contractor without charge.

All bids must be accompanied by the bond of two responsible persons in the sum of $5,000 that the bidder will accept and perform the contract if awarded to him; the sufficiency of the security to be certified to by the Collector of Internal Revenue of the District.

The department reserves the right to reject any or all the bids if it be considered its interest to do so, and no bid will be considered that does not conform to the requirements of this advertisement.

Bids to be inclosed in a sealed envelope, indorsed "Proposals for Safes and Vaults."

ISAIAH ROGERS, Supervising Architect.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, TWELFTH AND GIRARD STS., PHILADELPHIA, April 25, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M. on WEDNESDAY, the 4th of May next, for supplying the Schuylkill Arsenal with the following articles:

Army Blankets, wool, gray, (with the letter U. S. in black, 4 inches long, in the centre,) to be seven feet long, five feet six inches wide; to weigh five pounds each.
3-4 Canton Flannel.
7-8 Gray Twilled Flannel.
White Spool Cotton, No. 36 or 38.

Samples of all the above articles will be required.

Bidders must state in their proposals the prices, which must be given in writing, as well as in figures; also, the quantity bid for, and time of delivery.

Bids from defaulting contractors will not be received.

Blank forms for proposals can be had upon application at this office.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Army Supplies," stating the particular article bid for.

G. H. CROSMAN, Asstd. Quartermaster Gen. U. S. Army.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK CITY.

WANTED—HAY, STRAW, CORN AND OATS, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

S. B. BROWN, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

FINANCIAL.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK

No. 4 Wall-st.,

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY AND FISCAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

For the distribution of

THE NATIONAL 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.

This is a forty years' loan at 5 per cent. per annum, *interest and principal, by special act of Congress, made payable in Gold*, and also by special act this loan is *exempt from taxation*.

Parties subscribing at this bank may receive coupon bonds immediately with all the coupons from March 1, by paying the earned interest in currency, adding fifty per cent. for premium on the coin, or they may by little delay receive bonds with interest commencing on the day of subscription.

The same rule will also apply to registered stock, except that it cannot be delivered within some days after subscription.

Parties subscribing either way for redistribution will be allowed ⅛ per cent. commission.

The Secretary of the Treasury instructs this bank as follows:

The first National Bank of the City of New-York, of which you are President, is authorized to receive subscriptions to the National loan of one hundred millions, and it is hoped that its exertions—on the most energetic and active employment of which great reliance is placed—will be attended with complete success.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

To S. C. THOMPSON, Esq., President.

The coupon bonds are of $50, $100, $500, and $1,000 denominations.

Payments may be made in legal tender and National Bank notes, or checks and drafts on any bank in this City, that will pay on demand or at one day's notice.

Address

JAMES CUKPHEY,
Cashier First National Bank,
New-York

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
No. 38 WALL-ST,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
C. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS of '81
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND ORDNANCE VOUCHERS, the NEW U. S. FIVE PER CENT. LEGAL TENDER NOTES, and all GOVERNMENT issues.

BANKS, SAVINGS BANKS and investors will find us prepared at all times to furnish desirable lots of these Securities in large or small amounts.

DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made on favorable terms. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES converted into the 6 PER CENT. BONDS of 1881 on favorable terms.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
In GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NO. 38 WALL-ST.

OFFICE OF
VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.

Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including

U. S. 5.20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS,
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.

MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNES collected or purchased. VERMILYE & CO.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Capital.....$5,000,000

By the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this bank is prepared to receive subscriptions to the NATIONAL TEN-FORTY LOAN, issued under an act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act to provide ways and means for the support of the Government," approved March 3, 1863.

THIS LOAN IS

redeemable after ten and payable forty years from date, with interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum. Interest and principal payable in coin. Subscriptions to the above must be made in lawful money of the United States, and the accrued interest paid in coin or in National currency, adding fifty per cent. premium until further notice. GEORGE OPDYKE, President.

R. G. ROLSTON, Assistant Cashier.

TEN-FORTY LOAN.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,
Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.
NEW-YORK, March 29, 1864.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this bank will receive subscriptions on account of

UNITED STATES BONDS,

authorized by the Act of March 3, 1864, bearing date March 1, 1864, redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after ten years, and payable forty years from date, bearing interest at 5 per cent. a year, payable on bonds not over one hundred dollars annually, and on all other bonds semi-annually, in coin.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds as they may prefer, and will be required to pay, in addition to the amount of the principal of the bonds, in lawful money, the accrued interest in coin (or in United States notes or the notes of National Banks, adding 50 per cent. for premium until further notice,) from the 1st day of March, until the day of subscription and payment; or subscriptions can be made, bearing interest from date, without the payments of interest from the 1st of March, and premium thereon.

The usual commission of one-eighth of one per cent. will be allowed to banks, bankers and brokers.

HENRY A. HURLBUT, President.

A. G. ALLEN, Cashier.

Messrs. WM. & JOHN O'BRIEN, Bankers, No. 40 Wall-st., are authorized to receive subscriptions for this bank.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Wall-st.,
Issue circular Letters of Credit for travelers on all parts of Europe, &c.

TEN-FORTY LOAN OF U. S.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 240 BROADWAY.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this Bank will receive subscriptions for the TEN-FORTY FIVE PER CENT GOLD-BEARING BONDS. A liberal commission will be allowed parties subscribing at this Bank. D. L. ROSS, President.

JOHN H. BROUT, Cashier.

U. S. 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.

CHARNLEY & HATCH, BANKERS,
No. 24 Wall-st.,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS

for the above popular Loan, are prepared to receive subscriptions on the most favorable terms, and to furnish the Bonds and Certificates in the shortest possible time.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES of the various descriptions, BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD, BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
U. S. SECURITIES
of all Descriptions,
purchased and for Sale.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD
bought and Sold on Commission.
COLLECTIONS MADE ON WASHINGTON and all other points of the United States and Canada at low rates and with quick returns.
7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES
converted into 1881 Bonds.
4 PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS made by Banks, Bankers and individuals, subject to draft at sight.

BANK OF COMMERCE, IN NEW-YORK.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this association will be held at the Banking-house, corner of Nassau and Cedar sts., on MONDAY, May 9, at 12 o'clock.

H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

BLACK BAWK
GOLD MINING COMPANY.

MINES—BOBTAIL, GREGORY, &c., LODES, GILPIN CO., COLORADO.

CAPITAL $5,000 SHARES, $100 EACH.

TRUSTEES.
F. H. JUDD, New-York.
W. L. LEE, Colorado.
ANTHONY ARNOUX, New-York.
GEO. BLISS, Jr., New-York.
O. W. CHILD, New-York.
J. E. WILLIAMS, New-York.
J. HALL PHEASANTS, Baltimore.
LEONARD SWEET, Washington.
CARLOS PIERCE, Boston.

President—F. H. JUDD.
Vice-President—W. L. LEE.
Treasurer—WALKER & LAWTON.
Secretary—D. LITTLEJOHN.
Counsel—JOHN S. WOODWARD.
General Director—MYLO LEE.

OFFICE NO. 25 CLIFF ST., NEW-YORK.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Stockholders of the Mariposa Company will be held at the office of the said Company, No. 36 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on the 9th day of May next, at noon, for the purpose of deciding upon the increase, and increasing the amount of the capital stock of the said Company, by an addition of twenty thousand shares to the one hundred thousand shares already issued, making, with such increase, a total capital of one hundred and twenty thousand shares, at the par value of one hundred dollars a share, amounting, altogether, to twelve millions of dollars, in order that the existing debt of the company may be paid, and the mining and other resources of its estate may be more completely and expeditiously developed.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

JAMES HOY,
MORRIS KETCHUM,
GEORGE OPDYKE,
Majority of the Trustees.

NEW-YORK, April 11, 1864.

TRANSFER OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY CO., No. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 23, 1864.

THE PREFERRED STOCK BOOKS OF the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company will be closed on the 15th day of May next.

On all preferred Stock then issued and outstanding, a dividend of one and three fourth per cent. will be paid on the first of June next.

Future dividend days on above stock will be semi-annually, on 1st of December and June.

By order of the Board,
JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

MINING STOCKS,

as well as all other kinds of securities, bought and sold at all the Stock Boards in New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, &c., or otherwise, on commission, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 52 William-st.

OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON LIFE INSURANCE CO., No. 88 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 22, 1864.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION, HELD 6th inst., for sixteen directors, constituting the first class, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected to hold office for three years:

CLEAVTON NEWBOLD,
ROLAND G. MITCHELL,
FREDERICK G. FOSTER,
FRANKLIN F. RANDOLPH,
FREDERIC TRACY,
WILLIAM H. ASPINWALL,
HENRY W. PECK,
GEORGE N. LAWRENCE,
THOMAS H. FAILE,
ABEL A. LOW,
GUSTAV SCHWAB,
WELLINGTON CLAPP,
MERRITT TRIMBLE,
FREDERICK WOOD,
GEORGE R. BABCOCK,
FRANCIS H. SPOTT.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, CYRUS CURTISS, Esq., was unanimously reelected President, and CLEAVTON NEWBOLD, Esq., Vice-President.

W. A. BREWER, Jr., Secretary.

SIX PER CENT. BONDS OF THE CITY OF SYRACUSE.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, SYRACUSE, April 23, 1864.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until SATURDAY, the 7th day of May, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the loan of $20,000 upon the bonds of the City of Syracuse, pursuant to the provisions of the Law passed March 19, 1864, and under the resolution passed by the Common Council April 11, 1864. Bonds to be of $500 each, bearing interest at 6 per cent., payable as follows, viz: January 1, 1865, $2,500; January 1, 1867, $2,500; January 1, 1868, $2,500; January 1, 1869, $2,500; January 1, 1870, $2,500; January 1, 1871, $2,500; January 1, 1872, $2,500; January 1, 1873, $2,500, with semi-annual interest, payable July 1 and Jan. 1, at the Bank of the Commonwealth, in the City of New-York. Coupons due July 1, 1864, will be stamped with the amount due from date of payment. Bids should state the amount proposed to be paid for each one hundred dollars. The Common Council reserve the right to reject any or all bids not deemed for the interest of the city.

EDWARD H. BROWN, Clerk.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, April 16, 1864.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Eighth National Bank of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide a National Currency secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking.

Now, therefore I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Eighth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this sixteenth day of April, 1864.

(Seal of the Comptroller of the Currency.)

HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, Feb. 27, 1864.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled, "An Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking.

Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York, and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 27th day of February, 1864.

(Signed,) HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

THE RHODE ISLAND MINING COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that the first meeting of the Rhode Island Mining Company will be held at the office of David S. Ogden, No. 9 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the 9th day of May next, at 3 o'clock P. M., of said day, for the purpose of transacting such business as shall properly come before such meeting.

H. P. DUNCAN,
DAVID S. OGDEN,
Two of the persons named in the articles of association.

NEW-YORK, April 22, 1864.

AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, NEW-YORK, April 22, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual election for nine Trustees of this Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of May next, at the office, corner of Wall and William sts., from 12 o'clock M., until 2 P. M. The transfer book is closed from this date until May 5.

WM. R. BLISS, Secretary.

EXCELSIOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 130 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 21, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS and Inspectors of Election of this company will be held at their office, on MONDAY, May 2, 1864. The poll will be opened at 12 o'clock Noon, and closed at 1 o'clock P. M.

SAMUEL M. CRAFT, Secretary.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 6 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, March 7, 1864.

PERSONS OWNING OR REPRESENTING steamers, ships, schooners, &c., are requested to send into this office daily the names of all such vessels as they may wish to charter to the Government or have freight for. Their tonnage, standing, rate of charter, &c., will be required.

STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad Company will pay at the agency of the Company, No. 59 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York, on the 30th day of April, 1864, the bonds of the company bearing interest at 10 per cent., and secured by a mortgage to Chester D. Hubbard and Morris K. Jesup, Trustees, and that after that date interest on the said bonds will cease.

M. K. JESUP & CO.,
Agents St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago R. R. Co.

NEW-YORK, March 24, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE SAGINAW VALLEY LAND, SALT AND MINERAL COMPANY, No. 35 Pine-st., NEW-YORK, April 22, 1864.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of the Saginaw Valley Land, Salt and Mineral Company, for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, the 3d of May next. Polls to open at 12 M and close at 2 P. M.

JOHN C. MALLORY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF MARIPOSA COMPANY, No. 36 Wall-st.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE transfer books of the Mariposa Company will be closed on and after SATURDAY next, the 30th inst., and until the 18th day of May next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day. By order of the Board.

NEW-YORK, April 25, 1864.

JOHN WATT, Sec.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD CO., CHICAGO, April 25, 1864.

THE INTEREST COUPONS OF THE Sinking Fund Bonds of this Company, due the first of May next, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of G. S. ROBBINS & SON, No. 54 William-st., New-York.

JOSEPH PRICE, Treasurer.

BANK OF AMERICA.—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Bank of America are hereby notified that the annual election of Directors will be held, at the banking house, on MONDAY, the 2d day of May next, to commence at 12 o'clock, and to close at 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer book will remain closed from the 23d day of April until the morning of May 3.

WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

BROWN BROTHER & & CO.,
Have removed
to premises No. 56 Wall-st.,
FIRE PROOF.

FINANCIAL.

THE ANTHRACITE
GAS LIGHTING AND HEATING
COMPANY,
OF NEW-YORK.

WM. H. APPLETON,
President.

WM. H. APPLETON, O. D. P. GRANT,
ABRAHAM M. COZZENS,
Trustees.